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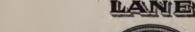
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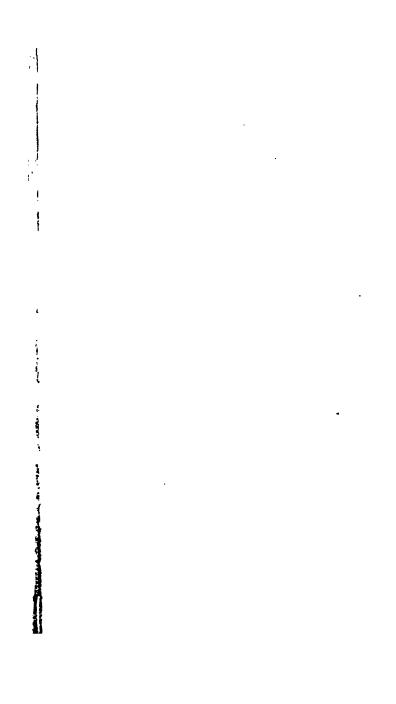






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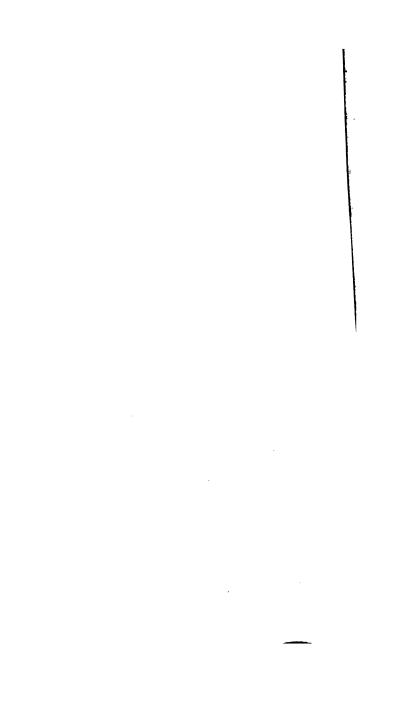












FIRST LESSONS

· IN THE

SYMPTOMATOLOGY

OF

LEADING HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES.

 \mathbf{BY}

H. R. ARNDT, M. D.

PHILADELPHIA.
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Preface.

The little volume now presented to a long-suffering profession is merely a collection of symptoms, pathogenic and clinical, with which a student should become familiar by recitations in the class-room before he enters seriously upon the study of the homœopathic materia medica. The perfect memorizing of these symptoms should constitute the materia medica work of the freshman year; this accomplished, the sophomore will enter upon more advanced study prepared to assimilate the better and to classify the more correctly additional and more important facts presented to him in the lecture-room. By carrying this plan into the third and fourth year of the course—reiterating, adding, enlarging, explaining—the young graduate, thus instructed, will be better qualified for the selection of the indicated remedy than is the average graduate of to-day.

The brief outline, at the top of each remedy, of its sphere of usefulness in the sick-room is almost sure to interest and aid the beginner.

The "regional index" is prepared for quizzing, ready reference and comparative study on part of those who desire to do thorough work.

H. R. ARNDT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Thanksgiving Day, 1903.

112248



ACIDUM MURIATICUM-Muriatic Acid.

(Indicated in low fevers with high temperature, vitiated state of the blood and very great weakness; in typhus and typhoid fever, septic conditions generally, with hæmorrhagic tendency.)

Great restlessness with extreme prostration.

Patient slips down toward the foot of the bed;
must be lifted up every little while.

Pulse rapid, feeble, small; intermits every third beat.

Tongue dry as leather, paralyzed; gums swollen sordes on teeth; breath foul.

Deep, painful ulcerations on the cheek, tongue, throat.

Diffuse redness of the mucous membrane of the mouth, followed by grayish-white exudation.

Involuntary watery stools whenever he attempts to urinate.

Stools mushy, with frequent discharge of offensive flatus and pain in the rectum.

Excessive soreness in rectum and anus; crawling, burning, stinging pain at the anus.

Hæmorrhoidal tumors, blue, hot, and so sore that even the pressure of a sheet cannot be borne; prolapse while urinating.

Eruption on the skin, papular, petechial, with much itching.

ACIDUM NITRICUM—Nitric Acid.

(Indicated in a large variety of affections, especially those of the skin and mucous membrane. In syphilitic disease, as of the bones, mucous membrane, skin, eyes, ears, nose, throat, etc. In ulcerations in different parts of the body, as eye, nose, throat, cheeks, rectum, urethra, genitalia. Anal fissure, coughs, etc.)

Extreme weakness; in the morning, joints and limbs ache; in the afternoon, overwhelming lassitude of the entire body, with great and persistent trembling.

Discharges of the body (urine, fæces, perspiration) very offensive; foul odor of the breath and saliva; fetid sweating of the feet, with 'painful soreness of the toes.

Splinter-like pains, especially at the outlets of the body where the mucous membrane and the skin meet.

Falling out of the hair.

Spongy condition of the gums, with easy bleeding of the gums and foul odor from the mouth.

Head feels as though it were in a vise, from ear to ear, over the vertex; as of a band around the head; as if tightly bound.

Head very sensitive to pressure in spots on which he lies; and to pressure from hat or cap.

Hardness of hearing; better from riding in a carriage.

Crackling in the ears when chewing.

Ozæna, with formation of green crusts; discharge thick, yellow, offensive; great soreness in the nose; splinter-like pain.

Sore throat with splinter-like pain when swallowing.

Constant hawking of mucus.

Urine dark, reddish, offensive (like urine of horses), bloody, albuminous.

Sticking pain in the rectum when at stool; feels sore and chafed after stool; moisture and soreness at the anus and between the nates.

Leucorrhœa; purulent or like weak watery extracts of fresh meat, slightly tinged with blood; very offensive; with soreness of genitalia and much bearing-down.

Body covered with red-brown spots.

Ulceration in various parts (cornea, cheeks, bodily surface, sexual organs, etc.), with pain as though a splinter were run into the ulcer, even when touched never so lightly.

Ulcers bleed from slightest touch.

Large warts, jagged, bleeding easily; sensitive; splinter-like pain.

Worse in the evening and at night; in cold or hot weather.

Better when riding in a carriage (deafness, headache, general condition); in moderate weather.

ACIDUM OXALICUM—Oxalic Acid.

(Indicated in spinal disease, with intense neuralgic pain and tendency to motor paralysis; locomotor ataxia; neurasthenia; angina pectoris; gastralgia; used also in oxaluria with gouty pain.)

Intense pain of rather short duration, in small circumscribed areas. Gastralgia; pain excruciating, causing vomiting; feeling of coldness between stomach and navel.

Angina pectoris with short stitching pain in a small area, worse from slightest motion, accompanied by a sense of numbness.

Spinal pains starting between shoulders, with numbness and weakness in the back and limbs, sharp lancinating pains, and loss of motor power in the limbs.

ACIDUM PHOSPHORICUM. Phosphoric Acid.

(Indicated in conditions of great debility following severe acute sickness, loss of fluids, grief, excesses, etc. Best adapted to those of mild, yielding disposition, inclined to be listless and indifferent; ill effects of masturbation; brainfag; spinal anæmia; palpitation of the heart; caries of spinal vertebræ; typhoid fever; seminal emissions.)

Hair becomes gray early and falls out.

Teeth become yellow; gums are spongy and bleed easily.

Bone-pains at night, as though scraped.

Quiet delirium with stupor; stupor from which he can be aroused; he collects his thoughts with difficulty, answers, and then relapses into stupor.

Weakness and imperfect control of the legs, so he stumbles easily.

Painless, watery, gray or yellow, non-exhausting diarrhœa, preceded by rumbling; worse after eating.

Urine like milk or as though mixed with jelly; decomposes rapidly.

Copious flow of clear, watery urine, precipitating at once a cloud of white sediment.

Lascivious dreams with emissions.

Insufficiency of erection; relaxation of penis during sexual intercourse.

Worse from exertion; from sexual intercourse.

Better from keeping quiet.

ACIDUM SULPHURICUM. Sulphuric Acid.

(Indicated in adynamic conditions with hæmorrhagic tendency, sense of general trembling, craving for, and intolerance of, stimulants; especially in typhoid fever and in diphtheria with very copious exudation. Valuable in vomiting, particularly of old topers. "Sour" odor of the breath and of the body of the patient is characteristic.)

Extreme exhaustion, with sensation of trembling weakness all over, without trembling.

Sensation as if brain were loose in the forehead and falling from side to side.

Is in great hurry; everything must be done quickly; cannot wait.

Gums bleed easily; aphthæ in the mouth.

Petechiæ; purpura hæmorrhagica; hæmorrhage of black blood from the outlets of the body.

Vomiting of food and drink, with craving for stimulants; breath smells sour.

Diarrhœa; stools very fetid; of yellow mucus, like chopped egg; sour odor of the body.

ACONITUM NAPELLUS. Monks-Hood.

(Indicated in sthenic conditions, inflammations, early effects of cold from draught, getting chilled, suppression of perspiration; effects of fright, menstrual suppression, or of intense excitement.)

Hot face, with cold hands and feet.

Great tension, anxiety; fear.

Fear of a crowd, of the future, of the seriousness of his illness; feels sure he will die.

Aggressive restlessness; tumbles about in bed, cannot lie still; sudden startings.

Pulse frequent, hard, wiry.

Great sensitiveness to noises of any sort.

Intolerance of pain; pain of a stitching character in various parts of the body.

Tingling and numbness in (left) face and in parts affected (neuralgia).

Everything tastes bitter, except water.

Intense thirst, relieved by drinking copiously of cold water.

Coldness and pressure in abdomen as from a stone.

Stools green, like chopped spinach.

Bruised pain in the back, as though beaten, with stiffness and numbness extending into the legs; the character of the pain makes him fear that his kidneys are affected.

Urine scanty, hot, with urethral burning and vesical tenesmus.

Coryza; every inhalation of cold air causes a painful sense of coldness in the brain; pressive pain at root of nose.

Cough, dry, croupy; with labored breathing. Worse from going from warm into cold room.

Taste of blood in the mouth when coughing. Hot feeling in lungs. Hawking, followed by bloody expectoration.

Burning heat of the body.

Heat and dryness of inflamed parts.

Worse in the warm room; in the evening; at night; from lying on the affected side; from tobacco smoke.

Better in the open air.

ÆSCULUS HIPPOCASTANUM. Horse Chestnut.

(Indicated in the treatment of hæmorrhoids, associated with severe backache; recommended for follicular inflammation of the posterior pharynx.)

Despondent, irritable mood.

Heaviness and lameness in the back.

Constant dull backache; can hardly walk, stoop or rise.

Sensation of small sticks in the rectum.

Hæmorrhoids, with itching and sense of dryness or fulness in the rectum.

Leucorrhœa, with lameness across back and hips, rendering walking difficult and painful.

ÆTHUSA CYNAPIUM—Fool's Parsley.

(Indicated in gastro-intestinal diseases of children, with great nervous involvement, violence of all the symptoms and intolerance of milk.)

Violence of all the symptoms.

Great heat, without thirst.

Profuse sweating; desires to be covered while sweating.

Linea nasalis; face expresses great anguish.

Remarkable intolerance of milk. As soon as swallowed, it is thrown up in heavy curds.

Diarrhoea, thin, yellow, greenish; stools contain masses of curdled milk. Stools preceded by colic; followed by exhaustion and drowsiness.

Vomiting with sweating and great anguish.

Drowsiness after vomiting or stool.

Worse in the middle of the afternoon; in the evening; during hot weather.

Better in the open air; when fussed with.

AGARICUS—Bug Agaric.

(Indicated in hysteria, chorea, spinal irritation and neurotic states generally, with jerking, trembling, itching.)

Twitching of the eye-lids.

Twitching in the face, mouth, muscles of neck, abdomen, extremities.

Trembling of the hands; general trembling; gouty stiffness of the fingers.

Pain in the lumbar region, worse from sitting. Itching of the toes and feet as though frostbitten.

AILANTHUS—Chinese Sumach.

(Indicated in low adynamic states, with great prostration and with livid, purplish appearance of the skin. Has proved very valuable in malignant scarlet fever.)

Child stupid, semi-conscious; does not understand; muttering delirium; stupor, restlessness.

Head burning hot, with fever and anxiety.

Face hot, dark livid, covered with livid rash.

Tongue dry, parched, cracked.

Eyes congested; pupils dilated.

Enlargement of parotid and cervical glands; sensitiveness of.

Throat swollen, painful, purplish; foul ulcers in the throat; frequent hawking of mucus.

Stools watery and offensive.

Skin of face and of entire body covered with livid, purplish eruption, disappearing on pressure, returning slowly.

ALLIUM CEPA—Red Onion.

(Indicated in coryza, with hoarseness, acrid discharge from the nose and harsh, splitting cough.)

Catarrhal headache, chiefly frontal, worse in the warm room, toward evening.

Eyes sore, smarting, sensitive to light; lachrymation.

Sneezing when entering a warm room.

Copious, watery and exceedingly acrid nasal discharge.

Tickling in the larynx, with hacking cough upon inspiring cold air.

Tightness in the throat and oppressed breathing.

Violent cough, with the sensation as though the larynx would split to pieces; croupy cough.

Intense pain in the back of the neck.

Derangements of appetite incidental to having a cold, with strong craving for raw onions.

Worse in a warm room, in the evening. Better in a cool room; in the open air.

ALOE—Gum of Aloe.

(Indicated in intestinal disorders, hæmorrhoids and conditions characterized by portal congestion.)

Dull, pressing headache above the eyes, with mental apathy.

Abdomen full, heavy, bloated.

Abdominal flatulency, copious, burning, pressing downward and causing severe colicky pain.

Abdominal colic, relieved from passing (hot) flatus.

Sense of "insecurity" when passing flatus.

Loss of power of sphincter ani; must hurry to the closet.

Even solid stool passes almost unnoticed.

Stool watery, jelly-like, with great amount of flatus.

Severe griping pain before and during stool; stool followed by relief of pain and by great weakness.

Burning in the anus and rectum.

Worse early in the morning, desire for stool driving him out of bed; from eating and drinking; in hot, dry weather.

Better in the open air; from discharge of flatus; from local use of cold water.

ALUMINA—Aluminum Hydrate.

(Indicated in persons of low vitality, of advanced years; in chronic nasal and post-nasal catarrh, with dryness of the mucous membrane; sore throat of public speakers; painter's colic. Dryness of the mucous membrane and inactivity of the rectum are characteristic.)

Takes cold easily.

Throat raw, dry, rough, especially in the morning; scraping in the throat, obliging him to cough; frequent clearing of the throat.

Colic; worse from eating potato.

Loss of appetite; sour eructations; craving for starch, chalk and other indigestible things.

Constipation, with soreness and bleeding of the rectum.

Inactivity of the rectum; straining with soft stool.

Straining at stool in order to urinate.

Stool accumulates in the rectum because of lack of desire (and inability) to expel it.

Stools hard, knotty, covered with mucus, followed by bleeding and cutting pain in anus.

General dryness of the skin, with intolerable itching and scratching until the skin bleeds; on getting warm in bed.

Worse on alternate days; in the afternoon; in the warm room; from eating potatoes.

Better in the open air; from lying down.

AMMONIUM CARBONICUM. Sal Volatile.

(Indicated in affections of children and elderly people, nervous, of lymphatic temperament; particularly useful in the treatment of catarrhal affections, coughs, bronchitis, etc.)

Very sensitive to the open air.

Great aversion to water.

Stoppage of nose at night; cannot breathe through the nose.

Nose bleeds easily; when washing the face; in the morning; from eating.

Ozæna, with copious discharge of bloody mucus.

Tip of nose looks red.

Cough of elderly people, rattling, loose, yet difficult to raise anything; after much effort raises mucus, at times slightly tinged with specks of blood.

Night cough, worse at 3 or 4 o'clock A. M.; from tickling in the throat, as though there were dust in it.

Breathing oppressed; aggravated by slightest exertion and by entering a warm room.

Thick, red rash all over the body, like scarlet fever rash.

Burning, acrid leucorrhœa, watery; aversion to sexual intercourse.

Menses copious, black, too early, clotted, with sense of great exhaustion and chilliness.

Worse from cold; from being washed; on the right side; from 3 to 4 A. M.

Better from lying on the affected side or on the stomach; in dry weather; from external pressure.

AMMONIUM MURIATICUM. Sal Ammonia.

(Indicated chiefly in diseases of the respiratory organs, with much prostration; in fat, bloated persons of lax fiber and of indolent, sluggish habit. Body large and fat; leg, too thin (H. N. Guernsey). "Its periods of aggravation are peculiarly divided as to the bodily region affected; thus the head and chest symptoms are worse mornings; the abdominal in the afternoon, the pain in the limbs, the skin and febrile symptoms in the evening" (Wm. Boericke).)

Acrid, hot, watery coryza, corroding the lips. Soreness of the nose, as though ulcerated. Itching. Annoying sense of obstruction, with constant but unavailing efforts to get relief by blowing the nose.

Hoarseness and burning of the larynx.

Throat swollen internally and externally, with fulness in the tonsils and difficulty of swallowing.

Sore spot behind the uvula, better from eating.

Dry, hacking cough, loose in the afternoon, with rattling and copious raising of mucus.

Burning of small spots in the chest.

Icy coldness between the shoulders, not better from covering warmly.

Chronic congestion of the liver.

Constipation of hard, crumbling stool, covered with mucus; after stool, smarting and soreness in the rectum.

Diarrhœa of green, mucous stools (occur also during menses).

Menstrual flow too early, profuse, dark, clotted, especially copious at night; the feet ache while menstruating.

Leucorrhœa like the white of egg, with colicky pain about the navel.

After urinating, brown, slimy discharge from the vagina.

Pain in the coccyx, as from a bruise, when sitting or lying down.

Worse from lying on the back, after eating, after cold drinks, in the morning, when getting up.

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ANACARDIUM ORIENTALE. Marking Nut.

(Indicated chiefly in neurasthenia, hypochondriasis, neurotic conditions. Marked impairment of memory, disturbed mental condition, and special expressions of the neurotic state elsewhere, as in the digestion, with sensory disturbances, call for its use.)

Impaired memory; forgets everything quickly; is greatly troubled by the loss of memory.

Tendency to use profane and vulgar language on every occasion.

Distrust of everybody; hypochondriasis; memtal irresponsibility and fickleness of purpose.

Sensation as of a hoop or band around a part. Sensation as though a plug were pressing in different parts of the body (head, eyes, ears, chest, abdomen, etc.).

Eats and drinks as though in a great hurry.

Headache, promptly, but only for a time, relieved by eating; better when lying down to go to sleep; worse from effort and motion.

Constipation: feels as though a plug in the rectum were preventing the expulsion of the stool.

Intense itching of the skin, eruption resembling that of poison oak.

Worse from lying on the side; from talking; from hot water; from rubbing and scratching.

Better from eating.

ANTIMONIUM CRUDUM. Stibnite; Sulphuret of Antimony.

(Indicated in gastric disturbances of children who are inclined to get fat and are subject to skin troubles; often useful in rheumatic and gouty pains and in chronic diseases due to the suppression of an eruption.)

Excessively irritable, fretful, sulky.

Child cannot bear to be touched or looked at; objects to being washed.

Face covered with pimples; cracks in the corners of the mouth; yellowish crusts on cheek and chin.

Tongue coated thick white, as though covered with milk or whitewashed.

Moist eruption on and behind ears.

Finger-nails split easily; horny growths under the nails.

Horny excrescences over the body.

Gums spongy; bleed easily.

Appetite abnormal; craves acids and pickles.

Constant belching of gas.

Diarrhœa, watery, slimy, windy; stools mixed with hard lumps.

Cough from tickling in the chest, worse from going into a warm room.

Thick, hard scabs over the body; on the chin; bleed when touched.

Skin covered with pimples and vesicles.

Soles of feet very sensitive; horny growths on the feet.

Worse in the evening; when heated; in the heat of the sun; from cold bathing.

Better in the cool, open air.

ANTIMONIUM TARTARICUM. Tartar Emetic.

(Indicated chiefly in affections of the respiratory tract; in small-pox.)

Great lassitude and drowsiness.

Sawing respiration.

Child anxious; clings to others; wants to be carried about; is touchy, does not allow itself to be handled.

Face pale, expressive of distress; distorted, cold, livid; twitching of the face.

Skin cold; covered with clammy, sticky perspiration.

Tongue thinly coated white, with red papillæ; red, in streaks or dry in the median line.

Throat filled with mucus, making breathing difficult.

Cough with loud bubbling râles; rattling in throat and lungs.

Rattling of mucus; child seems choking to death; cannot relieve itself of the phlegm.

Cough excited by eating and by outbursts of temper. Often terminates in copious vomiting of mucus and prompt relief.

Pustules on the body, leaving a bluish-red mark; they develop slowly and are slow in passing through suppuration.

Worse in a warm room; from lying down at

night; during damp cold; from change of weather.

Better from throwing up mucus; from expectorating; from sitting upright; from keeping still; in the cold, open air.

APIS MELLIFICA—Honey Bee.

(Indicated in eruptive fevers, especially in scarlatina; in diphtheria; in inflammatory affections, particularly in those of erysipelatous tendency; in dropsies with absence of thirst and scanty urination; nephritis. Very important in the treatment of post-scarlatinal dropsy. Used in intermittent and other fevers; in ovarian diseases; in certain coughs, with much dyspnœa.)

Stinging pains, like bee stings, followed by burning, changing from place to place; painful to touch.

Boils and swellings, with stinging pain.

Tired, as if bruised all over.

Bag-like swelling under the eyes.

Œdematous swellings in different parts of the body.

Enlargement and induration of glands with stinging pain.

Tongue feels raw, sore, scalded; red and hot at the tip.

Dropsy without thirst; scanty urine.

Great dyspnœa, as if every breath would be the last.

Deep ulceration in the throat, with erysipelatous or œdematous borders.

Painful, scanty urination, with burning before and during micturition.

Fever without thirst.

Irritation in supra-sternal fossa, provoking cough.

Tickling in a little spot on the posterior pharynx, exciting cough which stops as soon as a bit of mucus is raised.

Severe concussive cough; it painfully jars the head, so he must bend the head back and hold it to relieve the severity of the shock.

Diarrhœa of yellow-green stools, in the morning, with abdominal soreness.

Enlargement and burning-stinging pain in the ovaries, especially right.

Bearing down as if menses would appear, followed by scanty discharge of black mucus.

Chill from 3 to 5 o'clock P. M.; it runs down the back and is worse in a warm room and near the stove

Worse on the right side; after sleeping; in a hot, close room; from getting drenched; at night, toward morning.

Better in the open air; from bathing parts in cold water; from uncovering; during the day, when sitting up.

APOCYNUM CANNABINUM. Dog's Bane; Indian Hemp.

(Indicated in all forms of dropsy, with inactivity of the kidneys, strangury, and irritability of the stomach.)

Dropsy with great thirst; drinking causes distress in the stomach and vomiting.

Irritably of the stomach; sickening feeling and sinking at the stomach; oppression, rendering breathing difficult.

ARGENTUM METALLICUM—Silver.

(Indicated in affections of the larynx, chiefly catarrhal inflammation, hoarseness, cough, and in affections of the joints.)

Neuralgic headache, recurring daily, leftsided, temporal; vertigo.

Hoarseness and aphonia, in professional singers.

Cough, excited by laughing.

Raw spot over the supra-sternal fossa.

Weakness of the (left) chest.

Rawness and soreness in the upper larynx when coughing; not felt when swallowing.

Viscid, jelly-like mucus in the larynx, coughed up in the morning.

Easy expectoration of substance looking like boiled starch.

Bruised, drawing pains in the joints.

Worse when sitting still; from abuse of mercury; from touch or pressure; from using the voice.

ARGENTUM NITRICUM. Silver Nitrate.

(Indicated in chronic hoarseness of singers; in gastric ailments characterized by much gastric flatulency and noisy belching up of gas; diarrhœa; spinal diseases; trembling and weakness of legs; neurasthenia; chorea; hysteria; affections of the eyes, with burning heat, photophobia, copious muco-purulent discharge; early stage of gonorrhœa.)

Face aged, withered, bluish.

Pains increase and decrease gradually.

Always in a hurry.

Great longing for fresh air.

Great desire for sweets.

Apprehension and dread of meeting people, of being in a crowd. Going to some public entertainment brings on diarrhœa.

Erroneous perception; as to time, minutes seem hours; as to gait, a slow gait seems fast.

Feeling as though the affected parts were expanding.

Headache, relieved by tightly bandaging the head, with creeping, crawling sensation in the scalp.

Great heat in the eyes; it dries up the eyelashes.

Ophthalmia, with soreness and swelling of the

lids, photophobia, heat in the eye, purulent discharge, agglutination of the lids in the morning. Ophthalmia neonatorum.

Itching in the nose; rubbing brings on bleeding.

Coughing when singing a high note; chronic hoarseness.

Ulcerative pain in the throat, with sensation as of a splinter in the throat.

Gastralgia; pain confined to a small spot between xyphoid cartilage and umbilicus, with sensitiveness to pressure, radiating into the back, shoulders, hypochondria.

Pain in the stomach, relieved by pressure with the clinched fist.

Excessive gastric flatulency; seems as though stomach would burst; gas belched up with great difficulty and much noise.

Diarrhoa, green like spinach, in flakes, as soon as he drinks or eats sweets.

Ulcerative soreness in the middle of the urethra as from a splinter. When passing the last drops of urine, cutting pain from the posterior urethra to anus.

Unsteadiness in walking and standing, seemingly from weakness and unreliability of the legs.

Worse from cold food; from sweets; from mental exertion; at night.

Better in the open air; when the wind blows in his face; from belching up of gas.

ARNICA MONTANA. Mountain Arnica.

(Indicated in troubles connected with receipt of some injury, or from the excessive use of some part of the body: after severe labor. The sense of soreness and of being bruised all over is characteristic, as well as the dread of being approached, seen in gout.)

The bed on which he lies feels too hard; he must change position constantly.

Sore, lame, bruised feeling all over, as though beaten.

Fears being touched; dreads having anyone come near him.

Feels sore and bruised in the hips, hence cannot walk erect.

Oversensitiveness to pain

Head hot, the rest of the body cool.

Internal heat, with coldness of hands and feet.

Thirst during chill.

Taste as from a bad egg; pressure in the stomach as from a stone.

Stools offensive, brown, putrid, bloody; after stool exhausted, so he is obliged to lie down.

Skin covered with itching, burning, small pimples and boils.

Black and blue spots on the body.

Worse from rest; from lying down; from wine. dampness, cold.

Better from lying with the head low; from contact and motion.

ARSENICUM ALBUM—Arsenious Acid.

(Indicated chiefly in diseases of a grave character, with the mental symptoms peculiar to the remedy, thirst, restlessness, exhaustion after even slightest exertion, and aggravation after midnight. It is a valuable remedy in fevers, coryza, asthma, gastric and intestinal affections, including cholera, and in inflammation in almost any part of the body. Frequently called for in gangrene, carbuncle, lupus, all malignant ulcerations or destructive processes; in dropsy, neuralgia, hay fever, poisoned wounds, ptomaine poisoning, ill effects of chewing tobacco, alcoholic excesses, and in all malarial affections.)

Face pale, sunken, cachectic, cold, covered with cold sweat; eyes sunken; agonized expression.

Great anguish; despair; fear of death; suicidal tendency.

Great and rapidly progressing emaciation, with exhaustion of the vital forces (cachexia; malignancy).

Great restlessness; is constantly moving about in bed, though very weak; with dry and hot (or cold) skin and thread-like pulse.

Icy coldness of the body.

Sleeps with the hands over the head.

Adynamic fevers with pronounced periodicity.

Pulse small, rapid, intermittent.

Great thirst; drinks little at a time, but often; stomach symptoms are worse from drinking cold water; it either causes vomiting or lies heavily, like a stone, upon the stomach.

Acrid coryza, with stoppage of the nose.

Excessive dyspnœa; thinks he must die; is forced to sit up so he can get a breath (asthma).

Great dyspnœa; scanty expectoration of transparent viscid, frothy mucus; worst at 3 A. M.; with violent palpitation of the heart and inability to lie on the back (asthma).

Eructation of bitter, sour substance, irritating the throat as though from an acid.

Nausea, retching, vomiting, with great prostration after eating or drinking. Vomiting of water, mucus, bile, blood; followed by great prostration and severe pain in the stomach.

Burning pain, as though from a live coal, in the affected part (carbuncles; stomach; abdomen).

Diarrhœa of dark-brown stools; of cadaverous, carrion-like odor; worse from eating or drinking.

Cutting, colicky pain in the abdomen, with sense of coldness within.

Diarrhœa like chopped egg, horribly foul, preceded by restlessness and anguish, followed by great prostration and burning in the rectum. Every effort is followed by great exhaustion; when lying still he is less conscious of his weakness.

Vomiting and purging at the same time.

Burning pain in the rectum and anus (hæmorrhoids).

Urine scanty, dark, albuminous.

Chilliness without thirst; wants to be near a stove.

Heat with thirst, great exhaustion and anxiety.

Dry, bran-like, scaly eruption, with itching and burning, worse from scratching.

Ulcerations, with burning pain; better from external warmth; chilliness with the pain.

Worse after midnight; from scratching eruption; from cold drink or food, especially from iced water or ice-cream; from alcohol; from eating fruit; from wine; from exertion.

Better from external warmth; from lying with the head high; near the warm stove.

ARUM TRIPHYLLUM. Jack-in-the-Pulpit, Indian Turnip.

(Indicated chiefly in scarlet fever, with irritating discharges, causing raw, bleeding excoriations. In clergyman's sore throat.)

Acrid, ichorous discharges from the nose; nostrils and lips sore, cracked, bleeding.

Saliva profuse, acrid, excoriating the parts it touches; worse from exposure to sharp wind.

Excessive soreness of the mouth, throat, corners of the mouth; the child picks at it constantly; refuses to eat on account of the soreness.

Nose obstructed; must breathe through the mouth.

Swelling of the submaxillary glands; throat raw and swollen.

Voice uncertain; hoarseness.

Rawness of the skin anywhere; spot soon becomes bloody; scarlet rash.

ASA FŒTIDA.

(Indicated in complaints with great gastric flatulency and nervous excitability. Especially useful in the treatment of hysterical cases, suffering much from gastric flatulency and resulting palpitation of the heart. Important also in syphilitic affections, especially of the bones, with pronounced sensitiveness and night-pains.)

Globus hystericus.

Discharge of fetid, green, purulent matter from nose and ears.

Great sensitiveness and aching in the bones; periosteal swelling and pain.

Fatty taste; loathing of food; nausea.

Great difficulty in bringing up gas from the stomach; conscious that the eructation of flatus would relieve.

Great oppression in chest and about the heart, with prompt relief from belching gas.

Ulcers on wrist, hands, forearm, near the bone, with thin, ichorous discharge, better from being rubbed.

Darting, throbbing, tearing pains, from within outward.

Worse on the left side (ear, neck, abdomen, extremities).

Better in the open air; from belching gas; from motion.

AURUM-Gold.

(Indicated in ailments from grief, disappointed love, deep mortification; in syphilitic affections and in diseases due to abuse of mercury; in diseases of the small bones, with characteristic pain and soreness; in glandular swellings of scrofulous persons; induration of uterus and testicles; foul Frequently there is presnasal catarrh, ozæna. ent great sexual hyperæsthesia, with mental and sexual excitement, begetting a state, essentially hysterical, in which the patient becomes excessively moody and crushed by a sense of unworthiness and unfitness to live: hence talks about self-destruction as the only means of escape. Acts best in young women of light complexion, inclined to plumpness.)

Great mental depression; talks of committing suicide. Often accompanied with cerebral congestion and sexual furor.

Profound depression, followed by sudden, but temporary, cheerfulness.

Hypersensitiveness of special senses.

Great sensitiveness to pain and cold.

Fitful appetite, with tendency to ravenous eating at times.

Violent headache, congestive, with sparkling eyes, flushed face, mental and sexual excitement.

Pain about the eye, in the bony structures, ex-

tending from above downward, into the eye-ball. Better from cold applications.

Salivation without tenderness or ulceration of the gums.

Fetid odor, like old cheese, from the mouth; in young girls at puberty.

The headache, eye-symptoms, symptoms in the ear and face, accompanied with characteristic bone-pains in the affected regions, with much tenderness to pressure.

Nasal discharge fetid, bloody, purulent, with putrid odor from the nose and boring pains in nasal bones.

Affections of the mastoid, with fistulous openings and sinuses. External meatus of the ear bathed in pus.

Hard swelling of the inguinal glands, with drawing pain from the groin into the thigh.

Chronic induration of the testicles.

Hard swelling of the cervical glands, worse from touch.

Violent palpitation of the heart, with rush of blood to head and chest; great anxiety; coldness of hands and feet; rapid, feeble, irregular pulse.

Asthma from congestion in the chest; restle: sness and anxiety, starting in the region of the heart, driving him from place to place; cannot stay anywhere. Aching in stomach and abdomen, with coldness of hands and feet.

Urine looks like butter-milk; decomposes quickly; of ammoniacal odor; more fluid passed than drunk.

Uterus prolapsed and indurated.

Burning-itching in the vagina, inducing selfabuse; parts sensitive.

Uterine affections tending toward induration, with drawing, shooting pain.

Worse in the morning; in cold air; in the winter; when obliged to be quiet; from abuse of mercury.

BAPTISIA TINCTORIA—Wild Indigo.

(Indicated in continuous fevers, etc., with depraved state of the blood, excessive prostration and marked muscular soreness; in diphtheria with severe constitutional symptoms.)

Face cachectic, besotted, dirty; breath putrid.

Tongue coated yellowish-brown; dry in the centre; edges red; cracked, sore; sordes.

Drowsy; goes to sleep before finishing a sentence.

Brain feels sore.

Pulse compressible.

Foulness of excretions.

Tenderness and soreness of the parts on which he is lying.

Wandering, muttering delirium; cannot go to sleep because she thinks parts of her body are scattered and she must put the pieces together.

Utter indifference.

Livid spots over the limbs and body.

Stools diarrhæic, foul, dark, bloody.

Chill about 11 o'clock A. M.

Throat foul, ulcerated, and as though it must be very painful; but the patient scarcely complains of it.

BARYTA CARBONICA. Carbonate of Baryta.

(Indicated in the ailments of scrofulous children, physically and mentally backward, with enlarged tonsils and other expressions of scrofulous tendency. Useful in diseases of men of advanced years, timid, easily tired, giving evidence of commencing physical deterioration. The latter frequently suffer from hypertrophy or induration of the prostate or testicles.)

Dwarfed state of body and mind.

Hardness of hearing; the glands about the ears are swollen and painful.

Swelling of the submaxillary glands and parotids.

Enlargement and suppuration of the tonsils, worse after every slight cold.

Hard distension of the abdomen; colicky; tendency to constipation; stools hard and knotty.

Fetid foot-sweats: cold, clammy feet.

Perspiration of one side.

Worse from washing.

Better from walking in the open air.

BELLADONNA—Deadly Nightshade.

(Indicated in active congestion in any part of the body, especially cerebral; in inflammation not fully localized.)

Congestion with hot and flushed face, staring eyes, throbbing carotids, great mental excitement.

Pulsations of blood vessels; hears them when trying to go to sleep and is kept awake by them.

Irritation of special senses; eyes sensitive to light; ears to loud sounds; hallucinations of smell.

Violent delirium; seeks to escape; strikes; bites; tears things to pieces; with heat, redness and throbbing.

Headache, congestive, throbbing, with sense of fulness; worse from light, jar, noise, lying down; better from pressure and in semi-erect position.

Headache from having hair cut; from exposure to hot sun.

Vertigo when stooping or rising, with inclination to fall backward or to the left.

Tongue white with red edges; red; strawberry tongue.

Throat sore, worse on the right side; constant inclination to swallow; difficulty of swallowing,

especially liquids, which often return through the nose.

Abdomen hot, distended; cutting pain; feels as though the internal parts were firmly clutched by a strong hand, causing severe pain; with intolerance of touch, jar or pressure, even of the bedclothes.

Stools green, thin; in lumps like chalk.

In women, labor-like pain, with pressure downward as though the pelvic contents would issue through the vagina.

Hæmorrhage of hot, bright-red blood. Menses too early, too profuse.

Cough short, dry, tickling; barking; convulsive; with pain and soreness in the larynx. Bubbling sensation near the heart.

Skin dry, hot, red; eruption uniform, brightred, disappearing under pressure of the finger and returning again when the finger is removed.

Pain increases gradually until intense, then suddenly ceases, to recur in same manner.

Preference for the right side.

Worse from touch, jar, noise, from lying down, from having hair cut, from exposure to hot sun.

Better in a semi-erect position.

BERBERIS VULGARIS—Barberry.

(Indicated in kidney troubles, with pain in the back, extending to different parts, sometimes difficult to locate; the pain is stitching, jerking, lancinating, tearing. Also in diseases of the liver, with indigestion, vomiting of food, soreness of the liver, bilious colic, gall-stone colic, and jaundice. In lumbago, the pain extending from the back around the body and down the legs, with bright-red urine containing mucous sediment.)

Nausea before breakfast.

Pain in the small of the back, radiating to different parts of the body.

Soreness to touch in the renal region; urine very red.

Rheumatic pains in the arms, shoulders, legs, feet.

Lumbago.

Stitches in the back, in the renal region, worse from motion (respiration), extending into the abdomen, hip, loins, bladder, etc.

Pain in the thigh and loin when urinating.

Stitching pain in the liver, gall-bladder, in front of the kidneys, radiating to different parts of the body; deep in the ilium.

Urine bright-red, containing thick mucus; mealy sediment.

Diarrhœa, painless, clay-colored.

Skin itches and burns; worse from scratching; small boils and pustules.

Worse from motion; from fatigue; from scratching.

BISMUTH—Subnitrate of Bismuth.

(Indicated in gastric and intestinal affections in persons of lymphatic, torpid constitutions; in children. Gastric catarrh; gastralgia; painless diarrhœa, with great thirst; cholera infantum.)

Face pale, earthy, as though he had just passed through a severe illness; with blue rings around the eyes.

Great languor; does not want to be left alone; ill-humored.

Thirst for cold drinks in the evening, though he does not feel hot.

Gastralgia; pain extends from the stomach through the body to the spine.

Gastralgia; pain in one spot; pressing, as from some heavy substance.

Severe, convulsive, agonizing pain in the stomach; often with vomiting and purging.

Vomiting with great anxiety, small pulse, vertigo and prostration.

Eructations of gas after drinking water.

Sense of emptiness in the stomach.

Intestinal flatulency; cadaverous smell of flatus and stools.

Better from cold drinks, but when the stomach is full, vomiting of surprisingly large amounts.

BORAX.

(Indicated in diseases of children, especially in aphthous sore mouth, usually accompanied with diarrhœa; here the nervous dread of the downward motion is a reliable indication. Has been highly recommended in epilepsy and membranous dysmenorrhœa.)

Child cannot bear downward motion, as in swinging, rocking, being carried downstairs. For the same reason it awakens, when fast asleep, as soon as the nurse puts it into bed.

Anxious expression of the face; easily frightened; nervous.

Sensitiveness to sudden noises.

Feeling of cobwebs on the face.

Hair rough and frowzy; cannot be combed smooth; gets into snarls; splits; sticks together.

Granulated eye-lids; lashes are gummed together in the morning; eyes are sore and itch in the canthi.

Mouth hot and tender; aphthæ; ulcers in the mouth, tender and bleed easily when touched; on account of the sore mouth the child refuses to nurse or eat.

Diarrhœa of soft, light yellow, slimy, pappy stools. Diarrhœa of green stools in children.

Sterility.

Leucorrhœa like the white of egg and with a

sensation as though there were an escape of warm water.

Worse from downward motion; from sudden noises; in warm weather.

Better from pressure; in the evening; from cold water,

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BROMIUM—Bromine.

(Indicated in respiratory troubles, chiefly those affecting the larynx and trachea; especially adapted to children of fair, delicate complexion and scrofulous diathesis, subject to spasmodic cough. In croup; occasionally in asthma.)

Coryza, with pressure at the root of the nose; nostrils raw and sore.

Great hoarseness.

Sensation of coldness when inspiring, provoking cough. Spasmodic cough, with rattling of mucus, without choking.

Oppression of the chest; difficult and painful breathing.

Worse in the early part of the night; in a warm room.

Better from exercise.

BRYONIA ALBA. Wild Hops; Wild Turnip.

(Indicated in indigestion, with bilious derangements; constipation; headache with vertigo and gastric disorders; diarrhœa, particularly during hot weather; bronchitis, pneumonia, coughs; fevers tending toward a typhoid state; rheumatic affections; inflammation of serous and synovial membranes; effusions into serous and synovial membranes. Suited to persons of dark complexion, vigorous constitution, lean, of firm fibre, of rather irritable disposition.)

Dryness of mucous membrane.

Mental irritability.

Delirium; talks about affairs of the preceding day and of business.

Headache; bursting, splitting, pressing from within outward; often occipital. Worse from slightest motion, even moving the eyeballs.

Headache, stitching, throbbing, in forehead, extending backward, down the neck, shoulders and back.

Mouth dry, with bitter taste.

Tongue heavily coated white, yellowish, dark brown; dry.

Thirst for large draughts of water.

Vomiting of bilious, watery substance immediately after eating.

Stomach sensitive to touch; pressure as from a hard stone, especially after eating; soreness in stomach when coughing.

Constipation of hard, large stools; stools dry as though burnt.

Abdominal tenderness, worse from motion (coughing, breathing, pressure).

Urine scanty, hot, dark, like beer.

Heat and painful hardness of breast.

Cough; dry, tickling in throat; worse at night; with feeling as though he must expand the chest in order to breathe.

Cough with tickling sensation in epigastrium, worse when coming into warm room.

Cough, with gagging, though not sick at the stomach, and sudden vomiting of food.

Stitching pain in the chest, worse from motion, interfering even with breathing.

Chest feels as though it would fly to pieces; relieved by strong pressure from without.

Expectoration rust-colored, tough, like lumps of jelly.

Joints hot, red, swollen, with pain worse from pressure and motion.

Fever with great thirst and acid sweats.

Chewing motion of the jaws (fever).

Worse from motion, pressure, warmth; in the morning, when first moving about; during hot weather (diarrhœa); cough worse from eating, drinking, coming into a warm room.

Better from lying on the painful side; from rest.

CACTUS GRANDIFLORUS. Night-Blooming Cereus.

(Indicated in affections of the heart and circulatory system, with a sense of painful constriction. Used chiefly in hæmorrhages (nose, lungs, stomach, rectum, bladder), headache, menstrual affections, and in neuralgia, angina pectoris, etc.)

Congestive headache, with sense of distended blood vessels in the head and a feeling as though the head were compressed in a vise.

Headache with pulsations in the ears.

Sense of constriction in heart, œsophagus, stomach, bladder, uterine region.

Dyspnœa, with sense of constriction about the heart, as though an iron band were pressing it, or as though an iron hand were grasping it.

Palpitation of the heart, with pain shooting down the left arm; at approach of menses; angina pectoris.

Fear of death.

Dysmenorrhœa, with dark, pitch-like flow, pulsating ovarian and uterine pain, palpitation of the heart, and sense of constriction in the affected parts.

Menstrual flow ceases when lying down.

Worse on the left side; from physical exertion; when going upstairs.

CALCAREA CARBONICA. Carbonate of Lime.

(Indicated in the treatment of almost every disease resting upon a constitutional basis expressed in the leucophlegmatic temperament and the ailments to which it predisposes. Among these may be named: derangements of nutrition; glandular affections; catarrhal disorders; indigestion; diarrhœa; constipation; menstrual derangements; coughs and many serious diseases of the respiratory organs; gall-stone colic; affections of the nervous system, including the psychoses; tumors, polypi, and a long list of other phases of morbid action, all characterized by symptoms peculiar to this remedy.)

Children of fair complexion; large; with flabby skin, large, open fontanelles, perspiring so freely about the head that they keep the pillow wet on which they are resting.

Patients, especially women, easily exhausted from slight physical exertion, though they may look vigorous; tired from going up stairs; get breathless, so they must sit down and rest.

Discouraged; fears she never will get well; that she will become insane; that others are noticing that she is losing her mind.

Great sensitiveness to cold air.

Feet always cold and damp; feel as though the stockings were wet; soles of feet raw. Takes cold at every change of weather.

Headache; heavy; from within outwards; one part at a time. Feeling of heat and congestion alternates with sense of coldness.

Hallucinations of smell; thinks he smells gunpowder, bad eggs, compost.

Nasal catarrh with fetid, yellow discharge and offensive odor in the nose.

Otorrhœa, muco-purulent, with glandular enlargement, crackling and stitching, pulsating pains in the ears.

Sour taste; sour eructations; sour diarrhœa.

The epigastric region appears as though 'caved in,' with protruding abdomen of drumlike hardness.

Great longing for (hard-boiled) eggs, marked in children who are convalescing.

Aversion to meat and hot food (boiled); craves indigestible things, as starch, pencils, sweets. Milk does not agree with him.

Indigestion, with morbid, ravenous hunger.

Abdomen bloated, hard, with incarcerated flatulence and cutting pain; swelling of inguinal glands.

Diarrhœa of undigested food, pale, watery, sour.

Constipation of large, hard stools, or of stools first hard, then pasty, then thin and watery.

Aching, burning, jerking in the rectum.

Chest very sensitive to pressure and touch.

Cough at night; worse from dampness.

Cough, with oppression on the chest and soreness in the sub-clavicular region. Tight at night, loose in the morning and forepart of the day, with free, yellow expectoration.

Cough with expectoration, during the day only, of thick, yellow mucus; bloody expectoration.

Tendency to uterine displacements.

Menses too early, too profuse, too protracted, with dizziness and cold feet; flow returns from least excitement.

Leucorrhœa, milky, copious, with burning itching; of little girls.

Itching and burning of genitalia in both sexes. Urine dark-brown, fetid, with white sediment.

Worse in cold air; water; from washing; damp weather; in the morning; from ascending; during full moon.

Better from dry weather; lying on painful side; fresh air; after lying down; from loosening garments

CAMPHORA—Gum of Camphor.

(Indicated in cholera and cholera morbus, and in attacks of diarrhœa which in violence suggest the choleraic state. A few whiffs of camphor in the early stage of a cold often break it up.)

Intense, uncontrollable anxiety.

Face as though he were approaching collapse; cold; eyes sunken; nose pinched.

Extreme coldness of skin to touch, yet cannot bear to be covered. Extreme restlessness; skin wrinkled, old-looking.

Sudden violent attacks of vomiting; almost incessant; watery.

Violent choleraic diarrhœa, with anguish, coldness of the body, cramps in calves of legs; pulse thready; tongue and mouth cold.

Rapid sinking of the vital forces. Coldness of breath.

Worse from cold air.

Better from warm air.

CANNABIS INDICA—Indian Hemp.

(Indicated in the mental disturbances seen in delirium and delirium tremens; also used in migraine and in uræmic headaches.)

Emotional excitement very marked; rapid change of mood, from gaiety to sadness; from mirth to despair.

Exaggeration of time and distance; a few minutes seem weeks; a short distance seems miles.

Exceedingly forgetful; cannot finish a sentence; he begins it, and then forgets what he wanted to say.

Severe headache; feeling as though the top of the head were opening and shutting, and as if the calvaria were being lifted.

CANNABIS SATIVA—Hemp.

(Indicated chiefly in urinary and sexual disorders, particularly in the inflammatory stage of gonorrhœa.)

Sensation as of a fluid dropping from the heart.

Asthma; can only breathe when standing up.

Burning while urinating, extending into the bladder.

Pain in the urethra; burning, biting; extending toward the bladder.

Urethra sensitive; must walk with his legs spread.

Discharge of muco-purulent matter from the urethra.

Sexual over-excitement.

CANTHARIS—Spanish Fly.

(Indicated in inflammation of the urinary and sexual organs; also in certain forms of inflammation of the throat and (lower) bowel.)

Furious delirium, with rage, crying, howling, barking, and intense sexual excitement.

Extreme difficulty of swallowing.

Throat feels as though on fire, especially the back of the throat.

Aphthous ulcers in (posterior) throat, especially right tonsil, covered with white, adherent crust.

Spasmodic constriction of the larynx, excited by touching it.

Burning thirst, with aversion to all fluids.

Burning in stomach and œsophagus, with burning thirst, violent retching and vomiting of blood-streaked mucus

Dysenteric stools, with mucus, like scrapings of the intestines; bloody; with shivering and tenesmus after stool.

Intestinal symptoms accompanied with pain in perinæum which seems to start from the neck of the bladder.

Constant desire to urinate, drop by drop, or passing little at a time, with cutting, burning pain in urethra; vesical tenesmus during and after urinating. Urine bloody, turbid; cloudy; like mealy water, with white sediment.

Urine jelly-like; shreddy.

Burning pains in every part of the body.

Sleep disturbed on account of the constant urging to urinate.

Internal burning, with external coldness and pale face.

CAPSICUM—Cayenne Pepper.

(Indicated chiefly in coughs and in intermittent fever, occurring in old people or in persons of lax fiber and low vitality who take cold easily and do not react readily.)

Peevish; depressed; homesick.

Tenderness and pain behind the ear, in the mastoid.

Throat feels hot and smarts as though from red pepper; throat dry, with relaxation of the uvula.

Explosive, hard cough, with feeling as though head and chest would fly to pieces; pain, when coughing, in distant parts; in knee, hip, leg, ear.

Chill, beginning in the back or between the shoulders, between 5 and 6 P. M.; chill is preceded by thirst and relieved from application of heat to the back.

Better from heat, from eating.

Worse from open air, from uncovering.

CARBO VEGETABILIS. Vegetable Charcoal.

(Indicated in conditions of great debility; in the aged; in those who are recovering imperfectly from a severe illness (China, Phos. ac.), being unable to rally; state of collapse, as in cholera and typhoid fever; in coughs, with great fetor of expectoration; asthma; in foul, old ulcers, carbuncles; gastric and intestinal complaints with much flatulency.)

Face cold, hippocratic; everything pressing upon the head, even the hat, feels heavy. Headache from every indiscretion.

Great wish to be fanned constantly.

Burning pain in different parts.

Coldness, with thirst.

Weak digestion; stomach full of gas, with oppression; better from belching.

Burning in stomach, extending to back and spine. Contractive pains in stomach, extending into chest, with abdominal distension.

Eructations of sour, rancid substance; water-brash.

Putrid changes in the food before it digests.

Intestinal colic; from flatulency.

Diarrhœa, often involuntary, of cadaveroussmelling stools, followed by burning in the rectum and trembling weakness. Hoarseness in the evening; rawness in the chest; cough with burning in the chest.

Asthma; breath cold; wants to be fanned; in the aged.

Cough with very fetid expectoration; after neglected pneumonia; with burning in chest; in the aged.

Thick, greenish leucorrhœa before menstruation.

Itching of the skin; indolent, old ulcers with ichorous discharge and burning pain; carbuncles.

Worse in the evening, before midnight; from eating fats, as butter, pork.

Better from eructations; after sleep,

CAUSTICUM—Causticum of Hahnemann.

(Indicated in chronic cases of rheumatism; paralysis; in catarrh of the respiratory organs. Adapted to persons of psoric taint, of dark, sallow complexion, rigid fiber, and, as often in children, subject to chafing and soreness of the skin.)

Coryza, with hoarseness; with ulcerative soreness in the nose.

Paralysis of single parts, as larynx, tongue, bladder, rectum, extremities.

Sudden loss of voice from paralysis of laryngeal muscles; aphonia.

Greasy taste.

Stools tough; look as though covered with grease; better expelled when standing.

Cough with rawness and soreness of chest; scanty expectoration which is swallowed; better from drinking cold water; worse in warm bed.

Involuntary escape of urine when coughing or sneezing, from excitement.

Skin covered with large, jagged, easily bleeding warts (tips of fingers and nose); intertrigo.

Rheumatic affections, with contraction of flexors and stiffness of joints.

Worse in clear weather; in cold air; from getting wet; from bathing.

Better in damp weather; in warm air.

CEDRON—Rattlesnake Bean.

(Indicated in neuralgia of malarial origin and in malarial fevers, with startling regularity in the occurrence of the paroxysms. Also used as a direct local application, to cure the bites of insects and snakes.)

Chill preceded by mental excitement.

Chill at 6 o'clock P. M., in back and limbs or with cold feet and hands; fever with redness of the face, burning heat in the hands, full and rapid pulse, great thirst for warm drinks. Profuse sweat, with now heat, then coldness here and there or general.

CHAMOMILLA-German Chamomile.

(Indicated in diseases of children, during the period of dentition, with diarrhœa; the characteristics are clear-cut. Here, and in adults, in neuralgic, menstrual and other troubles, the intolerance of pain, aggravation from anger and great mental irritability are safe guides.)

Mental calmness contra-indicates Chamomilla. Sleepy, but cannot sleep.

Colic brought on by anger.

Toothache, worse from taking anything warm into the mouth.

Gastralgia, with bitter, sour vomiting.

Peevishness, fretfulness, intolerance of pain.

Child only kept quiet by being carried up and down (fondness of passive motion).

Diarrhœa; stools green, watery, hot, corroding, containing white particles; smell like rotten eggs.

Dry, hacking cough, from tickling low down in the trachea; scanty expectoration; one cheek red, the other pale.

Cough, especially at night, with tough, slimy expectoration of bitter taste; stitching pain under the false ribs.

Profuse menstruation of dark, clotted blood, with spasmodic, labor-like pains.

Worse from heat, anger; in the early night.

Better from being carried; in warm, wet weather.

CHELIDONIUM MAJUS-Celandine.

(Indicated in diseases of the liver and gallbladder and in disorders associated with or depending upon hepatic disease. Acts best in persons of light complexion, thin, fretful, and subject to gastric, abdominal and hepatic derangements. Also used in coughs, bronchitis, pneumonia and rheumatism.)

Tongue yellow, large, flabby; tongue shows imprint of teeth around the margin. Bitter taste; likes hot food and drink.

Vertigo, with inclination to fall forward.

Neuralgia (right-sided) of face, orbit; periodical; with excessive lachrymation; pain cutting.

Sallow, yellow color of the skin, especially on nose and cheeks.

Constant pain under lower and inner angle of right scapula.

Pain from stomach to right shoulder-blade, better from eating.

Jaundice and pain in the right shoulder.

Gall-stones, with pain under right shoulder.

Diarrhœa, slimy, yellow, watery; grayish.

Constipation; stools in small, round, black balls; like sheep's dung.

Constipation and diarrhœa alternate.

Rapid, short breathing, with pain on deep inspiration; pain in right side of chest. Cough, loose, rattling, long-lasting (whooping cough).

Skin wrinkled; old, spreading, offensive ulcerations; pimples.

Old ulcers in connection with liver complaint. Worse on the *right* side; in early morning. Better after dinner; from pressure.

CICUTA VIROSA—Water Hemlock.

(Indicated in convulsive and spasmodic affections (chorea, puerperal convulsions), with drawing back of the head and neck, even to opisthotonos. Particularly valuable in cerebro-spinal meningitis and in the sequels of concussion of the brain and spinal marrow.)

Red face.

Pupils dilated, insensible, squinting.

When reading, letters seem to go up or down or to disappear.

Spasms of the œsophagus.

Sudden violent shocks in the head and in other parts.

Contraction of cervical muscles; cramps and spasms in the muscles of the back.

Eczema, with hard, lemon-colored crusts; whitish, moist scurf on the chin and upper lip.

Worse from touch; from concussion.

CIMICIFUGA (ACTÆA RACEMOSA). Black Cohosh.

(Indicated in muscular rheumatism; in uterine and ovarian disease; in neurotic conditions.)

Restless; sleepless; depressed. "A great cloud presses upon her brain and heart."

Headache with severe pain in the eyeballs; with faintness and sinking at the stomach, especially in women suffering from uterine and menstrual disorders.

Headache as though due to protracted loss of sleep or overstudy; with a feeling as though the brain were too large for the skull.

Headache as though the top of the head would fly off, especially upon going up-stairs, the pain centering in the eyeballs.

Intense aching pain in the eyeballs.

Spine sensitive, especially the upper spine; the neck and back feel stiff and constricted.

Rheumatic pains in the belly of the (larger) muscles.

Pains of neuralgic, pressing character; remittent; with restlessness, exhaustion and sense of being bruised all over.

Pains come on suddenly, resembling a sharp electric shock; chiefly on the left side.

Muscular soreness all over; feels as though bruised.

Menstrual and uterine derangements, with sharp, shooting pain from side to side; pains labor-like; neuralgic; extending into legs, and with reflex gastric symptoms (faintness and goneness at the stomach).

Copious dark, clotted menstrual flow, with great mental depression, restlessness, backache and prickling in the breasts.

Pains, especially in women, across the pelvis, from hip to hip.

Worse during menstruation.

Better from eating, from warmth, from stimulants.

CINA—Worm-Seed.

(Indicated chiefly in children suffering from symptoms which suggest the presence of worms.)

Child very cross and irritable.

Screams out in sleep, as though frightened; can hardly be made to go to sleep again; gritting of teeth during sleep.

Does not want to be touched or carried.

Nose itches; child rubs it constantly, pokes into it, and fusses with it until it bleeds.

Mouth pale, bluish; blue circles under the eyes; face looks sickly.

Appetite extremely variable; refuses common food and craves all kinds of "stuff;" faintness in stomach and belly.

Great craving for sweets.

Abdomen hot; sore above the navel; colicky pain, better from pressure.

Itching at the anus, almost intolerable, relieved by cool water.

Urine turbid, white, milky upon standing.

Involuntary escape of urine.

Attacks of fever, with cold face and hot hands.

Twitching of the muscles of the face.

Worse at night; from looking fixedly at an object.

Better from pressure (colic), from cool water.

CINCHONA OFFICINALIS (CHINA). Cinchona Bark.

(Indicated in diseases due to or accompanied by great loss of fluids (bleeding, excessive secretion of milk, spermatorrhæa, diarrhæa, etc.), or debility arising from the same cause in moderate degree in especially susceptible persons. Exhaustion of the vital forces from over-indulgence of passions, resulting in great nervous tension. In malarial fevers marked by periodicity. In gastro-intestinal complaints with putridity and much flatulency; also colic (gall-stone colic).)

Patient pleased with nothing; depressed; complains of everything done by him and for him.

Marked periodicity; malarial conditions.

Sticking, tearing, drawing pains in every part of the body, accompanied with lassitude and a sort of restlessness compelling him to constant motion. Worse from light touch; better from hard pressure.

Sensitiveness to external influences, as pain, draught of air, touch.

Complexion of yellow, earthy hue.

Thinks with difficulty; cannot arrange his thoughts; sudden interruption of ideas.

Sleepiness, but sleep does not refresh; worse in the early A. M., at 3 o'clock; awakens too early. Toothache of nursing women.

Roaring and ringing in the ears.

Headache as though the skull would burst; as though brain were loose and striking against the skull; worse in the open air; better in the warm room.

Nasal catarrh with thin fluid discharge and sense of obstruction in the nose.

Suffocative catarrh; rattling in the chest; violent hacking after eating.

Neuralgia from spinal anæmia, periodical; ciliary—.

Distressing intestinal flatulence, not relieved by eructations.

Colic; periodical, at a certain hour; worse from eating and at night; better from bending double; gall-stone colic.

Diarrhœa, watery, soft, expelled with difficulty, of painless, undigested stools; putrid, flatulent, debilitating.

Fever, with sensation of heat in single parts of the body and coldness elsewhere; chill at 3 P. M., every second day; chill predominates. Hot stage does not follow chill at once, the chill sometimes returning. Heat, at once followed by profuse sweat.

Worse from slight touch; from draught of air; every other day; after eating; from emotion.

Better from pressure; in warm room.

CLEMATIS—Virgin's Bower.

(Indicated in neuralgia, in affections resulting from suppressed gonorrhæa, inflammation and induration of glands (testicles); in some forms of eczema; in rheumatic affections of persons subject to herpetic eruptions.)

Confused headache, with tearing pain in the brain and boring pain in the bones of the head.

Eyes dry, red, hot; biting, burning pain; pain in the middle of the eyeball; lachrymation; sensitive to cold air (used in syphiliticiritis).

Itching of the scalp; eczema, especially on the occiput and on hands; worse from warmth of bed.

Swelling of inguinal glands, with soreness to touch.

Drawing and tension in the spermatic cord.

Vesical irritation; painful voiding of urine, especially when starting it; great effort in passing a few drops at a time (stricture); dribbling.

Testicles swollen and very sensitive; bruised pain in testicles, worse at night, in the warm bed; orchitis from suppressed gonorrhœa.

COFFEA CRUDA—Mocha Coffee.

(Indicated in states of great mental and bodily excitement, sleeplessness, neuralgia, characterized by nervous irritability and great intolerance of pain; delirium tremens; hysteria; neuralgic headache and toothache; palpitation of the heart from excitement; sleeplessness.)

Intolerance of pain.

Face hot, with red cheeks.

Headache as if a nail were driven into the brain; as if the brain were torn or dashed to pieces.

Headache with mental excitement; he is full of ideas and schemes which do not allow him to get to sleep; he cannot close his eyes; wideawake.

Toothache, better from holding cold water in the mouth; it gets worse as soon as the water gets warm.

Sensitiveness of hearing and taste.

Worse from noise; from great emotion (joy); from strong smells.

Better from lying down.

COLCHICUM AUTUMNALE. Meadow Saffron.

(Indicated in gout and in rheumatic affections of joints, with dread of having the parts touched and excessive pain from the slightest touch or knock; in fall-dysentery; in bad effects of nightwatching.)

Great irritability.

Great prostration, with coldness and sense of collapse.

Nausea from the smell of cooking food, even from talking about it.

Gastric indigestion, with drum-like distension of the abdomen.

He craves different things, but when he smells them they excite nausea, even vomiting.

Vomiting of mucus, bile and food, with sense of coldness in the stomach and great exhaustion.

Diarrhœa of scanty, jelly-like stools, with much pain and drum-like distension of the abdomen; often with painful urging and feeling as though the anus were torn open; stools contain white shreds, scrapings (fall-dysentery).

Rheumatic pains in the joints and toes; redness, heat, swelling; great sensitiveness to touch and motion; worse at night and in warm weather.

Pains drawing, tearing, pressing; from left to right.

Anxious distress about the heart; cannot feel impulse of the heart; oppression; pulse thready.

Urine scanty, bloody, very dark.

Skin noticeably dry; no moisture or sweat.

Worse from motion; smell of food; loss of sleep.

Better when quiet; from sleeping; after stool.

COLOCYNTHIS—Squirting Cucumber.

(Indicated in neuralgic affections (sciatica), with relief from hard pressure and lying on affected side; in ovarian pain (dysmenorrhœa); in rheumatism; particularly valuable in intestinal affections (colic, dysentery), with severe colicky pain causing him to bend double and press against some hard substance for relief. There is always present much irritability and protestation of great suffering. Useful in troubles caused by anger or indignation.)

Vertigo as if he would fall when quickly turning head to the left.

Neuralgia, better from motion, chilliness.

Violent colic, making him bend double, occurring in paroxysms every few minutes, with restlessness and whining, better for a short time from emission of flatus and stool.

Colic better from hard pressure upon chair, table or other hard substance.

Pain in the whole abdomen as though the bowels were squeezed between stones; as though stones were being ground together in the abdomen, working upon the soft parts; intestines feel sore and bruised.

Pain in the left temple, left malar, left cheek and shoulder; digging, tearing, pulsating.

Cramp-like pain in the hip, vise-like; lies on the affected side.

Boring pain in the ovary, better from pressure. Diarrhœa (dysentery) of bloody, slimy stools, worse from food or drink.

Urine viscid, like thin glue.

Worse on the left side; from anger (colic, dysmenorrhœa); from mortification.

Better from hard pressure; from bending double.

CONIUM—Spotted Hemlock.

(Indicated in affections of elderly people who have become weak and sluggish; in elderly persons of either sex, especially in women at the change of life, who have been continent, but not without desire; in hard tumors with suspicion of cancerous tendency; in all glandular indurations; vertigo. Night-coughs of old people, frequently with gastric pain. According to T. F. Allen, useful in sexual nervousness of strong, healthy men who are unable to have an erection.)

Vertigo when turning over in bed; when lying down; on turning the head to the left; the contents of the room seem to be whirling around; must keep head perfectly still. From excessive use of tobacco.

Induration of glands (axillary glands, breasts, ovaries, testicles; also of uterine os and cervix), with pain as though bruised; knife-like pain; sometimes no pain.

Breast enlarged before and during menstruation, with pain.

Ovarian irritation, with sharp, lancinating pains.

Irritation of the eyes, with extraordinary degree of photophobia, out of all proportion to the severity of local symptoms; sensitiveness of eyes to artificial light; after hard night-study.

Cough caused by dry spot in larynx, with itching of throat and chest, worse at night.

Extremities weak, trembling, numb; feel as though paralyzed.

Worse at night; when lying down; upon rising up in bed; before and during menses; from ungratified sexual desire.

COPAIVA—Balsam of Copaiva.

(Indicated in affections of the mucous membrane, especially urinary and respiratory; useful in urinary catarrh—catarrh of the bladder, urethritis, gonorrhœa—and in coughs—laryngeal and bronchial. It also acts upon the skin, and has been prescribed in urticaria and hives.)

Burning cough with profuse purulent expectoration.

Cough with dryness and excoriating pain in the larynx, roughness of the voice, hoarseness, worse in the morning.

Burning in the urethra and neck of the bladder; frequent urging, even after urinating; micturition painful, often drop by drop, with turbid, acrid discharge.

Urethral inflammation; pain at the orifice as if wounded; itching before and after urinating; burning while urinating; yellow, purulent discharge.

Urine smells of violets.

Urticaria, with heat, biting and violent itching.

CORALLIUM RUBRUM-Red Coral.

(Indicated in violent spasmodic coughs, as whooping cough.)

Sensation as though cold air were streaming through the air passages on deep inspiration, with provocation to cough and difficult raising of bronchial mucus. Expectoration of yellow, purulent mucus.

Most violent spasmodic cough, often preceded by sensation of smothering, followed by exhaustion; the attacks are extremely violent, the patient becomes purple in the face, followed by exhaustion or vomiting of quantities of tough mucus. Indicated in whooping cough by the extreme violence of the paroxysms, even with expectoration of blood (T. F. Allen).

Attacks of cough come on rapidly, almost running into each other, affording no opportunity to rest between.

CREOSOTUM—Creosote.

(Indicated in diseases of the genito-urinary system and in affections of the skin, with tendency to hæmorrhage and decomposition, hence putridity of discharges. There is much restlessness and burning pain as from a red-hot coal. Used in lupus of the nose and face, with burning pain; in choleraic conditions with fetid, bloody stools, great prostration and gastric irritability; cholera infantum; many diseases of the female genital organs, as inflammations, cervical ulceration, malignant diseases of the uterus, cauliflower excrescences, leucorrhæa, pruritus, etc., characterized by burning pain, putridity and tendency to erosion. Also useful in gangrenous conditions.)

Cough, with feeling as if the sternum were being crushed in.

Very rapid decay of teeth; they are dark and crumbly, with spongy, bleeding gums.

Diarrhea; stools undigested, putrid, dark brown; with nausea and vomiting, restlessness and prostration.

Incontinence of urine; dreams he is out of bed, urinating.

Profuse menstruation, black, acrid; flow stops, then returns. Followed by corrosive leucorrhœa, dark brown and thick, later yellow. Stitches from abdomen into vagina, better from walking, worse from lying down. Bleeding after sexual intercourse.

Leucorrhœa, thick, staining the linen yellow and stiffening it like starch; with dragging backache and pressure toward the vulva, better from motion, worse from rest. Odor of green corn.

Skin itching; festers, bleeds easily.

Itching eruptions with violent biting and burning pain after scratching.

Worse in the open air; from rest; after menses. Better from warmth and motion.

CROCUS SATIVA—Saffron.

(Indicated in black, stringy hæmorrhages; in hysterical conditions; chorea.)

Mind vacillating, constantly changing; confused: incoherent.

Biting pain in the eyes as if from smoke; eyes water, especially in the open air; dimness, as though a veil were between the eyes and the light.

Sensation as of a ball rolling about in the abdomen; as if something living were jumping about in the pit of the stomach, in the abdomen and in other parts (hysteria, chorea).

Hæmorrhage, dark, stringy; from the nose, uterus (on slightest movement), from lungs; with drops of cold sweat on the head. On raising a clot of the blood, long strings hang down from it. "It has removed the disposition to miscarriage associated with an unnatural sensation of worms in the abdomen, or of something dead and heavy" (T. F. Allen).

CROTALUS HORRIDUS. Rattlesnake Venom.

(Indicated in low septic conditions, with expressions of general physical depravity; disorganization of the blood; hæmorrhage of dark and fluid blood, refusing to form clots; jaundice with great prostration. Most useful in all fevers of a malignant type, as yellow fever, malignant scarlet fever, hæmorrhagic measles, malarial fevers of tropical countries. Also in typhus, cerebro-spinal meningitis, diphtheria with oozing of blood from the orifices (mouth and anus); ulcerations of the stomach; jaundice with dark, scanty urine and oozing of blood from the rectum; hæmorrhage from the kidneys after scarlet fever.)

Mind clouded; face swollen, besotted; anxious, apprehensive; speech confused; answers disconnectedly; skin cold; pulse thready.

Tongue dry, cracked, brown in the middle, bright red on the edges.

Skin sallow, yellow, jaundiced; boils and carbuncles, with purplish areola; skin blackish, mottled all over; hæmorrhagic.

Eyes yellow, sensitive to artificial light; vision dim.

Occipital headache, with vertigo; soreness in the back of the head.

Dryness of lips and throat, without thirst.

Urine dark, bloody, albuminous.

Sticking pain in the stomach, with sense of pressure and intolerance of anything tight (clothing) about the stomach or hypochondria.

Weight, faintness and sinking at the epigastrium, with inability to retain anything on the stomach; vomiting of bile.

Abdomen swollen; very sensitive to pressure and touch.

CROTON TIGLIUM—Croton-Oil Plant.

(Indicated in diarrhoea and in vesicular and pustular eruptions of the skin.)

Intense itching of the skin, better from gentle scratching, worse from hard scratching.

Sore nipple of nursing women; while nursing the child, excruciating pain from the nipple to the scapula.

Diarrhœa, sudden, expulsive, forcible, immediately after nursing, followed by great prostration.

CUBEBA—Cubebs.

(Indicated in affections of the respiratory and urinary mucous membrane, as catarrh of nose and throat, bronchitis and urethral catarrh.)

Coryza, with flushed face, watery and congested eyes, hoarseness and rawness of the throat and discharge of greenish-yellow mucus from the nose into the throat.

Cough (bronchial), with sensation as if it would tear the bronchial tube, and difficult, at times blood-stained, expectoration.

Urethral inflammation, with irritation and copious, dark, frothy urine, with cutting pain and constriction during micturition. Smarting; tenesmus; ropy urine.

CUPRUM METALLICUM—Copper.

(Indicated in spasmodic affections (chorea), convulsive seizures (puerperal, epilepsy, convulsions of children). Particularly useful when convulsions and other threatening symptoms appear after suppression or too early disappearance of the rash in eruptive fevers. Valuable in whooping cough; in all forms of diarrhœa (cholera) with violent cramps in abdomen and calves of legs; in gastric affections with violent vomiting and cramping; in colics so severe that collapse seems imminent. Laryngismus stridulus, spasmodic asthma, cerebro-spinal affections culminating in paralysis. Intermittent fever, with scarcity or suppression of urine and collapse.)

Vertigo on looking up, with vanishing of vision as from a veil before the eyes.

Bruised pain in the brain and in eye-balls on turning them.

Delirium with fear of everybody and everything.

Sense of constriction in the throat, chest (cough, dyspnœa), gastro-intestinal tract (colic), uterus (cramps), etc.

Child lies on abdomen and spasmodically thrusts breech up.

Spasms, clonic, spreading from one point; epilepsy; convulsions; preceded by drawing in left arm.

Severe cramps in calves of legs, soles of feet, abdomen, forcing him to utter piercing shrieks.

Cough, spasmodic, long-lasting, suffocating (whooping cough); can hardly speak or breathe; lies stiff and with livid, blue face, unconscious; spasmodic twitching.

Asthma; violent; coming and going suddenly. When drinking, it sounds as though water were running out of a bottle.

Vomiting; severe; with violent cramps in chest and abdomen, forcing him to utter piercing shrieks.

Diarrhœa with much griping pain; stools green. Ineffectual attempts to vomit or forcible vomiting, better from drinking cold water.

Chilliness, with cold sweat on the forehead; irregular and spasmodically contracted pulse; palpitation.

Skin mottled, bluish; itching; cyanosis. Pimples in folds of joints.

Worse from vomiting; before menses.

Better from cold water (cough, gastric symptoms); while sweating.

Purple Foxglove.

(Indicated in affections of the heart, with weak, irregular contractions, causing a fluttering sensation. Sense of faintness and fear of death from dread that the heart's action will suddenly cease. Of great value in organic heart disease, with scantiness of urine and dropsical effusion. Also in hepatic disease with jaundice, ascites, nephritis with cardiac symptoms, pericarditis with effusion; pneumonia, especially of the aged, with weakness of the heart's action. Less often in urethritis, specific and non-specific, and in prostatitis.)

Mind sad, fearful, apprehensive.

Great dyspnœa, præcordial anguish, faintness; feels as though dying.

Difficult, irregular, sighing respiration.

Cardiac affections with great dyspnœa and faintness, with pulse irregular and intermittent, small and intermittent, slow and intermittent, small and slow.

Heart feels as though it would stop at any time, causing great distress and anxiety.

Stitches in the heart.

Weak, irregular pulse when lying down; worse from assuming erect position.

Coldness and cedema of feet: coldness of hands.

Dropsy.

Great thirst for sour drinks.

Eructations of watery fluid, so sour it sets his teeth on edge.

Faintness and weakness at the stomach: excessive nausea, not relieved by vomiting.

Soft, white stools, like chalk.

Dark, turbid urine, with much burning and pain while passing; ammoniacal.

Worse when sitting erect; after meals; after excitement.

DROSERA—Sundew.

(Indicated in whooping cough, clergyman's sore throat, and asthma.)

Asthma, worse from talking; voice harsh, deep-pitched.

Cough, deep, hoarse, with strangling and choking; vomiting of slimy matter.

Cough in violent paroxysms like whooping cough.

Cough with sense of constriction; crawling sensation; tickling in the throat as from a crumb of bread; worse from warmth and from lying down.

Cough worse from drinking, after midnight, from getting warm in bed.

DULCAMARA—Bittersweet.

(Indicated in coughs, especially whooping cough, hay fever, laryngeal phthisis, of phlegmatic, scrofulous persons who have a delicate, irritable skin and suffer from eruptions.)

Tearing pain into the orbit, ears, jaw, preceded by coldness of the part affected.

Coryza, with complete stoppage of the nose; worse from cold; profuse; discharge thick, yellow.

Cough hoarse, spasmodic; in violent paroxysms with tickling in larynx; expectoration of phlegm after long and tedious efforts; loose, rattling; in winter; in cold, damp weather.

During cough, constrictive pain in the epigastrium, so he cannot stand coughing, cannot make the necessary muscular effort, on account of the pain; can only cough by pressing his hand firmly on the pit of the stomach or by holding his side.

Rheumatism alternating with diarrhœa.

Pain in the small of the back, as after long stooping.

Diarrhœa from taking cold in damp place or damp weather.

Cutting pain about the navel after taking cold.

Diarrhœa; stools of watery, greenish mucus;

during change of weather from warm to cold or in cool, damp weather.

Vesical catarrh after taking cold, with strangury and pain, and thick, slimy sediment in the urine.

Skin covered with pimples here and there, especially on the face; pustules, with sticking pain when touched; itching, humid eruptions, or with bloody moisture; burning pain in raw, humid eruptions, worse from scratching. Vesicular eruptions. Thick, brown, yellow crusts, bleeding when scratched. Cold-sores on the lips.

Swelling and induration of glands.

Worse from cold; from suppressed menstruation.

EUPATORIUM PERFOLIATUM. Boneset. Thoroughwort.

(Indicated in malarial conditions and fevers, chiefly intermittent fever; also in influenza. The severe aching in the (long) bones and the thirst are characteristic.)

Chill. Always preceded by thirst; thirst gives warning of the approach of the chill; drinking will hasten it. At 7 to 9 A. M. one day, at noon the next day. Gaping, stretching, backache, aching in the (long) bones. At close of the chill, bitter vomiting, worse from drinking water.

Thirst during the chill and fever.

Fever, hot, with headache and thirst; to drink water makes him shiver.

Headache at top and back of head, with soreness of the eve balls; periodical, at certain days (third or seventh).

Bilious condition; vellow tongue; bitter taste; soreness in liver; thirst; vomiting of bile; preceded by thirst; green, watery diarrheea.

Hoatseness, with soreness in the chest; chronic cough, loose, worse at might.

EUPATORIUM PURPUREUM. Queen of the Meadow.

(Indicated in derangements of the urinary organs, especially in irritable and inflamed bladder, with constant desire to urinate and aching in bladder and kidneys. In intermittent fever with vesical irritation.)

Constant urging to urinate, with burning, cutting pain in bladder and urethra; feeling as though the urine had been retained too long.

Aching and cutting pain deep in the kidneys. Chill in the small of the back, spreading from there over the whole body. Aching of bones.

EUPHRASIA—Eye-Bright.

(Indicated in catarrhal inflammations of the eyes and nose. In measles with marked eyesymptoms.)

Shivery and cold all the time.

Coryza, with profuse, acrid lachrymation; with cough and expectoration.

Copious lachrymation, with soreness of lids; thick, yellow, acrid discharge; sticky mucus on cornea, removed by frequent winking (conjunctivitis).

Eyelids red, swollen, burning, agglutinated in the morning.

Cough in the morning on rising, continuing during the day; no cough at night. Dry or with copious expectoration; symptoms of coryza.

Worse in the evening; indoors, from light and warmth.

Better in the dark, from coffee.

FERRUM METALLICUM. Metallic Iron.

(Indicated in weak, anæmic, chlorotic persons, especially women, who are pale, but flush easily from moderate excitement and from slight pain, the face assuming a bright red color. In congestive headaches; diarrhæa of undigested food, especially chronic cases; in teething children, consumption. Menstrual derangements in women who suffer from pain in the vagina during sexual intercourse. Coughs (consumption?); rheumatism, especially of shoulder and in the back.)

Face pale, sallow; easily flushes bright red.

Fiery red face from any pain, even moderate, from exertion or excitement; red spots on the cheek.

Tendency to hæmorrhage of bright red blood, coagulating easily.

Painless irritability of fibre (neck of bladder, urethra, rectum).

Headache; throbbing, hammering; with rush of blood to the head, swelling of the veins of the head; slight flashes of heat; cold hands and feet.

Vertigo on closing eyes or going downstairs, on walking over water; disposition to fall forward. Tearing, stitching, lancinating pains in different parts of the body, with numbness, weakness, trembling; worse from efforts to move, but growing better when motion is continued.

Rheumatic pain in shoulders; lumbago; relieved by walking slowly.

Voracious hunger or complete loss of appetite.

Spitting up of food by the mouthful.

Intolerance of eggs.

Cardialgia, with heavy pressure in the stomach and vomiting of food right after eating.

Stools slimy, containing ascarides; or of hard, blackish balls; undigested; at night; painless, with good appetite.

Cough; dry; after meal; with dyspnæa, dull pain and congestion of blood to the chest. Bloody, green, pus-like expectoration in the morning.

Menses too profuse; with labor-like pains in the abdomen and glowing heat of face; suffers from cold and damp; head hot, feet cold; flow intermittent, pale and watery or black and clotted.

Worse at night; at rest; after overheating; from washing in cold water.

Better from walking about slowly.

GELSEMIUM—Yellow Jessamine.

(Indicated in fevers of malarial, catarrhal or eruptive character, with shivering; fever without thirst; unwillingness to be disturbed; sense of paralytic weakness in the limbs. In catarrhal conditions, including hay fever and la grippe, with watery discharge, dullness of head, dizziness, chilliness, and neuralgia, and hysteria, passing off with the appearance of frequent and copious emissions of limpid urine. Diarrhœa from fright. Cerebro-spinal meningitis. Headaches with moderate vertigo. Post-diphtheritic paralysis of the throat.)

Lassitude, weariness, indifference.

Countenance livid and stupid; hot.

Fever without thirst; wants to be let alone.

Trembling, paralytic weakness of muscles, especially of the legs.

Pulse soft, weak, fluttering, causing him anxiety and apprehension.

Drooping of eye lids; paralysis of oculo-motors; paralytic condition of tongue, glottis, epiglottis, respiratory muscles, extremities.

Sense of contraction of the skin and muscles of the face.

Headache, with vertigo and dimness of vision; tongue feels thick and numb; in occiput, with feeling as of a band around the occiput.

Headache, beginning in the neck, extending upward into forehead and eye-balls; better from profuse urination.

Orbital neuralgia, with muscular twitchings. Acute coryza, with copious, slightly irritating, watery discharge, dull headache, shivering and fever.

Diarrhœa, caused and aggravated by excitement, by bad news, from stage fright; stools watery, painless, cream-colored; involuntary from paralysis of sphincter ani.

Chill without thirst, especially along spine, running up and down the back as though in waves; goose-flesh all over; with much muscular soreness.

Flaccidity and coldness of male genitalia, with seminal emissions from weakness.

Urine profuse, clear, limpid, like water.

Worse in damp; from mental excitement; from bad news; before thunder-storm; from to-bacco.

Better from open air; after profusely urinating; from continued moderate motion; from stimulants.

GLONOINE—Nitro-Glycerin.

(Indicated in cerebral hyperæmia and violent congestion. Important in congestive headaches (from exposure to the sun, from suppression of menses); in apoplectic states; meningitis. Palpitation and embarrassment of the heart. In physiological doses used in asthma, angina pectoris, failure of circulation.)

Head feels enormously enlarged.

Headache worse from stooping; after exposure to the sun.

Heavy headache; intense crushing, pulsating, throbbing.

Cannot bear any heat about the head.

Pulse beats hard; every beat is felt in the head; must hold the head with both hands; it seems as though the head would burst from the pressure within; it jars painfully at every step.

Heart's action labored, oppressed, from rush of blood to the heart; violent palpitation; throbbing of the carotids.

Worse in the sunlight, in gaslight; from overheating, from motion, from jar.

Better from brandy.

GRAPHITES—Black Lead.

(Indicated in fat, fair persons of indolent disposition, subject to moist eruptions. "The graphites obesity is more particularly seen in older people, that of Calcarea in children" (T. F. Allen). In eczema of the scalp, ear, face, scrotum and elsewhere; in nasal catarrh; glandular swellings; herpes of prepuce, etc.)

Adapted to stout, fat persons, inclined to be chilly and constipated.

Humid, itching, fetid eruptions on the scalp. Ophthalmia; eye-lids swollen; eczematous; itching.

Constipation; stools large, knotty; united by threads of mucus.

Indigestion, with burning at the stomach and hunger; dislikes meats; drinks and sweets disagree.

Profuse, pale, excoriating leucorrhœa, with swollen, hard mammæ, weak back, cracked and sore nipples and aversion to sexual intercourse.

Skin unhealthy; suppurates easily. Moist eruptions, sticky, like glue, behind the ears, on scalp, mouth, chin; glands enlarged, hard; cracks in the ends of fingers, nipples, mouth, between toes, at anus, etc.

Worse at night.

Better in the dark; from bundling up.

HELLEBORUS NIGER—Black Hellebore.

(Indicated in serious states where the vitality is very low and there is absolute lack of reaction; serous effusion in different parts of the body, especially cerebral effusion (tubercular meningitis, hydrocephalus, hydrothorax, dropsy from renal disease); in typhoid fever.)

Motion of the jaws as if chewing something. Wrinkled forehead, covered with cold sweat. Urine scanty, looking like coffee grounds; suppressed.

Stupefaction; bluntness of sensibility; vision unimpaired, yet he does not see; hearing all right, yet does not hear or comprehend; remembers nothing that has happened; has no interest in anything; sleeps lightly; has no will or strength to do anything.

Rolling of the head on the pillow, from side to side; screaming.

Eye-balls turned upward; wide open; squinting.

Great thirst; drinks water greedily.

Fetid odor from the mouth; dropping of the lower jaw; picking of lips; ptyalism.

Gurgling in the abdomen, as though full of water.

Stools like jelly; involuntary.

Automatic motion of one arm and one leg.

Worse from evening until morning; from uncovering.

HEPAR SULPHURIS. Hahnemann's Calcium Sulphide.

(Indicated in a wide range of diseases affecting the respiratory and intestinal mucous membrane, glandular system and skin, characterized by great sensitiveness to draught, easy perspiration and ready suppuration of the affected parts. In scrofulous affections, including those of the eye and ear; sore throat; tonsillitis on the point of suppuration; cough, including the late stages of bronchitis and pneumonia; suppurative affections of the skin, as felons; hip-joint disease with suppuration; bad-smelling eruptions, etc.)

Great sensitiveness to cold air; takes cold easily; coughs from the slightest exposure; relapse from every exposure.

Croupy, strangling, violent, retching cough, excited by uncovering; often ends in vomiting.

Throat feels sore; as though a plug were in it; with desire to swallow.

Throat feels as though a sliver or fish-bone were in it, with stitching pain from ear to ear.

Raw, sore throat, worse from swallowing solid food.

Nose sore, ulcerated; smell like old cheese.

Sluggish action of the bowels; stools sour, white, clay-colored, fetid; though soft, they are passed slowly and with considerable effort.

GLONOINE—Nitro-Glycerin.

(Indicated in cerebral hyperæmia and violent congestion. Important in congestive headaches (from exposure to the sun, from suppression of menses); in apoplectic states; meningitis. Palpitation and embarrassment of the heart. In physiological doses used in asthma, angina pectoris, failure of circulation.)

Head feels enormously enlarged.

Headache worse from stooping; after exposure to the sun

Heavy headache; intense crushing, pulsating, throbbing.

Cannot bear any heat about the head.

Pulse beats hard; every beat is felt in the head; must hold the head with both hands; it seems as though the head would burst from the pressure within; it jars painfully at every step.

Heart's action labored, oppressed, from rush of blood to the heart; violent palpitation; throbbing of the carotids.

Worse in the sunlight, in gaslight; from overheating, from motion, from jar.

Better from brandy.

HYDRASTIS CANADENSIS. Golden Seal.

(Indicated in affections of the mucous membrane in any part of the body, as: eyes, nose, throat, larynx, urinary and sexual organs, with ropy, yellowish discharge; also in conditions tending toward malignancy; in stomatitis, aphthous sore mouth; gastro-duodenal catarrh; chronic constipation, in old people; in many diseases of women, with tenacious, yellow leucorrhœa, inflammation, hardening, ulceration, chiefly of the cervix, fungoid growths, prolapsus uteri; gonorrhœa. Hard, nodular tumors in the breast, with lancinating pain.)

Tongue large, slimy, showing imprint of teeth.

Great debility, gastric inertia, constipation.

Nasal catarrh, with watery, excoriating or yellowish-green, thick, offensive discharge. Dropping of mucus into the throat.

Ozæna, with ulceration of the septum.

Faintness and goneness at the stomach, with sense of weight and bitter taste in the mouth.

Constipation, with weight and goneness at the stomach, malaise, debility and heavy pain in the rectum, persisting for a long time; hæmorrhoids.

Pain lancinating (breast); like a distressing weight (rectum); with much heat and itching (vagina, rectum).

Worse from exposure to cold.

HYOSCYAMUS-Henbane.

(Indicated in conditions of great weakness, with much nervous excitement. Mania of a quarrelsome character, with obscenity and shamelessness. In conditions of marked muscular excitement; convulsions. Hence its use in chorea, epilepsy, tetanus, hydrophobia, convulsions from fright, in all forms of delirium and mania, with obscenity, shamelessness, inclination to quarrel, including puerperal mania, the delirium of low fevers (typhus, typhoid, coma vigil), nymphomania. Occasionally used in coughs (whooping cough) and in the crying-out of nervous, children twitching during sleep, awaking in a fright.)

Delirium, full of idle talk about trifles; quarrelsome, obscene, with indecent gestures and actions (strips himself, shows genitals).

Marked dryness of the mouth and throat, rendering swallowing difficult.

Sleeplessness from nervous excitement.

Violent convulsions, although there is comparative absence of symptoms indicating active cerebral congestion.

Pupils dilated, sparkling, fixed.

Tongue dry, red, cracked, protruded with difficulty; speech difficult.

Picking at bed-clothes; reaching out for things.

Dry, spasmodic cough at night, from itching in the throat.

Tympanitis.

Diarrhœa, involuntary, with colicky pains.

Urination involuntary.

Worse at night, during menses, after eating, when lying down.

Better from stooping.

IGNATIA AMARA—St. Ignatius Bean.

(Indicated in patients with pronounced nervous symptoms, erratic in manifestation and resting upon a neurotic basis. The emotional symptoms are unusually important. There is often present muscular excitement, i. e., jerking and twitching, with a tendency to spastic conditions.)

Mental depression; sadness.

Ill effects of depressing emotions, recent grief, disappointment in love; of abuse of coffee, alcohol, tobacco.

Great sensitiveness; broods over fancied slights and wrongs.

Amiable when everything is all right, but easily upset and annoyed.

Deep, involuntary sighing, with sense of goneness and sinking at the pit of the stomach; the latter nearly always better from eating.

Nervous excitement; feels as though would have convulsions or paralysis, and is afraid of it, but they do not come to pass.

Headache, as if a nail were being driven into the head; agonizing.

Headache, with sense of unfitness for mental effort, seemingly congestive, yet better from leaning forward and from resting head on the table; worse from tobacco smoke.

Toothache with tenderness and soreness of teeth, felt least when chewing.

Violent cough, caused by tickling in the throat

as from a feather; the more he coughs, the worse the tickling; can stop it by effort of will.

Twitching of muscles, especially about the face.

Pain in small circumscribed spots.

Constriction of anal sphincter, worse from sitting down.

Hæmorrhoids, with stitching pain from anus into rectum.

Chill with thirst; fever without thirst.

Urine profuse, watery.

Worse from coffee, tobacco, alcohol; from depressing emotions; from contact and motion; in the open air; in the morning.

Better from change of position; from hard pressure; from lying on the back, on the painful side.

IODIUM-Iodine.

(Indicated in ailments of scrofulous persons of dark complexion, with induration of glands (including testicles, ovaries, liver, pancreas, mesentery, thyroid, etc.), who eat much and often, yet are scrawny and lose flesh constantly; often called for in wasting diseases. Of service in cough, especially laryngeal; in croup, with copious expectoration of blood-stained mucus.)

Great prostration; even talking causes perspiration.

Emaciation of single parts, as dwindling away of the mammæ.

Ravenous hunger, but gets thin; wants to eat every little while, and for a time feels the better for it.

Constant empty eructations.

Induration and hypertrophy of glands.

Larynx painful, raw, with difficult inspiration.

Cough from tickling behind the sternum, low in the chest.

Cough dry, hoarse, worse in warm, wet weather, with wheezing, sawing breathing.

Leucorrhœa, corrosive, staining skin and linen.

Cancer of the uterus, with copious uterine hæmorrhage at every stool, with cutting in abdomen and pains in the loins and small of the back.

Worse from warmth; from eating.

IPECACUANHA-Ipecac Root.

(Indicated by its *persistent nausea* and vomiting, not only in gastric derangements, as from eating rich, indigestible things, and in diarrhea, but also in coughs (whooping cough), hæmorrhage (from the lungs, uterus), and in intermittent fever.)

Constant nausea, with pale face, blue rings around the eyes, clean tongue.

Stomach feels relaxed, as though hanging way down.

Dyspnœa, with fine, bubbling râles in the chest.

Cough constant, severe; sounds loose, but no expectoration. Distressing dyspnœa; child becomes stiff and looks as though asphyxiated. Terminates in vomiting, with great but temporary relief.

Hæmoptysis from slight exertion.

Spasmodic, clutching pain in the stomach.

Flatulent colic, with griping as from a hand, each finger pressing sharply into the intestine.

Stools green, like grass; like frothy molasses; fermented like yeast; bloody; with nausea and colic, especially about the navel.

Diarrhœa of children in autumn, during dentition, after eating unripe fruit; with much distressing nausea. Uterine hæmorrhage; continuous, steady flow of bright red blood, which coagulates easily; with much nausea.

Chills and fever. Chill short, preceded by much prostration. Fever sharp, lasts long, often accompanied with hacking cough and dyspnæa. Sweat sour; fails to relieve.

Worse periodically; from abuse of Quinine; from lying down.

IRIS VERSICOLOR.—Blue Flag.

(Indicated in bilious sick headaches and choleraic states.)

Frontal headache (temporal), with nausea, copious flow of saliva, profuse vomiting of bile.

Constant nausea; tongue feels dry and scalded; throat hot and smarting.

Watery diarrhœa, bilious, with burning in the intestines and at the anus.

JALAPA.—Jalap.

(Indicated in bowel-troubles of children.)

Intestinal flatulency, with abdominal distension, pinching and griping.

Diarrhœa of thin, watery stools.

Child good all day, but is restless and troublesome all night. Screams all night with colic.

JATROPHA CURCAS—Purging-Root.

(Indicated in intestinal troubles, chiefly in diarrhœa of choleraic character.)

Great thirst; takes large draughts of water, immediately rejected by the stomach.

Vomiting like the white of egg.

Diarrhœa. Stools sudden, profuse, like water, with "loud noise in the abdomen like the gurgling of water coming out of the bung-hole of a barrel.

KALI BICHROMICUM. Bichromate of Potash.

(Indicated in affections of the mucous membrane, with ropy, tough secretion (expectoration, nasal discharge, leucorrhœa, stools, etc.). In affections of the throat (diphtheria), stubborn and neglected nasal catarrh and ozæna, gastric and intestinal ulceration, coughs (membranous croup), pustular eruptions and ulcerations. Acts best upon persons of light complexion, of indolent disposition, with history of syphilis or scrofulosis. Has been used in nephritis.)

Tongue mapped; broad, flat, indented; red, smooth, slimy (dysentery).

Nasal catarrh, with fetid smell and offensive, greenish-yellow, viscid discharge. Sniffles of infants.

Sticking pain in the nose; pressure at root of nose; loss of smell.

Ulceration of nasal septum.

Tough, elastic plugs in the nose, with raw surface underneath.

Ropy, tough, stringy discharge from mouth and throat.

Throat sore, dry. Deposits of pseudo-membrane on soft parts. Bladder-like appearance of the uvula, which is badly swollen and faintly red. Pain shooting up into the ear.

Hard, painful swelling of the parotids.

Hoarseness, worse toward evening.

Cough, harsh and with tenacious, yellow, stringy expectoration.

Dysentery; stools like jelly, brown, frothy; sensation as of a plug in the anus.

Ropy mucus in the urine, clogging up the urethra.

Pustules and ulcers on the penis, with stitching pain, worse at night, syphilitic.

Pustules, resembling small-pox, with burning pain.

Deep ulcers, with punched-out edges.

Bone-pains, shifting, tearing, worse in the cold; with soreness and bruised pain.

Worse in the open air; takes cold easily.

Better from heat.

KALI CARBONICUM. Carbonate of Potash.

(Indicated chiefly by the presence of sharp, sticking pain or a series of sticking pains, in various parts of the body. Especially useful in persons who are sensitive to changes in the weather and cannot bear cold weather. H. N. Guernsey thinks it one of the best remedies following childbirth and its consequences.)

Bag-like swelling over the upper eyelids.

Great general weakness and depression, with coldness and soft pulse; sensitiveness to change in the weather.

Awakens at 3 or 4 o'clock A. M.

Stitching or jerking pains in any part of body, as ears, throat, lungs, bowels, joints, rectum, liver, kidneys.

Nose stuffed up in warm room; nostrils sore, scurfy.

Nosebleed in the morning when washing the face.

Throat dry and rough, with difficulty of swallowing, food being forced down slowly, and sticking pain as from a fish-bone.

Cough, dry and hard; it awakens him at 3 or 4 o'clock A. M.; with stitching pain in right lower chest, better from bending forward, worse from lying on the affected side.

Wheezing.

Expectoration must be swallowed.

Sensation as though the stomach were full of water.

Large, difficult stool, with stitching pain in the rectum before stool.

Large, painful hæmorrhoids, with sticking pain in them from coughing.

Menstruation retarded, scanty, suppressed. Flow acrid.

Great sensitiveness of the soles of the feet and of the heels.

Worse after midnight; toward morning; after sexual intercourse; from change of weather; from eating; after eating.

Better from sitting stooped over; in the warm open air.

KALI IODATUM-Iodide of Potash.

(Indicated in coryza, coughs, secondary and tertiary syphilis, scrofulous swellings of joints (knee) with effusion; pleuritis with effusion.)

Cold begins in the head and travels downward toward the chest.

Enlargement and induration of glands.

Intense pain over the eyes and root of the nose.

Coryza, with profuse, watery, hot, acrid discharge and pain in the frontal sinus.

Pain in the chest, stitching, from the lungs to

Violent cough, worse in the morning with greenish expectoration, like soapsuds.

Arthritic rheumatism (knee) with pale swelling of the joint and stitching pain.

Severe bone pains, with great sensitiveness to touch (tibia), worse at night and during damp weather. Nodes.

Hard lumps on the skull. Bony tumors of the orbits of the eyes.

Worse at night; during damp weather.

Better in the open air; on motion.

KALI PHOSPHORICUM. Phosphate of Potash.

(Indicated in conditions due to lack of nerve force, as neurasthenia, and in adynamic states.)

Anxious, apprehensive; dreads to meet any one, even old friends. Very despondent, shy; irritable.

Headache (occipital), with inclination to vertigo; with "goneness" at the stomach; better from gentle motion. After too protracted mental effort.

Diminution of sexual energy with great prostration after sexual intercourse.

Paralytic lameness in the back and extremities, worse from exertion.

Gums spongy, receding, bleeding easily. Urine very yellow.

KALMIA LATIFOLIA. Mountain Laurel.

(Indicated in rheumatic affections, neuralgia and cardiac disease.)

Pains shoot downward and are accompanied with numbness.

Pain following the course of nerves or affecting a large area, with sense of numbness, coldness and pricking in affected parts.

Heat, swelling and redness of joints.

Fluttering sensation at the heart, causing apprehension.

Pain through the heart, extending into the shoulder blades.

Palpitation, worse from leaning forward.

Exceedingly rapid action of the heart, with difficulty of breathing.

LACHESIS—Lance-Headed Viper.

(Indicated in low fevers, septic states, and in all conditions characterized by utter prostration and blood deterioration. In diphtheria, purpura, low fevers, malignant scarlet fever. Has the reputation of great usefulness in all climacteric troubles, in the treatment of diseases arising from suppressed discharges. Chronic sore throat, with tenacious mucus sticking to the throat.)

Symptoms always worse when first awaking from sleep.

Trembling of the tongue when it is protruded; the tongue catches behind the teeth.

Tongue dry, cracked, blistered at the tip.

Flushes of heat during the climacteric.

Hæmorrhages of dark, decomposed blood from the orifices of the body.

Delirium, mumbling, loquacious; worse when waking from sleep. Suspicious, even of friends.

Intolerance of pressure about throat and abdomen. Cannot bear anything tight.

Attacks return in spring or fall, or yearly.

Worse on the left side; disease extends from left to right.

Fluids swallowed return through the nose.

Headache, left-sided, deep-seated, undulating, frontal.

Sensation of a lump in the left throat, which disappears when swallowing, but returns.

Constant desire to swallow; when swallowing, sharp pain into the ear.

Throat swollen, dark red, with gangrenous spots; worse from hot drinks. Accompanied by constitutional symptoms which are far more severe than seems warranted by the local condition.

Constipation like the excrements of sheep. Stool difficult to expel on account of constriction of sphincter ani.

Diarrhœa looking like charred straw and of cadaverous odor.

Drawing and hammering in the anus.

Copious, smarting leucorrhœa, stiffening the linen and coloring it green.

Glandular enlargements and tumors, with pain which is sharp and lancinating, and becomes burning when touched.

Skin dark, mottled (mastitis).

Eruptions, appearing slowly, turning livid or black.

Old scars redden, hurt, break open and bleed.

LEPTANDRA—Culver's Root.

(Indicated in bilious affections with tar-like stools.)

Tongue coated yellow.

Aching distress in the liver.

Stools mushy, fetid, black like tar, with sense of faintness at the stomach and weight and distress in the liver.

LILIUM TIGRINUM—Tiger Lily.

(Indicated in affections of the pelvic viscera of (unmarried) women (as displacements) and in reflex symptoms caused by them; useful in cardiac disturbances associated with pelvic diseases of women.)

Profound mental depression, with a restlessness which makes her move about constantly in an aimless, nervous, hurried manner.

Wild, crazy feeling in the head; on the top of the head.

Heart feels as though grasped in a vise; as though pressed between two hard, flat substances; waves of distress at the heart, as if it would burst; suffocating feeling about the heart; rapid action of the heart.

Weak feeling in the pelvis, as though uterus and ovaries were being dragged down, relieved by upward pressure and support.

Menses early, dark, offensive, scanty; flowing freely only while moving about.

Great sexual desire, which she seeks to control by keeping "on the go,"

Acrid, thin leucorrhœa.

Pain through the groin, shooting down the leg.

Constant pressure in the rectum, as though she must go to stool at once.

Worse from expressions of sympathy.

Better in the open air.

LOBELIA INFLATA—Indian Tobacco.

(Indicated in gastric affections with deadly nausea, vomiting and great prostration; in asthma.)

Cannot bear taste or smell of tobacco.

Headache, dull, heavy, with deathly nausea and vomiting and great prostration.

Epigastric faintness and goneness; deathly nausea and vomiting.

Dyspnœa; sense of great constriction in the chest; pressure and weight upon the chest, better from walking.

Urine of deep red color, with copious red sediment.

Worse from tobacco, from motion, from cold. Better from rapid walking, from warmth.

LYCOPODIUM-Club Moss.

(Indicated in deep-seated, chronic diseases, especially of persons who are weak muscularly, but have a keen, active brain; who are subject to digestive disturbances with much flatulency; catarrhal conditions; hepatic involvements, with tenderness and stitches in the liver, sallow complexion, yellowish spots on the abdomen; dropsy dependent upon disease of the liver; uric acid diathesis; tonsillitis; diphtheria; chronic pneumonia, especially of old people; indigestion, with flatulency and colic, of babies.)

Fan-like motion of alæ nasi.

After eating, even very little, sense of repletion and epigastric fulness; cannot eat more because he is "so full."

Ulcers under the tongue, near the frænum.

Pains begin in the right side, spreading to the left (throat, chest, abdomen, ovaries); preference for the right side.

Tongue, when protruded, sways from side to side, like a pendulum.

Sensation of coldness in inner parts.

Deep furrow on the forehead, making face look aged.

Sore throat, with stitching pain when swallowing, better from warm drinks; ulceration of right tonsil. Cough deep, hollow, with rattling of mucus; copious expectoration of mucus or of gray, purulent matter of salty taste.

Sour taste of everything; heartburn; water-brash; sour vomiting.

Aversion to bread.

Canine hunger; eating does not satisfy; headache if he does not eat when he feels like it.

Sense of hunger awakens him at night.

Excessive accumulation of flatulence in stomach and bowels (right hypochondriac region), with loud rumbling in the bowels; not relieved by belching.

Diarrhœa of thin, yellow stools, with much flatulency.

Constipation of hard, lumpy stools, with feeling after stool as though the evacuation had been incomplete. Intestinal flatulency.

Inclination to stool; at stool, spasmodic pain or constriction at anus, making the evacuation difficult.

Before urinating, intense pain in the back; red sand in the urine.

Child cries before urinating; napkin stained yellowish or reddish; sand in the napkin.

Leucorrhœa blood-red in spells, with cutting pains across the body, from right to left.

Worse from 4 to 8 P. M.; from cold food and drinks; from starchy food.

Better from warm food and drinks; from escape of flatus; from loosening garments.

MAGNESIA CARBONICA. Carbonate of Magnesia.

(Indicated in gastro-intestinal disorders, chiefly of enfeebled persons, especially women, and in diarrhœa of children, with marked acridity.)

Complaints occur or are worse every third week.

Expectoration of a little solid lump no larger than a pea, of very offensive smell.

Sour eructations, chiefly of flatus.

Diarrhœa of children; stools look like the green scum of a frog-pond; masses like tallow in the green stool; stools of undigested milk in nursing children.

Menses accompanied with cutting pain; flows only when lying down; flow ceases when walking.

Worse from change of temperature; from warmth of bed; every third week.

MAGNESIA PHOSPHORICA. Phosphate of Magnesia.

(Indicated in neuralgic pains and spasmodic affections of exhausted, languid persons, especially women and children.)

Peevish, complaining; laments over the pain she suffers.

Neuralgic pains over eyes, behind ears, in teeth, in sciatic nerve, better from application of external warmth, worse from cold (cold air, cold water).

Neuralgic pain about the heart, like angina pectoris, and palpitation.

Colic with great flatulency, causing the patient to double up, with copious belching of gas, without relief; fulness in the abdomen, obliging him to unfasten his clothing; better from warmth, pressure, rubbing.

Menstrual flow dark, membranous, too early; with ovarian pain of neuralgic character.

Worse on the right side; from touching anything cold.

Better from warmth, pressure, bending double.

MERCURIUS—Quicksilver.

(Indicated in a great variety of affections, characterized by aggravation from damp, rainy weather and at night, constant and copious sweating without relief, and flabby tongue with indentation of teeth. Of service in involvement of glandular and lymphatic structures; in sore throats, diphtheria, hepatic derangements, diarrhœa, catarrh (nose, throat, ears, respiratory organs, genital mucous membrane, etc.), with tendency to involvement of the deep structures; gastric and bilious fevers of a lingering type; venereal diseases.)

Copious sweating without relief.

Bone-pains, worse at night.

Face pale, earthy, dirty.

All the symptoms worse at night.

Tongue dirty-white, yellowish, large, flabby, showing indentations of the teeth.

Creeping chilliness, worse in the evening.

Glandular enlargements, with tendency to copious sweating; glands enlarge from every cold.

Headache, semi-lateral, in the temple, as if head would burst, with soreness and tired aching in the nape of the neck.

Gums spongy, receding, easily bleeding, ulcerated.

Salivation, with fetid breath and foul, coppery taste.

Ulcers in mouth and throat, irregular, of dirty, unhealthy appearance; lardaceous, with dark redness of surrounding tissues.

Membranous deposits on the throat, thick, gray, with shreddy borders.

Nostrils raw, ulcerated, with swelling and soreness of nasal bones and thick, greenish, puslike discharge.

Cough dry, hard, racking, especially at night. Cough with expectoration of heavy, acrid, yellowish mucus, at times mixed with blood, of putrid or salty taste.

Diarrhœa; stools green, slimy, bloody; marked tenesmus during and after stool; "cannot get done;" cutting colic; worse at night.

Worse at night; from damp weather; from warmth of room or bed; from sweating.

MERCURIUS CORROSIVUS. Corrosive Sublimate.

(Indicated chiefly in dysentery; when to the indications of Mercury is added an element of intensity and a tendency to destruction of tissue lacking in the other mercurials.)

Diarrhea, dysentery; stools yellow, green, followed by slime and blood; with severe, cutting, colicky pain; tenesmus almost constant, but especially violent during and for some time after stool; tenesmus almost continuous, with brief intervals; tenesmus extends into the bladder; after stool, burning in the rectum and anus.

Chilliness between the stools.

Urine scanty, suppressed.

Urine contains substance looking like flesh.

MERCURIUS CYANATUS. Cyanuret of Mercury.

(Indicated chiefly in diphtheria.)

Throat intensely inflamed, of vivid red; feels raw and sore, with great difficulty in swallowing.

Throat and buccal cavity covered with tough, grayish membrane, with ulceration of underlying deep tissues.

Necrosis of soft structures, especially soft palate and fauces.

MERCURIUS IODATUS FLAVUS. Yellow Iodide of Mercury.

(Indicated in the common forms of sore throat, with pronounced tendency to glandular enlargements.)

Preference for the right side.

Tongue coated thickly, red at tip and edges, yellow at the base.

Tongue flabby, showing imprint of teeth.

Small ulcers on the posterior throat; patches in the throat.

Swelling of cervical and parotid glands.

MEZEREUM—Spurge Olive.

(Indicated in certain affections of the skin and bones, and in neuralgia; seems best adapted to persons of light complexion, hesitating, irresolute.)

Sensitiveness to cold air.

Desire for ham-fat.

Roots of the teeth decay; neuralgia of (left) face and teeth in the evening, better from dry heat (stove).

Pain in neck, back, hips, knee, long bones; worse at night, from motion, during damp weather.

Head covered with thick, tough crust, under which pus collects; hair matted together; very offensive and difficult to keep clean.

Skin covered with intolerably itching, moist eczema, worse in bed; itching eruptions after vaccination.

Zona, with burning pain.

Ulcers with thick, yellowish scab, covering thick pus; ulcers bleed when dressed.

Testicles swollen; violent sexual desire.

Worse from cold; from touch; from motion; at night.

MOSCHUS-Musk.

(Indicated in functional diseases of the nervous system (faintings, palpitation of the heart, hysteria, etc.), associated with flatulency, tremblings, disposition to faint, and sense of great coldness.)

Vertigo from even slight motion; sensation as though falling from a height.

External chilliness, internal heat.

Hiccough of nervous origin.

Copious flow of urine.

Appetite deranged; does not care to eat, but craves stimulants.

Great distension of abdomen from flatulency.

Nervous palpitation of the heart, with sense of trembling at the heart and weak pulse.

Oppression of the chest, with hysterical excitement. Asthma.

Paralysis of the lungs.

Sexual system unhinged; voluptuous tingling in the genitalia, with intense sexual desire.

Too early and too copious menstruation, preceded by pressure downward and feeling as though she were about to menstruate.

Worse from cold.

Better from rubbing; in the open air; from warmth.

NATRUM MURIATICUM Chloride of Sodium.

(Indicated chiefly in anæmic and chlorotic states and in chronic manifestations of malarial poisoning. In muscular affections of the eyes. Anæmic headaches of young girls at school.)

Sad, weeping mood, without cause, worse from having consolation offered.

Great liability to take cold.

Eats heartily and good food, but gets thinner all the time.

Desire for salt; aversion to bread.

The throat and neck, especially of children sick with summer diarrhoea, are so thin and scrawny as to attract attention.

Hang-nails; skin around nails is dry and cracked.

Tongue burning, tingling, mapped; feels as though a hair were on it.

Eyes feel sore and bruised; copious, burning, acrid lachrymation; eyes water freely when he coughs.

Headache as though a thousand little hammers were knocking upon the brain (fevers).

Headache from sunrise to sunset, left-sided, intense, bursting, with nausea and vomiting.

Constipation with sense of constriction at the anus; anal fissures; stools crumbling, difficult to expel because of the sense of constriction.

Involuntary escape of urine when laughing coughing, walking.

Chill followed by heat with violent thirst.

Fever blisters, looking like pearls, on the lips and about mouth.

Backache, with feeling as though firm pressure would relieve it.

Menses irregular, profuse, with bearing-down pains, especially in the morning.

Leucorrhœa, acrid, watery, irritating.

Urticaria all over, especially after violent exercise; raw, red, burning eczema; eruptions on margin of scalp, behind the ears, in the bend of the limbs.

Worse at 10 or 11 o'clock A. M. (chill); near the sea; from heat of the sun or stove; from lying down.

Better from bathing; in the open air.

NUX VOMICA-Poison Nut.

(Indicated in persons of nervous, irritable habit; thin, spare, preferably of sedentary life and subject to much mental strain; given to the use of stimulants; inclined to constipation and ready recourse to tonics, cathartics and patent medicines.)

Irritable, sullen, fault-finding.

Sleepiness in the early evening; cannot keep awake.

Awakes at 3 A. M.; lies awake thinking of all sorts of things; after an hour, or two, drops to sleep again; in the morning he gets up feeling wretched and used up.

Dull, heavy headache, frontal, over the eyes, in the occiput; with dizziness, soreness of the scalp, and feeling as though pressure against something hard would relieve.

Head feels distended and sore within; after a debauch.

Coryza; one nostril discharges, the other is stopped up; sometimes alternating; nose running during the day, stopped up at night; acrid discharge.

Tight, dry, hacking cough, at times with bloody expectoration.

Chilliness and shivering, with blueness of the nails; on being uncovered, yet he does not allow himself to be covered. Dry heat of the body.

Lameness and bruised soreness in the small of the back; worse from lying down.

Backache, rheumatic, severe; when in bed, cannot turn without first getting into a sitting position.

Indigestion; sour stomach; weight and pain in stomach; sour and bitter eructations.

Ravenous hunger prior to an attack of indigestion.

Difficult belching of gas from the stomach.

Wants to vomit, but finds it difficult, even impossible.

Oppressed breathing, as from tightness around hypochondria.

Constipation from inefficient, spasmodic peristalsis.

Frequent and unsatisfactory attempts at stool; "cannot get done."

Constant uneasiness in the rectum.

Itching, blind hæmorrhoids, painful, with ineffectual urging.

Alternate diarrhœa and constipation.

Menses irregular, dark, with labor-like pain and feeling as though the bowels wanted to move.

Heavy chill, with blue finger-nails.

Chilliness from slightest motion or uncovering. Sour sweating on one side of the body.

Worse usually on right side; in chest on left;

in the morning; from mental effort; from uncovering the body; in the open air; from excitement.

Better from a nap, if allowed to finish it; from being dressed warmly; from lying still; from getting warm; in bed.

OPIUM.

(Indicated in a grave class of diseases, chiefly of the brain, characterized by profound sopor or coma, with heavy, continuous, stertorous breathing; dark, livid face; hot sweat, especially about the head; hence its use in coma vigil, apoplectic states, and in exanthema when there is retrocession of the rash followed by brain symptoms. Used also in lead colic and in stubborn constipation due to paralysis of the intestinal muscular fiber.)

Drowsy, yet unable to sleep; hearing is so acute that he hears distant noises (crowing of roosters), which keeps him awake.

Delirium, with constant talking; puffed, red, hot face.

Heavy sopor; lies with eyes open; heavy, continuous snoring during inspiration and expiration.

Stertor, stupor, coma, with livid, hot face, contracted pupil, unequal breathing; lies like a log, complaining of nothing, wanting nothing.

Coma; face deathly pale; eyes glassy, half-closed.

Picking of clothes during sleep.

Besotted expression of the face.

Tongue dry, parched, blackish; tongue paralyzed.

Urine retained; bladder full to bursting; paralysis of bladder.

Intense thirst.

Jerking of muscles; twitching of limbs; convulsions.

Entire absence of desire for stool; when at stool, fæces protrude, then recede.

Stubborn constipation; stools of hard, black balls.

Worse during and after sleep; from warmth; from sweating.

Better from cold; from constant walking.

PETROLEUM.

(Indicated in diseases of the skin, sea-sickness, and occipital headaches with nausea and vertigo.)

Imagines that somebody is lying near him in bed.

Occipital headache, extending into the vertex, with stiffness in the neck relieved by rapid motion of the head, with vertigo and nausea.

The tips of the fingers become very sore and cracked, worse in cold weather.

Eczema, raw, smarting, moist, worse in cold weather.

Eruptions with thick crusts and deep cracks, on the hands.

Herpes (scrotum), fiery red, raw, with burning and oozing of sticky fluid.

PHOSPHORUS.

(Indicated in low states, like typhoid fever, with painless diarrhœa, hepatic and splenic enlargement and hæmorrhagic tendency; in fatty degeneration of heart, liver and pancreas: in many diseases of the respiratory tract, as laryngitis, bronchitis, pneumonia, phthisis and chronic coughs, with absence of fever, and tendency to bleeding from trifling causes; in gastric ulcer, hæmatemesis, gastritis, gastralgia with burning, constrictive, knife-like pain; in diseases of the liver, as jaundice, especially of a severe type, and cirrhosis; in diseases of the pancreas; in nervous affections, as chorea, paralysis, brain-fag, softening of the brain, insanity, especially with ideas of grandeur; in diabetes; in caries of bones, as lower jaw, nasals, vertebræ; in sexual exhaustion and the evils attending it; well adapted to tall, thin persons of amative disposition, with a history of sexual excesses, and to cases of a pronounced hæmorrhagic diathesis.)

Headache, superficial, violent, tearing, occurring in single shocks, with heat and fulness in the head and buzzing in the ears.

Skin of forehead feels too tight.

Tearing pain (facial neuralgia) as though the flesh were torn off the bone.

Swelling and necrosis of lower jaw.

Pricking and stinging pain in decayed teeth; gums recede and bleed easily.

Red, dry stripe through the center of the tongue.

Thirst for very cold water, which is thrown up as soon as it gets warm in the stomach.

Burning and gnawing pain in a circumscribed spot in the stomach, extending back into the spine.

Constipation of long, slender, narrow, tough stools, passed with difficulty.

Stools watery, containing bits of fatty substance like tallow.

Gushing diarrhœa, like water from a hydrant, exhausting.

Loss of control over sphincter ani; oozing of liquids from constantly open anus.

Larynx dry, very sore, so he cannot talk; with tightness and feeling of excoriation in upper chest.

Hoarseness and aphonia; brought on by protracted loud speaking.

Dry, tickling or hollow, spasmodic cough, with tightness across the chest.

Cough jars the whole body; worse from going from a warm room into the cold air; from laughing or talking; from lying on left side or back.

Expectoration chiefly in the morning; frothy, bloody, rust-colored; purulent, white, tough; of cold mucus; sour, sweet, salty.

Urine thick, turbid, like curdled milk, with brick-dust sediment and opalescent, variegated cuticle on top.

Irresistible sexual desire in men, with loss of power.

Chill extends downward, heat upward.

Slight wounds and polypi bleed much; pustules containing blood; hæmorrhagic diathesis.

Worse from sweating; from getting hands and feet wet; from lying on painful side.

Better from lying on the right side; from cold food.

PHYTOLACCA—Poke-Root.

(Indicated in sore throat, chiefly diphtheria, with grayish deposit and abundant tough, sticky mucus; chronic rheumatism, especially in the hip and thigh, worse from any change in the weather; bone pains (syphilis). Useful in mastitis.)

Throat dark red, purplish; soft palate and tonsils swollen; feeling of a lump in the throat.

Throat covered with grayish-white pseudo-membrane.

Swallowing difficult, accompanied with intense pain extending into and through the ears; cannot swallow hot drinks.

Throat and mouth filled with thick, tenacious, ropy mucus, which it is almost impossible to dislodge; it sometimes runs out of the mouth in long tenacious strings, difficult to remove.

Great hardness and sensitiveness of the mammæ; cracks in the nipples; sore places around the nipple; nursing causes intense pain radiating from the nipple to other parts.

Pain in the extremities, burning, lancinating, shooting, like electric shocks, changing location often.

Boils and carbuncles, with burning pain in them; worse at night; glandular swellings.

Worse during rain; from damp, cold weather; at night; from motion.

PLATINUM.

(Indicated in affections, chiefly of women, resting upon a neurotic basis, as hysteria, melancholia, particularly religious and sexual, and mania, especially puerperal; in these, exaltation of self, fear of death and a remarkable degree of sexual excitement are nearly always present. Also of service in neuralgia (face, head, stomach, ovaries) with a sense of numbness in the parts; ovarian and uterine affections of women who have excessive menstrual flow of dark, clotted blood, albuminous leucorrhœa, and nervous symptoms of reflex origin. In constipation and colic due to lead-poisoning.)

Overpowering selfesteem; arrogance; haughtiness; she feels far superior to her associates.

Objects about her seem smaller than they are; her own stature seems to have increased.

Pain cramp-like, squeezing, crushing (head, root of the nose).

Pain increases and decreases gradually.

Numbness of different parts.

Stools like soft clay, passed with difficulty; they adhere to rectum and anus.

Pressing, cutting and bearing-down in the abdomen and throughout the pelvis, then passing to the sacrum.

Albuminous leucorrhœa.

Menorrhagia of dark, clotted blood. Sexual passion increased to nymphomania. Worse from rest; in the evening. Better from motion.

PLUMBUM METALLICUM—Lead.

(Indicated chiefly in diseases of spinal origin (sclerosis, paralysis, locomotor ataxia), in neuralgia, colic of a violent character (painter's colic); constipation. Has been used in strangulated hernia and intussusception, and in Bright's disease.)

Complexion sallow, cachectic, yellow, corpselike; face expressive of suffering.

Stubbornly persistent coldness (almost contraindicated by fever).

Rapid and great emaciation, with anæmia and general weakness.

Headache; heavy; as of a ball arising from the throat to the brain.

Constriction in œsophagus; can swallow liquids, but not solids.

Intense cardialgia, causing the patient to bend backward; with board-like hardness of abdomen; somewhat relieved by pressure.

Violent colic, worst near the umbilicus and from there spreading to different parts; remarkable retraction of the abdomen, as though it touched the spine.

Stools small, in hard lumps or balls, like excrements of sheep; with spasmodic contraction of sphincter ani.

Pains constrictive or pricking, or as though

molten lead were coursing in the veins, or as though the sensitive nerves were touched with ice, or like lightning.

Worse at night; from light touch. Better from pressure.

PODOPHYLLUM—May-Apple.

(Indicated in diarrhœa, cholera infantum, cholera morbus. The morning aggravation and the tendency to anal prolapse are valuable indications. Of service in bilious states generally, with gastro-intestinal symptoms; alternating diarrhœa and constipation.)

All the symptoms (diarrhœa, headache, etc.) worse in the morning, getting better as the day advances.

Rolling of the head from side to side, with moaning.

Great desire to press the gums together (diarrhœa of teething children).

Vomiting, protracted, with severe epigastric pain; the effort to vomit continues after stomach is emptied, affecting the duodenum, resulting in vomiting of bile and blood.

Colic of infants; severe; with retraction of the abdomen.

Diarrhœa of copious, large stools, which do not seem to weaken the patient.

Diarrhœa preceded by griping and colic, with heat and pain in the anus.

Diarrhoea watery, gushing, foul, painless, in the morning, driving him out of bed, better as the day passes.

Stools preceded by heat in the abdomen; followed by feeling of great emptiness.

Prolapsus ani before and with stool; after stool; from least motion.

Prolapsus uteri; bearing down toward the vulva, as if the pelvic contents would issue through the vulva, with anal prolapse.

Worse in the morning; during hot weather; after eating and drinking.

PULSATILLA-Wind Flower.

(Indicated in many affections of women and children or in persons of mild disposition; in women of light complexion, inclined to plumpness, with scanty, delayed menstrual flow; derangements of puberty; delay of the first menstruation; threatened abortion. Frequently used in treatment of indigestion, diarrhæa, functional nervous affections, catarrh of different parts (eyes, ears, nose, respiratory tract, vagina); measles; rheumatic pains, etc.)

Mild, gentle, changing disposition; easily moved to laughter or to tears.

Intolerance of pain.

Thirstlessness.

Chilliness in warm room, without thirst.

Face pale, with sensation of internal heat (head).

Pains drawing, tearing; as from an internal ulcer; worse from touch.

Pain gradually increases until very acute, then lets up with a snap (toothache).

Pains worse in the evening, up to 11 o'clock or midnight; with chilliness without thirst; better from motion and cool air,

Pains shift from place to place; with chilliness (rheumatism).

All the discharges are bland, thick, yellowishgreen (eyes, nose, expectoration, leucorrhœa). Perceptible pulsations in the pit of the stomach. Menses retarded, scanty; amenorrhœa.

Tongue coated white; taste bitter, sour, foul; taste of food remains in the mouth for a long time after eating.

Aversion to fat and to warm food.

Coryza with loss of smell and taste; yellowishgreen discharge; cannot breathe in a warm room.

Hoarseness coming and going without cause. Cough; dry in the evening and night, loose in the morning; expectoration bland, thick.

Pain in the middle of the thorax as from an internal ulcer (cough).

Diarrhœa: no two stools alike.

Leucorrhœa thick, like cream or milk.

Worse in warm, close room; at twilight; in the evening up to midnight; from eating rich food or pastry.

Better in the open air; in a cool room; from eating cold food or drink.

RANUNCULUS BULBOSUS — Buttercup.

(Indicated in rheumatic and neuralgic affections, particularly in diaphragmitis and pleurodynia; in affections of the nerves associated with burning eruptions of the skin, as herpes zoster.)

Severe sticking and bruised pain in lower ribs, rendering breathing difficult and painful, with sense of great, deep soreness.

Severe sticking pain in different parts of the chest, interfering with breathing, worse from pressure, motion, change of weather.

Sharp, shooting pain, extending to hypochondria and back.

Herpes; vesicles are filled with bluish-black serum and follow the course of the nerves; accompanied with severe burning and itching.

Worse from sudden change of temperature; from damp weather.

RHEUM-Rhubarb.

(Indicated in diarrhœa, chiefly of children, with distinctly sour smell of the stools and of the child.)

Profuse sweating of the scalp; the hair is always wet.

Diarrhœa, with colic when uncovering, before and after stool; stools pasty, sour-smelling, fermented, green; sometimes look like chopped egg.

Stools followed by shivering, then urging, with constriction of the intestines.

First part of stool soft, then hard; with cutting colic.

Worse from uncovering; from eating.

RHUS TOXICODENDRON-Poison Ivy.

(Indicated in complaints from getting wet, from lying on the damp ground, from straining a single part, as in overlifting; in fevers, including those of adynamic type; erysipelas in any part, especially in the face; muscular rheumatism, including the heart; neuralgia, neuritis; sciatica, neuralgic and rheumatic pains; peritonitis, typhlitis, enteritis; exanthemata with erysipelatous and typhoid tendency; purpura hæmorrhagica.)

Lameness, stiffness, soreness when first moving about (as in the morning, when first getting up from sleep or rest), better from motion until compelled to rest from weariness.

Restlessness at night, compelling frequent change of position.

Sensorium cloudy, muddled.

Acrid state of the secretions.

Constant desire to yawn, which becomes painful.

Prominences of bones are tender to touch.

Tearing, jerking pains in the spinal nerves, in single muscles, with bruised pain in the small of the back; lameness, stiffness, soreness in the sacral region.

Tongue red and dry at the edges; dry, brown, cracked, sore, with red triangular space at the tip of the tongue.

Tearing pain in the limbs, tendons, fasciæ; great muscular soreness and lameness.

Cough, with feeling as though cold air were passing through the trachea; short, painful; with expectoration of small blackish lumps in the morning.

Dry, teasing cough from midnight till morning; before and during chill.

Pain in the groin; deep-seated, bearing-down, like labor-pains.

Menstrual flow copious, dark, acrid.

During fevers, relief from nasal or uterine bleeding.

Diarrhœa; slimy, bloody, or frothy and painless; involuntary; of cadaverous odor.

Urine dark, turbid, with white sediment.

Skin swollen, inflamed, involving the deeper layers; with intense itching; tendency to suppuration.

Worse in cold, wet, rain; at night; during rest. Better from warm, dry weather; while in motion; from change of position; from warm applications; from lying upon something hard.

RUMEX CRISPUS—Yellow Dock.

(Indicated in coughs provoked by tickling in the pit of the throat or by touching it; aggravated by inhaling cold air; soothed by breathingin warm air and by warmth in any form. Larynx and trachea are very sensitive. In the early stage of whooping cough; night cough of phthisis. Used also in gastric disorders, especially from excessive tea drinking, and in gastralgia.)

Cough dry, teasing, incessant, with great sensitiveness of larynx and trachea; provoked by tickling in the throat; worse from using the voice, from inhaling cold air, at night; stops when the face is covered with the bedclothes.

Tickling cough behind the sternum.

Watery, brown diarrhea, early in the morning, driving the patient out of bed, with tickling in the throat, provoking dry cough.

SAMBUCUS NIGER—Elder.

(Indicated in affections of the respiratory organs, chiefly of children; Millar's asthma; sniffles of infants; laryngitis; spasmodic croup. Also nephritis with dropsy.)

Violent dry cough, with hoarseness and rattling of mucus in the throat.

Paroxysmal, suffocative cough, at midnight, with great difficulty of breathing.

Child awakens suddenly, almost strangling, jumps into a sitting position, turning blue in the face, unable to expire.

Skin becomes dry and hot while the patient is asleep, but sweats profusely as soon as he awakens.

Most of the pains occur during rest and disappear during motion.

Worse upon awaking from sleep; from being quiet.

Better from sitting up; during motion.

SANGUINARIA CANADENSIS. Bloodroot.

(Indicated in catarrhal affections of the respiratory tract; nasal catarrh with pain over the root of the nose; laryngitis, croup, ædema of glottis; even in the cough of phthisis and pneumonia; in headaches from cold and in neuralgic pain in the head. Also in sore throats.)

Headache with flushes of heat and determination of blood to the head; circumscribed redness of the cheeks; vertigo.

Headache with dizziness and transitory sickness at the stomach, followed by uneasiness in the bowels and stool, affording relief.

Periodical headache (as every seventh day or at return of the climacteric), occipital or settling over the right eye, with gastric disturbance and vomiting, dizziness, shivering, etc.

Headache begins in the morning, getting worse during the day, wearing off in the evening and from sleep.

Throat feels sore, burnt, scalded; roof of mouth sore and scalded; rheumatic sore throat especially on the right side; ulcers in the throat. Great sense of dryness.

Cough dry, harsh, whistling (croup); with tickling in the throat pit; extending beneath the sternum; hoarseness; aphonia.

Expectoration tough, offensive, rust-colored. Rheumatism of right shoulder and nape of neck; cannot raise the arm.

Worse from motion.

Better from sleep (headache), from darkness, from acids.

SECALE—Ergot.

(Indicated in septic conditions, as puerperal mania; in diarrhœa of a grave character, dysentery, Asiatic cholera; in passive hæmorrhages; in gangrene (senile). In all these the serious nature of the affection is shown by evidence of collapse, foulness of discharges, suppression of urine, unquenchable thirst, coldness of the body to touch, hæmorrhagic tendency. Also of value in spinal disease with cramping, formication and numbness, and loss of motor power.)

Face pale, sunken, hippocratic; anxious; eyes fixed, staring, with dark blue circles around them.

Great anxiety; fear of death.

Pulse small, rapid, contracted, intermitting.

Extremities, especially tips of fingers and toes, cold and numb.

Passive hæmorrhages of dark, thin blood; hæmorrhagic diathesis.

Great debility, without previous loss of fluids. The flesh feels cold to the touch, but the patient refuses to be covered.

Urine suppressed.

Trembling and unsteadiness of the whole body; paralytic weakness; paralysis.

Sighing, anxious respiration, with almost inaudible voice. Cramps in the arms and legs; of extensor muscles.

Burning pain in the flesh, as though caused by sparks of fire.

Ravenous hunger (diarrhœa); unquenchable thirst (diarrhœa.)

Vomiting of coffee-ground fluid, with hiccoughing.

Intense burning pain in the stomach and abdomen, with vomiting.

Diarrhœa profuse, watery, dark, putrid; painless, but very exhausting; comes with a gush; anus wide open. Involuntary stools.

Skin dark, shriveled, mottled, cold to touch; burning in the skin, relieved by leaving the part uncovered; petechiæ; small boils which mature and heal slowly and are very painful.

Dark, offensive leucorrhœa.

Worse from heat, from warm covering.

Better from being uncovered, from cold.

SEPIA-Cuttle-Fish Juice.

(Indicated principally in diseases of women, preferably of dark hair, rigid fibre, mild disposition; in menstrual irregularities, uterine displacements, affections occurring during pregnancy, lying-in, and lactation; in the constipation connected with these troubles. Described as "the washer-woman's remedy;" "everything goes to the back.")

Yellow spots on the face; yellow saddle across the nose.

Burning pain and sensation of dragging in small of the back.

Attacks of prostration and sinking weakness, coming on suddenly, without actual fainting.

Goneness and faintness at the epigastrium, better from eating.

Backache, worse from standing and walking better from sitting or lying down.

General pelvic distress, better from pressure from without and from crossing the legs.

Pressing and dragging sensation over sacrum and hips, with burning pressure in the spine.

All the pains seem to go to the back.

Great sensitiveness to cold air; deficiency of vital heat.

Indifference to everything; indolent, dreads even to think of doing anything; dreads meeting an old friend; sad; weeps easily. Tongue foul, but clean during menses.

Taste offensive, slimy, putrid, like rotten egg, with eructations of the same character.

Constipation; stools hard, knotty, in balls; sense of weight or of a ball in the anus, not relieved by stool; stool difficult, with pain in the rectum, lasting for a long time.

Child wets the bed as soon as it goes to sleep. Urine deposits a pinkish sediment, firmly adhering to the vessel. Offensive.

Herpetic eruptions in isolated spots on the upper part of the body; itching not better from scratching, but changing to a burning sensation.

Worse from cold; from sexual excesses; in the evening.

Better in the warm bed; from hot applications.

SILICEA—Silica.

(Indicated in conditions due to imperfect assimilation of food and to innutrition. Frequently employed during the development of suppurative processes, over which it has a marked influence, both in preventing suppuration and in controlling excessive pus-formation and its consequences. It is an antipsoric of far-reaching power, and as such often proves of great efficacy in conditions which seem beyond its range of action, as epilepsy. Its chief sphere of usefulness is: suppurative processes, as abscesses, joint-disease. carbuncle; scrofulous affections of the bone, rachitis, Pott's disease, necrosis, etc.; glandular affections; eczema and eruptions inclined to ulcerate; old, offensive catarrhs; all sorts of abscesses, as tonsillitis and hepatic abscesses; cough of phthisis, with very fetid expectoration; bronchorrhæa, especially of old people.)

Coldness of the body, with moisture of the feet.

Head and neck wet from sweating, especially at night; likes to have them wrapped up.

Offensive sweating of hands, feet, axillæ; rawness between the toes.

Sensation of a hair on the tongue.

Painless swelling of glands.

Tendency to suppuration of every little hurt.

Sensitiveness to cold air; shivers all over from slight cause.

Finger nails yellow, brittle, crumpled; ingrowing nails.

Hard cough when lying down, with expectoration of thick yellow lumps.

Copious expectoration of foul, muco-purulent matter.

Constipation before and during menses.

Difficult expulsion of soft stools; they seem to recede.

Leucorrhœa, milky, acrid, during urination.

Worse in the morning, from washing, from uncovering, when menstruating.

Better from warmth; from wrapping up the parts.

SPIGELIA-Pinkroot.

(Indicated principally in neuralgia of the head (feeling as if the skull would open), ciliary, facial, intercostal, intestinal, cardiac, the pain radiating from a central point; in inflammation of the heart (endocarditis, pericarditis) and of the eye (iritis). Used as an anthelmintic and for the symptoms due to the presence of worms in children.)

Pain begins at a certain point and radiates from there in every direction.

Pains followed by extreme soreness; pressing from within outward (as in the head and eyes).

Hypersensitiveness to touch, the slightest touch being unbearable; aggravation from the slightest jar.

Exaltation of special senses; his voice sounds to him like a bell whose vibrations hurt his head.

Fever heat with desire for external heat.

Prosopalgia with tearing, shooting pain in cheek, lower jaw, temple, eyes; periodical, lasting from sunrise to sunset, worst in the middle of the day.

Headache, pressing in right temple, involving the eye; worse from motion and noise; from making a false step; from lying on the back.

Eyes, when moved, pain as though too large for the socket. Trembling pulse which can hardly be counted. Purring noise about the heart like the purring of a cat.

Pulsations of the heart violent, audible to patient, visible to others.

Palpitation in the morning, on sitting down, on rising from bed.

Worse from slipping or misstep; from blowing nose; from expiration; from touching the affected part; from lying on back; from walking in the open air; from worms.

Better while taking an inspiration; from lying with head high.

SPONGIA TOSTA—Roasted Sponge.

(Indicated in affections of larynx and trachea (as croup and asthma) with sense of great dryness, tightness, and difficulty of breathing; acts best in children of lax fibre and light complexion, with glandular enlargements. Also used in treatment of goitre, orchitis and cardiac affections; occasionally in the coughs of pneumonia and pulmonary phthisis.)

Sensation as though a plug were in the larynx, impeding respiration.

Great dryness of the respiratory tract, with sensitiveness of larynx to touch, and tickling which provokes cough.

Cough dry, barking, croupy.

Cough dry, sibilant, like a saw driven through a pine board, with anxiety; increased by excitement.

Cough awakens him out of a sound sleep, a little before midnight.

Burning sensation in the throat after coughing.

Bronchial catarrh, with loose, wheezing, asthmatic cough, suffocative feeling and copious expectoration.

Expectoration yellow, tenacious, salty.

Hard swelling of the glands (thyroid).

Worse before midnight, in the wind, from going upstairs, from smoking from lying with head low.

Better from warm drinks.

STANNUM-Tin.

(Indicated in coughs, chiefly chronic, with abundant expectoration and feeling of great weakness in the throat and chest. In neuralgia (headache about the eyes, intestinal, intercostal); in troubles due to worms, and occasionally in nervous affections with twitching of muscles and paralytic weakness).

Hopelessly discouraged; extreme mental and bodily exhaustion.

Pain constrictive, as though from a tight band; gradually increases and decreases in the same manner; "twelve hours in coming, twelve hours in going"; (headache, neuralgia).

All-gone feeling in the stomach.

Spasmodic twitching in forearm and hands, making him drop things; paralytic weakness.

Weakness of the legs; they give out.

Cough deep, hoarse, hollow, violent, concussive; excited by the use of the voice; with great weakness in throat and chest; oppressive breathing; pain in the pit of the stomach when coughing.

Copious expectoration, tasting salty or sweetish.

Colic better from hard pressure over chair or table; in children from being carried over the shoulder. Stools papescent, thin, with creeping chills. Urging, with passage of worm-like mucous threads.

Worse from using the voice; from lying on the right side; from moving.

Better from coughing and raising; from hard pressure.

STRAMONIUM-Thorn Apple.

(Indicated in affections of the nervous system, as suggested by the symptoms. In delirium tremens with terrifying hallucinations; in convulsions from fright and in hysterical convulsions generally; in puerperal mania with lewd imaginings and speech; insanity; scarlet fever with brain symptoms, the eruption being tardy or suppressed; spasmodic asthma; hydrophobia; chorea when the choreic movements involve now one set of muscles, then another.)

Face red, hot, bloated; eyes staring and wild. Delirium with terrifying hallucinations, as of wild beasts chasing him. Loquacious, constantly going from one subject to another; merry delirium; great lewdness and obscenity.

Complains that it is dark in the room and demands light.

Diplopia; sees things a little above and to left of the original.

Throat feels very dry to him, although in reality moist.

Aversion to liquids; the sight of water or anything suggesting it (mirror) causes spasmodic contraction of the throat and great difficulty of swallowing.

Painlessness of all complaints.

Suppression of urine.

Convulsive action of single muscles or of groups of muscles; without loss of consciousness.

Worse in a dark room; when alone; from trying to swallow; when looking at a bright object, as a mirror.

Better when not alone; when the room is lighted brightly; from warmth.

SULPHUR.

(Indicated in scrofulous conditions, in persons of uncleanly habits, lank and stoop-shouldered, in affections resulting from the suppression of an eruption; in those subject to venous congestion and disturbed portal circulation. Characterized by periodicity and relapses. General inertia, aggravation from standing, acridity of the discharges, tendency of the skin to ulcerate from slight injury and, in children, dislike of being washed, are reliable indications. Frequently used in acute diseases when the indicated remedy fails to act, under the belief that it "clears up" the case or stimulates vital reaction. It holds to chronic diseases a relation similar to that of Aconite to acute affections.)

Delusions; thinks he is rich; vile things, if he likes them, seem beautiful to him; thus, rags may seem to him beautiful garments.

Averse to physical or mental exertion; lazy, shiftless, selfish.

Child dislikes to be washed.

Feet cold, top of the head hot; feet cold during the day, burning hot at night.

Profuse, offensive sweating of single parts (armpits, between the legs).

Gone, empty feeling at the stomach at 11 A. M. Milk disagrees.

Scalp dry; hair and skin harsh; hair falls out; dry, scaly eruption, with burning from scratching.

Neuralgia, periodical, every twenty-four hours, from 12 to 1, increasing and decreasing gradually.

Headache, periodical, with heat on top of the head.

Lumbago, with sudden weakness in the back when getting up from a sitting posture.

Discharges (from nose, vagina, menstrual, urine, etc.) irritate the parts with which they come in contact, causing itching, smarting, burning.

Constipation of large, hard, dry, knotty stools; painful; alternating with diarrhœa.

Constipation with ineffectual urging before and after stool, followed by severe aching and sticking pain in the rectum.

Diarrhœa; painless; drives him out of bed; with prolapsus ani and bleeding piles.

Redness and itching about the anus.

Chest feels heavy; can't breathe; must have fresh air.

Morning cough with greenish, purulent, sweetish expectoration.

Skin dry, hot, burning, with itching, worse from the heat of the bed; covered with dry scales; every little scratch or hurt festers; excoriations, especially in the folds of the skin; hang-nails; nipples crack, smart and burn.

Menses delayed, scanty, painful, irritating; stop suddenly.

Worse when standing; from washing in cold water; from warmth of bed.

Better in warm, dry weather; from lying on right side; from drawing up the affected limb.

TEREBINTHINA—Turpentine.

(Indicated in conditions characterized by prominence of urinary symptoms and very great tympanitis; it has with these indications proved valuable in pelvic peritonitis, abdominal dropsy, especially when following some acute disease, renal congestion, cystitis, strangury and typhoid fever.)

Tongue glassy, smooth, the papillæ not showing.

Abdomen enormously distended.

Burning pain in the region of the kidneys.

Urine scanty; bloody; smoky; has the odor of violets.

Strangury, with bloody urine.

THUJA—Arbor Vitæ.

(Indicated in the complications or sequelæ of gonorrhæa (fig-warts, gonorrhæal rheumatism and ovaritis, etc.) and the bad effects of vaccination. Used in syphilitic iritis and other complaints resting upon a syphilitic base; gonorrhæa with thin, greenish discharge and scalding during micturition. Has done good work in neuralgic headaches and in neuralgia in other parts (facial, ciliary). Adapted to the so-called hydrogenoid constitution; acts well in stout persons of dark complexion, lymphatic temperament and unhealthy skin.)

Wart-shaped excrescences, especially on hands and genitals; figwarts.

Fungoid growths which bleed from the slightest touch.

Sweating; only on uncovered parts; on perinæum; on genitals. Sweat smells sour (on genitals); like honey; fetid on the feet.

Nails brittle, deformed.

Burning, darting pain in the outer parts and in the joints.

Urine high-colored and strong; severe cutting pain after urinating.

Sensation as if water were trickling down the urethra; after urinating.

Neuralgia with extreme soreness and stabbing pain; worse from touch and motion.

Extreme sensitiveness of the vagina (during coition).

Diarrhoea. chronic: stools watery, gushing, greasy; with gurgling as though water were poured from the bunghole of a barrel.

Worse at night; from damp and cold; from coffee; from vaccination.

VERATRUM ALBUM ... White Hellebore.

(Indicated in conditions tending to collapse, as in choleraic states; this tendency, less marked, is present also in other conditions, as in cough (bronchitis, croup, whooping cough), dysmenorrhœa, cardiac weakness, etc., so exhausting the patient that the body becomes cold and the forehead is covered with cold sweat. The same coldness and exhaustion occur in the fever group and render it a valuable remedy in cases of congestive and pernicious fevers.)

Extreme weakness; too weak to hold the head up.

Extreme coldness of the body.

Cold sweat on the forehead.

Hippocratic face, pinched nose, and other symptoms of approaching collapse.

Face flushed when lying down; upon rising, it turns deathly pale, with great weakness of the pulse, cold sweat, etc., (cardiac disease).

Violent profuse vomiting and purging at the same time.

Diarrhœa; watery, gushing, profuse, worse at night, with weakness and emptiness in the bowels; flaky; followed by great prostration.

Cutting pain in the abdomen, as from knives. Abdomen sensitive, swollen.

Frightful colic, beginning in the stomach, in-

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volving the entire abdomen and radiating into the shoulder, with retching, vomiting, coldness and collapse.

Dysuria; urine green; suppression of urine.

Dysmenorrhœa with vomiting, diarrhœa, cold sweat, collapse.

Worse from wet, cold weather.

VERATRUM VIRIDE. American Hellebore.

(Indicated in violent cerebral congestion with furious delirium, intense headache, full and hard pulse, high temperature and livid face; in pelvic and other forms of congestion, with the same high arterial pressure and temperature; in inflammation involving the brain and other organs (œsophagus, peritoneum, heart, respiratory organs), with the same type of accompanying symptoms. It is well adapted to plethoric persons).

Great arterial excitement, with very high temperature.

Violent cerebral congestion with threatening convulsions.

Pulse full, slow, hard as iron; or rapid, feeble, thready.

Face bloated, livid.

Jerking and twitching (head), as though on the verge of convulsions.

Tickling, spasmodic cough; convulsive, suffocating difficulty of breathing.

ZINCUM METALLICUM-Zinc.

(Indicated principally in diseases of the brain and spine, especially when, in children, it depends upon the suppression of an exanthem or upon teething, and in adults when a neurasthenic state prevails, usually the result of anxious overwork. Thus it is employed in convulsions of children from irritation due to teething or eruptive fevers, in meningitis and in effusion within the brain, from the same cause or from tuberculosis; in the epilepsy of young children, in the headache of brainfag, including headache of overworked school-children; in locomotor ataxia: in hysteria, especially when there is paralysis of the bladder; in spinal irritation and sciatica; in such functional disorders of the female generative organs as are accompanied by abnormal sexual desire, spinal irritation and restlessness, with inability to keep the feet still. Also used in varicose veins of the legs, lead colic, and other conditions associated with the nervous conditions belonging to the drug.)

Patient cannot keep still; is in motion all the time.

Continual restless motion of the feet. Forehead cool; base of the brain hot. Intolerance of wine; cannot stand it.

Weakness, trembling and twitching of the muscles.

Convulsions, with pale face.

During sleep cries out aloud without knowing anything about it.

Vertigo, with tendency to fall toward the left side; feels as though he would fall head-long; as though he would have apoplexy.

Headache, with aching in the nape of the neck; from overwork; from anæmia.

Spinal irritation, with pain in the lower dorsal and upper lumbar region.

Urine scanty; turbid, as though mixed with clay.

Bladder seems full to bursting, but has difficulty in emptying it; has to sit down and bend backward; and even then only a little passes (hysteria).

Women feel best while menstruating; complaints come on while menses are absent.

Intense sexual excitement; in women accompanied by bearing-down in the uterus, vagina and rectum.

Worse from touch; from drinking wine; in the evening, from 5 to 7.

Better from appearance of eruptions; from discharges; while eating.



Regional Index of Symptoms.

I. HEAD AND BRAIN.

FACE.

Acon.—Tingling and numbness in —; heat; burning.

ÆTHUSA.—Expresses anguish; linea nasalis.

AILANTH —Covered with livid, purplish rash.

ANTIM. CRUD.—Crusts on chin and cheek; yellowish; pimples; cracks at corners of the mouth.

ANT. TART.—Pale, livid, distorted, twitching.

ARGENT. NITR.—Aged, withered, bluish.

ARSEN.—Pale, sunken, anxious, cachectic.

BAPT.—Besotted, dirty, cachectic.

BISMUTH.—Pale, as though had been very sick.

BORAX.—Anxious; feeling of cob-webs on —.

CAMPH.—Cold, pinched, of collapse.

CARBO VEG.—Cold, hippocratic.

CHELID. —Sallow, yellow, esp. nose and cheeks; neuralgia of — and orbit, cutting, periodical.

CICUTA.-Red.

CINA.—Twitching of muscles of —; looks sickly; blue circles around eyes.

CINCHONA.—Yellow, earthy.

COFFEA.-Hot, with red cheeks.

COLOCYNTH.—Digging, tearing, pulsating pain in left —.

CROTALUS -Swollen, besotted.

FERRUM.—Pale, sallow; fiery red from pain; red spots on cheeks.

Gelsem. — — livid, stupid; sense of contraction in muscles of —.

IPECAC.— — blue; pale rings around eyes.

LYCOPOD. - aged; deep furrows on forehead.

OPIUM.—Besotted; face hot.

PHOSPH.—Neuralgia, tearing, as though flesh were torn off.

PLUMB.—Sallow, yellow, cachectic, expressing suffering.

PULSAT.—Pale, with sensation of internal heat.

SECALE.—Pale, anxious, hippocratic; eyes staring.

SEPIA.—Yellow spots on —; yellow saddle across nose.

SPIGELIA.—Tearing, shooting pain, all day, worst at noon.

STRAMON.—Red, bloated, staring, wild.

VERATR. ALB.—Flushed when lying down, deathly pale upon rising; hippocratic; of collapse.

VERATR. VIR.—Bloated, livid.

FOREHEAD.

HELLEBOR.—Wrinkled; covered with cold sweat.

KALI IODAT.—Intense pain over eyes.

LYCOPOD.—Deep furrows on —.

Pноspн.—Skin feels too tight on —.

VERATRUM ALB.—Cold sweat on —.

ZINCUM.—Cool; base of brain hot.

HEAD.

ACID. SULPH.—Sensation as if brain were loose in skull and falling from side to side.

AILANTH.—Burning hot, with fever and anxiety.

ARNICA.—Head hot; body cool.

AURUM.-Rush of blood to -.

CALCAR.—Copious sweat about head, wetting pillow.

CARBO VEG.—Everything feels heavy on —, even hat.

CICUTA. - Sudden violent shocks in -.

CLEMATIS.—Itching of scalp; eczema on occiput.

GLONOINE.—Head feels enormously enlarged.

HELLEBOR.—Rolling of — on pillow, from side to side; screaming.

PODOPHYLLUM.—Rolling of — from side to side; with moaning.

RHEUM.—Profuse sweating of scalp; hair always wet.

SULPHUR.—Scalp dry; scaly eruption on —, which burns when scratched; skin harsh, hair falls out.

VERATRUM VIR.—Violent cerebral congestion, threatening convulsions.

ZINCUM.-Forehead cool; base of brain hot,

HEADACHE.

ACID. NITRIC.—Sensitive to light pressure; to lying on head; as though in a vise or tightly bound.

ALLIUM CEPA.—Catarrhal, frontal, worse in warm room.

ALOE. - Dull, pressing above the eyes.

ANACARD.—Better, for a short time, from eating and lying down; worse from motion.

ARGENT. MET.—Neuralgic, left-sided, with vertigo; recurring daily.

ARGENT. NITRIC.—With creepy sensation in scalp; better from tight bandage.

AURUM.—Congestive, violent, with mental and sexual excitement.

BAPTISIA.—Soreness deep in the brain.

Bellan.—Congestive, throbbing; worse from jar, noise, lying down; from having hair cut, from exposure to hot sun.

BRYONIA.—Bursting, splitting, sticking; from within outward; occipital or frontal, extending backward into neck; worse from slightest move.

CACTUS.—Congestive, pulsating; as if head were in a

CALC. CARB.—Heavy; from within outward; one part at

a time; sense of congestion; heat alternating with coldness.

CANNABIS IND.—Severe, as though head were opening and shutting or skull were being lifted.

CARBO VEG .- From every indiscretion.

CIMICIF.—As if top of head would fly off; brain feels too large for skull; severe pain in eye-balls; faint at stomach; from overstudy; loss of sleep; in uterine affections.

CINCHONA.—As though skull would burst; as though brain were loose.

CLEMATIS.—Confused; with tearing pain in brain; boring pain in the back of head.

COFFEA.—As if nail were driven into brain; as if brain were torn.

CUPRUM.—Bruised pain in brain and eye-balls when turning them.

EUPAT. PERF. - At top and back; periodical; soreness of eye-balis.

FERRUM.—Throbbing, hammering, congestive.

GELSEM.—With vertigo and dimness of vision; as of a band around occiput.

GLONOINE.—Intense, crushing, pulsating, throbbing; intolerance of warmth about head.

IGNATIA.—Congestion; inability to think; better from leaning head forward; agonizing, as if a nail were being driven into brain.

IRIS.—With nausea, salivation, profuse vomiting of bile.

KALI PHOSPH.—With vertigo; "goneness"; from mental exhaustion.

LACHESIS.-Left-sided; deep; undulating.

LILIUM.—Wild, crazy feeling in the head.

LOBELIA.—With deathly nausea, vomiting and great prostration.

MERCURY.—Semi-lateral, in temple; bursting; aching in nape of the neck.

- NATRUM MUR.—As though little hammers were knocking upon the brain; from sunrise to sunset; left side; bursting; with nausea and vomiting; of anæmia; of school-girls.
- Nux vom —Dull, heavy, frontal, over eyes, in occiput; feels distended and sore deep in; dizziness; as if pressure upon hard substance would relieve.
- PETROL. into vertex, with stiff neck; better from rapid motion of head; with vertigo and nausea.
- PHOSPH.—In shocks; superficial; with heat and fulness; buzzing in ears.
- PLUMBUM.—As if ball were arising from throat into brain.
- SANGUINARIA.—Periodical, occipital, over right eye, with shivering and nausea; with flushes of heat; congestive, redness of cheeks, vertigo; with dizziness, passing nausea, uneasiness in bowels and stool, followed by relief.
- Spigelia.—Pressing, in right temple, into eye; worse from jar, noise on the back.
- SULPHUR.—Periodical; with heat on top of head.
- ZINCUM.—Aching in nape of neck; anæmia; neurasthenia.

VERTIGO.

BELLAD.—Inclination to fall backward or to the left.

CHELIDON.—Inclination to fall forward.

- COLOCYNTH —Feels as if would fall forward when quickly turning head to the left.
- CONIUM.— when turning over in bed; when lying down; on turning to the left; from excessive use of to-bacco. Everything whirls around him, obliging him to keep perfectly quiet.
- CUPRUM. on looking up; with vanishing of vision.
- FERRUM.—— on closing eyes, going down stairs, walking over water.

Moschus. — — from slight motion; feels as though falling from a height.

ZINCUM.—Tendency to fall toward the left; as though he would fall headlong; or would have apoplexy.

DELIRIUM.

ACID. PHOSPH.—Quiet, with stupor; can be roused, but relapses.

AILANTHUS .- Muttering.

BAPTISIA.—Wandering, muttering; trying to gather the scattered parts of her body.

BELLAD. - Violent, strikes, seeks to escape.

CANTHARIS.—Furious, crying, howling, barking; intense sexual furor.

CUPRUM. - of fear,

Hyoscyamus. — about trifles; quarrelsome, obsceue, indecent.

LACHESIS —Loquacious, mumbling, worse after sleep.

OPIUM.—Talking; face hot, red, puffed; hot sweat.

PETROLEUM.—Thinks somebody is lying near him in bed.

STRAMONIUM.—Loquacious, changing topics constantly; merry; lewd; with terrifying hallucinations. Complains of darkness of room; wants light.

MOUTH, THROAT, TONGUE, ETC.

GUMS.

ACID. NITRIC.—Spongy; bleed easily.
ACID. SULPHUR.—Bleed easily.
ANTIM. CRUD.—Spongy; bleed easily.
AURUM.—Tender and ulcerated.
CREOSOT.—Spongy, with rapidly decaying teeth.
KALI PHOSPH.—Spongy, bleeding, receding.
MERCURY.—Spongy; bleed easily; receding.
PHOSPHOR.—Bleed easily; receding.

ARUM.—Sore, excoriated.
CICUTA.—Whitish, moist scurf on upper lip.
CROTALUS.—— and throat dry, without thirst.
DULCAMARA.—Cold sores on —.
HELLEBORE.—Picking of —.
NATRUM MUR.—Fever blisters like pearls on —.

TONGUE.

ACID. MURIAT.—Dry as leather; paralyzed.

AILANTHUS.-Dry, parched, cracked.

ANTIMON. CRUD —White, as though covered with milk or whitewash.

ANTIMON. TARTAR.—Coated thinly white with red papillæ; in streaks; dry in center.

APIS.—Raw, sore, scalded; red and hot at tip.

Baptisia.—Yellowish-brown; center dry; edges red; cracked, sore.

Bellad.—Red; white, with red edges; strawberry tongue.

BRYONIA. — Heavily coated white; yellowish; darkbrown and dry.

Chelidon.—Yellow; flabby, large, with imprint of teeth.

Croton.—Dry, cracked, brown in center, bright red on edges.

EUPATOR. PERFOL.—Yellow, bilious.

GELSEMIUM.—Paralytic condition of —.
HYDRASTIS.—Large, slimy, showing imprint of teeth.

Hyoscyamus.—Dry, red, cracked, protruded with difficulty.

IPECACUANHA.—Clean, even with nausea and vomiting.
IRIS.—Dry, feels scalded.

Kali Bichrom.—Mapped, broad, indented; red, smooth, slimy. LACHESIS.—Dry, cracked, blistered at tip; trembling when protruded; catches behind teeth.

LEPTANDRA. - Yellow.

Lycopodium.-Ulcers under tongue, near phrænum.

MERCURY.—Dirty-white, yellowish; flabby, showing indentations of teeth.

MERCUR. IODAT. FLAV.—Flabby, showing imprint of teeth; coated thickly; red at tip and edges; yellow at base.

NATRUM MUR.—Burning, tingling, mapped; as though a hair were on it.

OPIUM.-Dry, blackish, paralyzed.

PHOSPH.—Red stripe through the center.

PULSATILLA.-White.

RHUS.—Red and dry at edges; red triangular space at tip; cracked.

SEPIA.-Foul, but clear during menses.

SILICEA. - Sensation of a hair on -.

TEREBINTHINA.—Smooth, glassy; papillæ do not show.

TASTE.

Aconite.—Everything but water tastes bitter; of blood, when coughing.

ARNICA.—As of rotten egg.

ASAFŒT .- Fatty -, with loathing of food.

BRYONIA.-Bitter, with dry mouth.

CALCAREA CARB.—Sour.

CAUSTICUM.—Greasy.

CHELID.—Bitter.

COFFEA.—Sensitiveness of taste.

Hydrastis.—Bitter taste; "goneness at stomach."

LOBELIA.—Cannot bear taste or smell of tobacco.

LYCOPOD.—Everything tastes sour.

PULSATILLA.—Nauseous, bitter; greasy; — of food remains in mouth for a long time.

SEPIA.—Offensive, putrid, like rotten egg.

TEETH. .

ACID. PHOSPH.—Turn yellow.

CHAMOMILLA.— — ache, worse from anything warm in the mouth.

CINCHONA.—Toothache of nursing women.

COFFEA. — ache, better from holding cold water in the mouth.

CREOSOTUM.—Teeth dark, crumbly; decay rapidly; gums spongy.

IGNATIA.—Sore, tender; ache; better when chewing.

MEZEREUM.—Neuralgia, better from dry heat; roots of teeth decay.

PHOSPHORUS.—Pricking, stinging pain in teeth.

JAWS.

BRYONIA.—Chewing motion of —.

HELLEBORUS.—Motion of — as if chewing.

PHOSPHOR.—Swelling and necrosis of lower —.

PODOPHYLLUM.—Great desire to press gums together tightly, to shut the jaws firmly.

MOUTH.

ACID. MURIAT.— deep, painful ulcerations on cheek and throat; diffuse redness, followed by grayish-white exudation.

ACID. SULPHUR.— aphthæ; sour breath.

Arum. — excessively sore; picks at it; can't eat on account of soreness.

AURUM.—Fetid odor from — as from old cheese; in young girls at puberty; salivation.

BORAX.—Hot, tender; ulcers bleed easily when touched; aphthæ; can't eat.

CINA.—Pale, bluish.

HELLEBORUS.—Fetid odor; ptyalism.

HYOSCYAMUS.—Great dryness of —.

MERCURY.—Salivation; fetid breath; coppery taste; dirty, unhealthy, irregular, lardaceous ulcers.

THROAT.

- ACID. NITRIC.—Splinter-like pain when swallowing.
- AII, ANTHUS. — swollen, purple, painful; hawking of mucus; foul ulcers.
- ALLIUM CEPA, Tightness in with oppressed breathing.
- ALUMINA.—Dry, raw, rough; scraping, obliging him to cough; clearing of —.
- Ammon. Mur.—Swollen internally and externally; full; difficult swallowing; sore spot behind uvula; better from eating.
- Antimon, Tartar.—Rattling in from mucus; makes breathing difficult.
- APIS.—Deep ulcers with erysipelatous or ædematous borders.
- ARGENTUM NITRIC.-Ulcerative pain; splinter-like pain.
- Baptisia.—Foul, ulcerated; complains less of than one would think from appearance of parts.
- BARYTA CARB.—Enlargement and suppuration of tonsil after every cold.
- Bell, AD.—Soreness worse on right side; constant inclination to swallow, which is difficult, especially of liquids, which return through the nose.
- CANTHARIS.—Feels as though on fire; extreme difficulty of swallowing; aphthous ulcers covered with white, adherent crusts.
- CAPSICUM.—Dry; smarts as though from red pepper; relaxation of uvula.
- CROTALUS .- Throat and lips dry, without thirst.
- CUBEBA.-Raw and sore, with coryza.
- HEPAR SULPH.—Sore, as if a plug were in —; as of fishbone in —; desire to swallow; worse from swallowing solids.

- HYDRASTIS.—Dropping of mucus into —.
- HYOSCYAMUS.—Great dryness, rendering swallowing difficult.
- IRIS.—Hot, smarting, scalded.
- KALI BICHROM.—Dry; pseudo-membrane; pain shooting into ear; uvula looks like a bladder; faintly red.
- KALI CARBON.—Dry, rough; swallowing difficult; pain as from fish-bone.
- LACHESIS.—Swollen, dark red, with gangrenous spots; sensation of lump in left side, disappears when swallowing, but returns; constant desire to swallow, with sharp pain in ears; cannot bear pressure about —.
- Lycopodium.—Sore, with stitching pain when swallowing, better from warm drink; ulceration of right tonsil.
- MERCURY.—Irregular, dirty ulcers; thick gray, membranous deposits.
- MERCUR. CYANATUS.—Intensely inflamed; vivid red; great difficulty of swallowing; covered with tough, grayish membrane; ulceration of deep structures; necrosis of soft tissues.
- MERCUR. IODAT. FLAV.—Small ulcers on posterior —; patches; right side.
- PHYTOLACCA.—Swallowing difficult, especially of hot drinks; intense pain into and through ears; swollen; dark-purplish; grayish-white pseudo-membrane; tenacious mucus.
- PLUMBUM.—Constriction; can swallow liquids, but not solids.
- SANGUINARIA.—Sore, scalded, burnt; great dryness; ulceration.
- STRAMONIUM.—Feels very dry to him, though actually moist.

STOMACH AND GASTRIC SYMPTOMS.

STOMACH.

- ACID. OXALIC.—Excruciating pain, with vomiting; coldness between and navel.
- ANTIMON. CRUD.—Constant belching of gas.
- Apocynum.—Irritability, nausea, faintness, oppression, interfering with breathing.
- ARGENTUM NITRIC.—Pain confined to small spot between xyphoid cartilage and navel, radiating; excessive flatulency; seems would burst; noisy and difficult belching; pain better from pressure of clinched fist.
- ARNICA.-Pressure as from a stone.
- Arsenicum.—Bitter, sour eructations, exceedingly irritating, burning pain.
- As a FET.—Flatulency; feels that eructations would relieve, but can't belch.
- BISMUTHUM.—Pain in one spot; pressing, convulsive, agonizing; from stomach to spine; with vomiting and purging; emptiness in —; eructations of gas after drinking.
- BRYONIA.—Pressure as from hard stone; soreness in when coughing.
- CANTHARIS.—Burning in with burning thirst; retching, vomiting of blood-stained mucus.
- CARBO VEG.—Burning in extending to back and spine; contractive pain in —, extending into chest, with abdominal distension; sour, rancid eructations; putrid changes in the food before digesting.
- CHAMOMILLA. Gastralgia, with bitter, sour vomiting.
- CHELIDON.—Pain from to right shoulder blade, worse from eating.
- COLCHICUM.—Gastric indigestion, with drum-like distension of abdomen.

CROTALUS.—Weight, faintness, sinking; can retain nothing; vomiting of bile; sticking pain, with pressure and intolerance of anything tight.

DIGITALIS.—Foulness; excessive nausea, not better from vomiting; eructations of sour fluid, setting teeth on edge.

FERRUM.—Gastralgia, with heavy pressure in — and vomiting of food right after eating.

GRAPHITES.—Indigestion with burning at — and hunger.

Hydrastis.—Faintness, goneness, sense of weight, bitter taste.

IGNATIA.—Goneness and sinking, better from eating.

IODIUM.—Constant empty eructations.

IPECAC.—Constant nausea; — feels relaxed, as though hanging down; spasmodic, clutching pain in —.

KALI CARBON.-Feels as though full of water.

LOBELIA. - Faintness, goneness, deathly nausea.

MAGNESIA CARB.—Sour eructations, chiefly of flatus.

Nux vom.—Indigestion, sour; sour and bitter eructations; weight and pain; difficult belching of gas.

PHOSPHOR.—Pain in circumscribed spot, extending into spine.

PLUMBUM.—Intense pain; bends backward; board-like hardness of abdomen.

PULSATILLA. - Perceptible pulsations in pit of -.

SECALE.—Intense burning pain in — and abdomen, with vomiting.

Sepia—Faintness at —, better from eating; putrid eructations, like rotten egg.

STANNUM.—All-gone feeling; pain in pit of — when coughing.

SULPHUR.-Gone, empty feeling at pit of -, at II A. M.

APPETITE; ABNORMAL CRAVINGS.

ACID. SULPHUR.—Craving for stimulants.

Allium CEPA.—Deranged, as from cold; craving for raw onions.

ALUMINA.—Craves starch, chalk and other indigestible things.

ANTIMON. CRUD.—Craves acids and pickles.

ARGENTUM NITRIC.—Great desire for sweets.

ASA FŒTIDA.-Loathing of food, with greasy taste.

AURUM.-Fitful, ravenous appetite.

CALCAREA CARB.—Ravenous hunger with indigestion; aversion to meat and hot food; longing for hard boiled eggs, slate pencils, sweets; milk does not agree with him.

CINCHONA. - Variable; craves sweets and odd things.

COLCHICUM.—Craves different things, but the smell of them cooking, nauseates him.

FERRUM.—Voracious hunger or complete loss of —; intolerance of eggs.

GRAPHITES.—Dislikes sweets.

HEPAR SULPH.-Longing for acids, wine, strong food.

IODIUM.—Eats often, and feels the better; ravenous hunger with progressive emaciation.

Lycopodium.—Sense of repletion immediately after eating; canine hunger; eating does not satisfy her; aversion to bread.

MEZEREUM.-Craving for ham-fat.

Moschus.—Craves stimulants.

Nux vom .- Ravenous hunger before attack of indigestion.

SECALE.—Ravenous hunger with diarrhœa.

VOMITING.

ACID. SULPHUR. — of food and drink, with craving for stimulants.

ÆTHUSA.—With sweating and great anguish, followed by drowsiness.

ARSKNIC.—Of water, mucus, bile; with severe pain in stomach; followed by great prostration; vomiting and purging at the same time.

BERBERIS - Nausea before breakfast.

BISMUTH.—With small pulse, great anxiety, prostration.

BRYONIA. - Bilious, watery; right after eating.

CAMPHOR.—Violent, incessant, watery —; comes on suddenly.

CANTHARIS. -Of blood-streaked mucus.

COLCHICUM.—Excited by smell of food being prepared; of mucus, bile, food; with coldness in stomach and great exhaustion.

CORALLIUM.—Vomiting of mucus after coughing.

CUPRUM.—Severe, with violent cramps in chest or abdomen, so he screams.

FERRUM. -Of food, right after eating.

HEPAR SULPH.-From coughing.

IPECAC.-Nausea and vomiting in all complaints.

IRIS.—Profuse vomiting of bile.

JATROPHA.—Like white of egg.

Nux vom.—Wants to —, but cannot.

Podophyllum.—Protracted — with severe epigastric pain; — of blood and bile.

SECALE .- Of coffee-ground fluid, with hiccoughing.

VERATRUM ALB.—Violent vomiting and purging at the same time.

INTESTINAL TRACT.

COLIC.

ALUMINA. - worse from eating potatoes.

CARBO VEG. - From flatulency.

CHAMOMILLA.—Brought on by anger.

CINCHONA.—Periodical; better from bending double; from eating at night.

COLOCYNTHIS.—Violent; bends double; intense squeezing pain through abdomen; intestines sore and bruised; better from emission of flatus and from pressure upon hard substance.

IPECAC.—As if intestines were gripped by a hand and sharply squeezed.

JALAPA.-Pinching, griping, flatulent.

Plumbum.—Agonizing; radiating from navel; retraction of abdomen.

PODOPHYLLUM.—Severe, with retraction of abdomen;
— of infants.

RHEUM.-When uncovering.

STANNUM.—Better from hard pressure.

VERATRUM ALB.—Frightful colic, radiating into abdomen and shoulders, with vomiting, coldness and collapse.

STOOLS.

ACID. MURIAT.—Involuntary when he attempts to urinate.

ALUMINA. -Straining with soft - and when urinating.

BAPTISIA. - Foul, as are all secretions.

BARYTA CARB.—Hard, knotty.

BISMUTH. -Of cadaverous odor.

CAUSTICUM — Tough, greasy; better expelled when standing.

Chelidonium.—Small, round, hard, black balls, like sheep's dung.

DIGITALIS.-Soft, white, like chalk.

FERRUM MET.—Slimy, containing ascarides; hard black balls; undigested, painless.

GRAPHITES.—Hard, knotty, threads of mucus.

HELLEBORUS.—Like jelly; involuntary.

HEPAR SULPH.—Sour, white; clay-colored, fetid, sluggish.

IODIUM.—At stool, uterine hæmorrhage.

Kali cars.—Large, difficult, with stitching in rectum before —.

LEPTANDRA.—Mushy; black as tar; with faint stomach and distress in liver.

NATRUM MUR.—Crumbling.

OPIUM.—No desire for —; stool recedes.

PLATINA.—Like soft clay; passed with difficulty; it adheres.

PLUMBUM.—Like excrements of sheep.

RHEUM.—First part soft, then hard; with colic.

SILICEA.—Difficult expulsion of soft —.

STANNUM.—Thin, papescent, with creeping chills; wormlike; mucous threads.

CONSTIPATION.

ALUMINA.—With rectum sore and bleeding; stools hard, knotty, covered with mucus; stools accumulate in rectum.

Ammon. Muriat.—Hard, crumbling —, covered with mucus; smarting and soreness in rectum.

ANACARDIUM.—Sense of plug in rectum, preventing stool.

BARYTA CARB. -- hard, knotty stools.

BRYONIA.—Large, hard stools, dry, as if burnt.

CALCAREA CARB. — of large hard stool; or first hard, then pasty, then fluid.

CHELIDON. — of small, round, black balls; — and diarrhœa alternate.

GRAPHITES.—Large, knotty; united by threads of mucus. Hydrastis.—With gastric faintness, debility, heavy pain in rectum.

LACHESIS.-Like excrements of sheep; difficult.

Lycopodium.—Hard, lumpy; after stool, sense of incompletion; difficult from pain and constriction at anus.

NATRUM MUR.—Difficult from anal constriction and soreness; stools crumbling.

Nux vom.— — from inefficient peristalsis; cannot get done; alternating with diarrhœa.

OPIUM.-Hard, black balls.

PHOSPHOR.-Long, slender, ribbon-like stools.

PLUMBUM.— — of small, hard stools, like excrements of sheep.

SEPIA.—Hard, knotty, in balls; difficult, with pain in rectum; sense of ball in anus, not relieved by stool.

SULPHUR.—— dry, hard, knotty stools; painful; alternating with diarrhœa; ineffectual urging before and after stool, followed by aching and sticking pain in rectum.

DIARRHEA.

ACID. MURIAT.—Mushy; with offensive flatus and pain in rectum.

ACID. PHOSPH.—Painless, watery, not exhausting.

ACID. SULPH.—Very fetid; of yellow mucus, like chopped egg; body smells sour.

ACONITE.—Green, like spinach.

ÆTHUSA.—Thin, yellow, greenish; contains masses of curdled milk.

AILANTHUS.—Watery, offensive.

ALOE.—Watery, jelly-like, windy; griping before and during stool; in the morning, early; pain better after stool; great weakness.

AMMON. MUR.-Green, mucous.

ANTIMON. CRUD.—Watery, slimy, windy; mixed with hard lumps.

APIS.—Yellow, green; in the morning; abdominal soreness.

Argent. nitr.—— as soon as he drinks or eats sweets; green like spinach; in flakes.

ARNICA.—Offensive, putrid, bloody, brown; must lie down, so exhausted after —.

Arsenicum.—Dark, brown, cadaverous; like carrion; with restlessness, anguish and great exhaustion.

BAPTISIA.-Dark, foul, bloody.

BELLAD.—Green, thin; lumps like chalk.

BERBERIS.-Painless, clay-colored.

BORAX.—Soft, light yellow, slimy, pappy; green in children.

CALCAREA CARB.—Pale, watery, sour; of undigested food.

CAMPHOR.—Choleraic, with anguish, coldness, cramps, thready pulse.

CANTHARIS.—Mucous, like scrapings; bloody; followed by shivering and tenesmus.

CARBO VEG.—Cadaverous; involuntary; burning in rectum; sense of weakness.

Chamomilla.—Green, watery, hot, corroding; white particles; rotten-egg smell.

CHELIDON.—Slimy, yellow, watery, grayish.

CINCHONA.—Watery, soft, painless; putrid, windy, debilitating.

COLCHICUM.—Scanty, jelly-like stools; painful; with distended abdomen; urging and pain in anus; stools contain scrapings.

COLOCYNTH.—Bloody, slimy; worse from food and drink.

CREOSOT.-Undigested, putrid, dark brown.

CROTON —Sudden, expulsive, with a gush; immediately after nursing; with great prostration.

CUPRUM.-With much griping and vomiting; green.

DULCAMARA. — alternating with rheumatism; from taking cold in damp weather or place; watery, greenish mucus.

EUPATOR. PERFOL.—Green, watery, bilious.

GELSEM.-Watery, painless, from fright.

HELLEBOR.-Like jelly; involuntary.

HEPAR SULPH .- of children; child smells sour.

HYOSCYAM, -Involuntary.

IPECAC.—Green, frothy; with nausea and colic, especially about navel; of teething children; from eating green fruit.

IRIS.-Watery, bilious, with burning at anus.

JALAP. - Thin, watery.

JATROPHA.—Sudden, profuse; noise like water poured out of bunghole of barrel.

KALI BICHROM.—Jelly-like, brown, frothy; sensation of plug in anus.

LACHESIS.—Dark, like burnt straw; of cadaverous odor. Lycopop.—Thin, yellow; flatulent.

Magnesia carb.—Like green scum on frog-pond; — of undigested milk; contains masses like tallow.

MERCURY.—Green, slimy, bloody; colic; cannot get done; worse at night.

MERC. CORROS.—Green, yellow, slimy, bloody; colic; tenesmus during and after —, almost continuous, followed by burning in rectum and anus; chilliness between stools.

PHOSPHOR.—Watery; with bits of tallow; gushing as from a hydrant; exhausting.

PODOPHYLLUM.-Watery, gushing, foul, painless; drives

him out of bed in A. M.; morning —; followed by sense of great exhaustion and emptiness; copious, large stools which do not weaken him; — with griping colic and heat and pain in anus.

PULSATILLA. - No two stools alike.

RHEUM.—Pasty, fermented, green, like chopped egg; sour; shivering after stool and constrictive colic; colic from uncovering.

Rhus.—Slimy, frothy, bloody, painless; involuntary; of cadaverous odor.

RUMEX.—Watery, brown, driving him out of bed; with provoking dry cough.

SECALE.—Profuse, watery, dark, putrid; painless, but very exhausting; comes with a gush; involuntary; anus wide open.

SULPHUR.—Painless; drives him out of bed; prolapsus ani; piles.

THUJA.—Chronic —; watery, gushing, greasy, gurgling.

VERATRUM ALB.—Watery, gushing, profuse, flaky; with

profuse vomiting; weakness and emptiness in

bowels; great exhaustion.

RECTUM.

ACID. MURIAT.—Excessive soreness; prolapse while urinating; hæmorrhoids, blue, hot, and so sore cannot bear pressure of the sheet.

ACID. NITRIC.—Sticking pain in — at stool; soreness after stool.

Æsculus.—Itching, dryness, fulness; hæmorrhoids.

ALOE. -Burning in - and anus.

ALUMINA.—Inactive; stools accumulate in — from lack of desire to empty it; soreness and bleeding from —.

ARSENIC.—Burning in -.

CALCAREA CARB. -Aching, burning, jerking in -.

Hydrastis.—Long-lasting pain in — with constipation and gastric derangements; hæmorrhoids.

IGNATIA.—Hæmorrhoids with stitching pain from anus into—.

Kali carb.—Large hæmorrhoids, with sticking pain in them from coughing.

LILIUM.—Constant pressure in —.

MERCUR. CORROS.—Burning in — and anus after stool; intense tenesmus.

Nux vom .- Constant unessiness in -.

SEPIA.—Pain in — with stool; pain lasts a long time.

SULPHUR.—Aching, itching pain in —, with constipation.

ANUS.

ACID. MUR.—Soreness, crawling, burning, stinging pain in —.

ALOE.—Loss of control; sense of insecurity even when passing flatus; must hurry to stool.

ARSENIC. -Burning pain in anus.

CINA.—Intolerable itching, better from cold water.

GRAPHITES.—Cracks at the -.

IGNATIA.—Constriction of sphincter ani, worse from sitting down.

KALI BICHROM.—Sensation of plug in —.

LACHESIS.—Constriction at —; drawing and hammering in —.

Lycopod.—Pain and constriction at - during stool.

NATRUM MUR.—Fissures and constriction at —.

PHOSPH —Wide open; liquid oozes from —; loss of control.

PLUMBUM, - Spasmodic contraction of sphincter ani.

PODOPHYLLUM.—Prolapsus before, during and after stool; from least motion.

SECALE.-Wide open.

Sepia.—Sense of weight or of a ball in —, not better from stool.

SULPHUR.—Redness and itching of —; prolapse.

ABDOMEN (AND LIVER).

ACONITE.—Coldness in abdomen as from a stone.

ALOE.—Heavy, full, bloated; colic from flatulency, better from escape of hot flatus.

AMMON. MUR.—Chronic congestion of the liver.

APOCYNUM.—Dropsy with great thirst.

ARSENIC.—Cutting, colicky pain in abdomen, with sense of coldness.

BARYTA CARB.—Hardness and distension of — with colic.

BELLAD —Hot, distended; feeling as if internal parts were clutched by a firm hand; cutting pain; can't stand jar, touch, pressure.

BISMUTH.—Intestinal flatus of cadaverous odor.

BRYONIA.—Tenderness, worse from motion.

CALCAREA CARB.—Distended with incarcerated flatulence and cutting pain; of drum-like hardness; region of stomach looks as though caved in.

CHELIDONIUM.—Jaundice and pain in right shoulder; gall-stones.

CINA.—Hot and sore above navel; colicky pain, better from pressure.

CINCHONA.—Distressing flatulence, not better from eructations; gall-stone colic.

COLCHICUM.—Drum-like distension of —, with gastric indigestion.

CROCUS.—Sensation of a ball rolling around in —.

CROTALUS.—Swollen; very sensitive to pressure and touch.

CUPRUM MET.—Child lies on abdomen and spasmodically thrusts the breech up.

DIGITALIS.—Dropsy.

DULCAMARA.—Cutting pain about navel after taking cold.

EUPATORIUM PERFOL. -- Soreness in the liver.

HELLEBORUS.—Gurgling in abdomen as though full of water.

HYOSCYAMUS.—Tympanitis.

JALAPA.—Intestinal flatulency with pinching and griping.

LACHESIS.—Intolerance of pressure about —.

LEPTANDRA.-Aching distress in liver.

Lycopodium.—Excessive flatulency, with loud rumbling; not better from belching.

Magnesia phosph.—Colic with great flatulency; belching without relief; doubles up; loosens his clothing; better from warmth and rubbing.

Moschus.—Great distension from flatulency.

Nux vom.—Tightness around hypochondria, interfering with breathing.

PLUMBUM.—As hard as a board.

SECALE.—Intense pain in stomach and —, with vomiting. TEREBINTHINA.—Enormously distended.

VERATRUM ALB.—Cutting pain in — as from knives; intense; abdomen swollen; sensitive.

RESPIRATORY ORGANS.

LARYNX.

Allium CEPA.—Tickling in — with hacking cough from inspiring cold air.

AMMON MUR. - Hoarseness and burning in -.

ARGENT. MET.—Rawness and soreness in upper — when coughing; viscid, jelly-like mucus in the morning.

BELLAD. - Pain and soreness in -.

Cantharis.—Spasmodic constriction of —, excited by touch.

COPAIVA.—Dryness and excoriating pain in — during cough.

CORALLIUM.—Sensation of cold air streaming through the — on deep inspiration, exciting cough.

IODIUM.—Painful, raw; difficult inspiration.

PHOSPHOR.—Dry; sore; cannot talk.

Rumex.—Great sensitiveness of — and trachea; tickling, provoking cough.

Spongia.—Sensitiveness of — to touch; tickling, provoking cough; sensation of plug in —, preventing breathing.

CHEST.

ACONITE. - Sense of heat in -.

Ammon. care.—Oppressed breathing, worse from exertion and warm room.

AMMON. MUR.—Burning pain in small spots in the —.

APIS.—Irritation in supra-sternal fossa, provoking cough; great dyspnœa, as though every breath would be the last.

Argentum met.—Weakness of left —; raw spot over supra-sternal fossa.

ARSENIC.—Excessive dyspnœa, must sit up; fear of death.

ASA FŒTIDA.—Great oppression in —, better from belching gas.

AURUM.—Asthma; anxious feeling about heart; cannot stay anywhere.

BROMIUM.—Oppression; difficult, painful breathing.

BRYONIA.—Stitching pain in —; feels as if it would fly to pieces

CALCAREA CARB.—Very sensitive to pressure and touch. CANNABIS SAT.—Can only breathe while standing up.

CARBO VEG.—Rawness in chest; asthma.

CHELIDONIUM.—Rapid, short breathing, with pain on inspiring; right side.

CINCHONA.—Rattling in —; suffocative catarrh; hacking after eating.

CUPRUM MET.—Violent asthma, coming and going suddenly.

DIGITALIS.—Difficult, irregular, sighing breathing; great dyspnœa.

DROSERA.-Asthma, worse from talking.

IPECAC.—Distressing dyspnœa; acts as though choking to death; fine bubbling râles in —; ends in vomiting and relief.

KALI CARB.-Wheezing.

Kali iodar.—Colds begin in the head and travel down into the —,

LOBELIA.—Constriction, dyspucea, better from walking.

Moschus.—Oppressive breathing; asthma; paralysis of lungs.

Pноsрнок.—Tightness and soreness in upper —.

PULSATILLA. - Ulcerative pain in middle of thorax.

RANUNCULUS.—Severe, sticking, bruised pain in lower ribs and outer parts of —, with difficult breathing and deep soreness.

STANNUM.—Great weakness of —; oppressive breathing. SULPHUR.—Chest feels heavy; can't breathe; must have windows open.

VERATRUM VIR.—Suffocating difficulty of breathing.

COUGH.

Acontre.—With taste of blood; dry, croupy, from going into cold room.

ALLIUM CEPA.—Violent, croupy, as if larynx would tear.

AMMON. CARB.—Of elderly people; rattling, loose, but does not raise easily. Night cough; worse from 3 to 4 A. M.; as from dust in throat.

Ammon. Mur.—Dry, hacking, loose; in the P. M.; raises mucus freely.

- ANTIMON. CRUD.—From tickling in chest; from going into warm room.
- ANTIM. TART.—Loose, rattling; excited by eating and fits of anger; vomiting of mucus, with relief.
- APIS.—Severe, concussive; jars the head badly.
- ARGENT. MET.—Excited by laughing.
- BELLAD —Dry, tickling, barking, convulsive; pain and soreness in larynx.
- Bromium.—Spasmodic; from inhaling cold air; rattling in chest without choking.
- BRYONIA.—Dry, tickling in throat and epigastrium, with desire to expand chest; worse from going into warm room; with gagging and vomiting of food.
- CALCAREA CARB —At midnight; with oppression; subclavicular soreness. Tight at night, loose in the morning.
- CAPSICUM.—Hard, explosive; seems head and chest would fly to pieces; pain in distant parts when coughing. CARBO VEG.—With burning in chest.
- CAUSTICUM.—With soreness and rawness in chest; better from drinking cold water; with involuntary escape of urine.
- CHAMOMILLA.—Dry, hacking, from tickling; one cheek red, the other pale; with stitching under false ribs.
- CHELIDON.—Loose, rattling, long-lasting.
- CONIUM.—From dry spot in larynx, with itching of throat and chest.
- COPAIVA.—Burning, dry —; with hoarseness and pain in larynx; in evening.
- CORALLIUM.—Attacks follow each other rapidly; exceedingly violent; face purple; great exhaustion; vomiting of mucus.
- CREOSOTUM.—With feeling as if sternum were crushed in.
 CUBEBA.—So violent, it seems as though bronchial tube
 would tear.

- CUPRUM.—Spasmodic, suffocative; with twitching; blue face.
- DROSERA.—Tickling in throat as from crumb of bread; crawling; sense of constriction, cough like whooping cough; deep, hoarse, with strangling and vomiting of slime.
- DULCAMARA.—Loose, spasmodic, with tickling; after long effort raises phlegm; cough with pain in epigastrium which interferes with ability to cough; must press his hand on pit of stomach or hold side in order to cough.
- EUPHRASIA.—In morning and during day, never at night; coryza.
- FERRUM —Dry; after meals; dyspnœa and fullness in chest.
- HEPAR SULPH.—Strangling, retching, violent; from uncovering; ends in vomiting.
- HYOSCYAMUS.—Dry, spasmodic, from tickling; at night, IGNATIA.—Violent; from tickling as of a feather, growing worse the more he coughs; stopped by effort of will.
- IODIUM —From tickling behind sternum or low in chest; dry, hoarse, with wheezing and sawing respiration.
- IPECAC. Constant, severe; sounds loose, but no expectoration; distressing dyspnœa, ends in vomiting; hæmoptysis from slight exertion.

KALI BICHROM.-Harsh.

KALI CARBON.—Dry, hard, with stitching pain; awakens him at 3 or 4 A. M.

KALI IODAT.—Violent, worse in the morning.

LYCOPODIUM.—Deep, hollow, with rattling of mucus.

MERCURY.—Dry, harsh, racking, at night.

Nux vom.—Dry, hacking.

PULSATILLA.—Dry at night, loose in the morning.

PHOSPHOR.—Dry, hollow, spasmodic, with tightness in chest; jars the whole body; from use of voice; from going from warm into cold air.

- Rhus.—Short, painful; feeling as though cold air were passing through trachea; teasing; dry; from midnight till morning.
- Rumex.—Dry, tearing, incessant; worse from using voice, inhaling cold air; at night; tickling behind sternum, in throat; better from covering up face.
- Sambucus.—Violent, dry, suffocative; with hoarseness and rattling of mucus in throat; great difficulty of breathing; jumps out of sound sleep, almost strangling.
- SANGUINARIA.—Dry, harsh, whistling; tickling in throat pit, beneath sternum; hoarse.
- SILICEA.—Hard when lying down.
- Spongia.—Dry, barking, croupy, sibilant; awakens him out of sound sleep; loose, wheezing, asthmatic, suffocative, with copious raising.
- STANNUM.—Deep, hoarse, hollow, violent, concussive; excited by use of voice; weakness in chest and throat.

SULPHUR.-Morning cough.

VERATRUM VIR.—Tickling, spasmodic.

EXPECTORATION.

ACID. NITRIC.—Constant hawking of mucus.

AMMON. CARB. — of mucus, with specks of blood in it.

ARGENT. MET.—Jelly-like mucus in the morning; easy — of substance like boiled starch.

ARSENIC. - of transparent, viscid mucus.

BRYONIA. - rust-colored, tough, like lumps of jelly.

CALCAREA CARB.—Copious, yellow, bloody; during day only.

CARBO VEC.—Fetid, thick, greenish; before menstruating. CAUSTICUM.—Scanty; must be swallowed.

CHAMOM.—Scanty, tough, slimy; of bitter taste.

COPAIVA.-Profuse, purulent.

CUBEBA.—Difficult; at times blood-stained.

FERRUM.-Bloody, green, purulent; in the morning.

KALI BICHROM.—Yellow, stringy.

KALI CARBON.—Must be swallowed.

KALI IODAT.—Greenish; like soap suds.

Lycopodium.-Copious, mucous, purulent, gray, salty.

MAGNESIA CARB.—Little lumps, no larger than pea, very offensive.

MERCURY.—Heavy, acrid, yellow; mixed with blood; putrid, salty.

Phosphor.—Frothy, bloody, rust-colored; purulent, white, tough; salty, sweet.

PULSATILLA.-Bland and thick.

RHUS. — of small blackish lumps in the morning.

SANGUINARIA.—Tough, offensive, rust-colored.

SILICEA. — of thick, yellow lumps; copious — of foul, muco-purulent matter.

SPONGIA.—Yellow, tenacious, salty.

STANNUM.—Copious, salty or sweetish.

SULPHUR.—Greenish, purulent, sweetish.

BREATHING.

ANTIMON. TARTAR. -Sawing respiration.

APOCYNUM.—Difficulty of — from oppression in region of stomach.

ARGENT. NITRIC.-Great longing for fresh air.

CALCAREA CARB.—Gets breathless from slight exertion, especially going upstairs; must sit down to rest.

CARBO VEG.-Wants to be fanned constantly; breath cold.

IGNATIA.—Deep, involuntary sighing.

RANUNCULUS.—Difficult, painful; from soreness in lower ribs.

SECALE.—Anxious, sighing, in almost inaudible voice.

VERATE, VIR.—Suffocative.

VOICE.

Argent. Met.—Hoarseness and loss of — in professional singers.

ARGENT NITRIC.—Singing a high note starts a cough; chronic hoarseness.

ARUM - Uncer ain; hoarse.

BROMIUM.--Very hoarse. *

CARBO VEG .- Hoarseness in the evening.

CAUSTICUM.—Sudden loss of — from paralysis in laryngeal muscles.

DROSERA.—Harsh; deep-pitched.

KALI BICHROM.—Hoarse toward evening.

PHOSPHOR.—Hoarseness from protracted loud speaking; aphonia

Pulsatilla.—Hoarseness coming and going without apparent cause.

SECALE.—Almost inaudible; with sighing respiration.

SPIGELIA.—His voice sounds like a bell to him; the jar hurts his head.

CIRCULATION.

HEART.

ACID. OXALIC.—Short, stitching pain in small area; numbness.

ASA FOET.—Oppression at the —, better from belching.

AURUM.—Palpitation; rush of blood to—and chest; anxiety; feeble, rapid pulse.

BELLAD.—Bubbling sensation at —.

CACTUS.—Sensation as of a fluid dropping from —; as if an iron hand were clasping the —.

CANNAB. SAT.—Sensation as of a fluid dropping from the —.

COLCHICUM.—Oppression and anxiety about —; can't feel impulse of —.

DIGITALIS. — Præcordial anguish, as though dying; stitches in —; feels as though it would stop; great dyspnœa.

GLONOINE.—Violent throbbing of —; action labored;

palpitation.

KALMIA.—Fluttering at —, causing apprehension; palpitation, worse from leaning forward; with difficult breathing; pain through — extending to shoulder-blade.

I,II,IUM.—Rapid action of — with suffocative feeling; sensation as if grasped in a vise; as if pressed between two flat stones; as if it would burst.

Moschus.—Nervous palpitation; trembling of —; weak

pulse.

Spigelia.—Palpitation in morning, on sitting down, on rising from bed; pulsations audible to patient, visible to others; purring noise about heart, like purring of a cat.

PULSE.

ACID MUR.—Rapid, small, feeble pulse; intermits every third beat.

ACONITE. - Frequent, hard, wiry.

ARSENIC.-Small, rapid, thready, intermitting.

AURUM MET.-Rapid, feeble, irregular.

BAPTISIA.—Compressible.

COLCHICUM.—Thready.

CROTALUS.—Thready.

DIGITALIS.—Irregular, small, intermittent; worse from assuming erect position.

GELSEMIUM. -Soft, weak, fluttering.

GLONOINE.—Hard; feels every beat in the head.

SECALE.—Small, rapid, contracted, intermitting.

Spigelia.—Trembling; can hardly be counted.

VERATRUM VIR.—Full, slow, hard as iron; or rapid, feeble, thready.

CHILL; SENSATION OF COLDNESS.

- AMMON. CARBON.—Sensitiveness to open air.
- AMMON. MURIAT.—Icy coldness between the shoulders.
- ANTIMON. TARTAR.—Surface of body cold, clammy, sweaty.
- APIS.—Chill from 3 to 5 P.M.; runs down the back; worse in warm room.
- ARNICA.—Body cold, head hot; hands and feet cold, body hot.
- ARSENIC.—Icy coldness of the body; chilliness without thirst.
- AURUM.—Sensitiveness to cold; coldness of hands and feet.
- BAPTISIA.—Chill about II A. M.
- CALCAREA CARBON.—Sensitive to cold air; takes cold from every change of weather.
- CAMPHOR.—Extreme coldness of the surface to touch, but will not be covered.
- CAPSICUM.—Chill from 5 to 6 P. M.; begins in back between shoulders; preceded by thirst.
- CARBO VEG.—Coldness with thirst.
- CEDRON.—At 6 P. M.; comes on with clock-like regularity.
- CINCHONA.—At 3 P. M.; every second day; anticipating; recurring.
- CUPRUM MET.—With cold sweat on forehead; contracted, irregular pulse.
- DIGITALIS.—Coldness of hands and feet.
- EUPATORIUM PERFOL.—At 7 A. M. one day; at noon next; with aching in back and bones; followed by bitter vomiting.
- EUPAT. PURPUR.— in small of back, extending all over.
- EUPHRASIA.—Shivering all the time.

GELSEMIUM.—Chill without thirst; in back; with muscular soreness.

HEPAR SULPH.—Very sensitive to cold; coughs as soon as gets cold or into draught.

IGNATIA.—Chill with thirst.

IPECAC.—Short chill, preceded by much prostration.

MERCURY.—Creeping chilliness, worse in evening.

MERCUR. CORROS.—Chilliness between stools.

Moschus.—External chilliness, internal heat.

NATRUM MUR.—Chill followed by heat with great thirst.

Nux vom.—Chilliness and shivering, with blue nails; on being uncovered.

PHOSPHORUS.—Chill extends downward; fever upward. PLUMBUM.—Stubbornly persistent coldness.

Pul, Satil, I.a.—Chilliness in warm room; without thirst; sensation of internal heat.

SECALE —Flesh cold to touch, but he refuses to be covered.

STANNUM.—Creeping chilliness at stool.

SULPHUR.—Feet cold, top of head hot; cold during the day, burning hot at night.

VERATRUM ALB.—Extreme coldness of the body.

FEVER.

ASTHUSA.—Great heat without thirst.

Apis. -- without thirst.

ARNICA. - Internal heat; hands and feet cold.

BRYONIA.—Chewing motion of jaw during —.

CEDRON.— — with redness of face, burning heat of hands, thirst for warm drinks; followed by profuse sweat.

CINA. With cold face and hot hands.

CINCHONA. --Heat in single parts of the body, cold elsewhere; followed at once by profuse sweat.

EUPAT. PERFOL — with thirst; drinking brings on shivering.

GELSEM .- - without thirst.

IGNATIA. - without thirst.

IPECAC.—Sharp; lasts long; often with hacking cough and dyspnœa.

Nux vom.—Dry heat of the body.

RHUS.—During fever, relief from bleeding of nose or uterine bleeding.

SAMBUCUS.—Skin hot and dry while asleep; sweats profusely as soon as he wakens.

SPIGELIA.—Fever heat with desire for external heat.

VERATR. VIR.—High temperature with great arterial excitement.

THIRST.

ACONITE.—Intense — relieved by drinking cold water.

ÆTHUSA.-Heat without -.

Apis.—Fever without —.

APOCYNUM.—Great — in dropsy.

ARSENIC.—Great —, drinks often, but little at a time.

BISMUTH.—For cold drinks in the evening, though not hot; eructations of gas after drinking.

BRYONIA.—No — or — for large draughts of water.

CANTHARIS.—Burning — with aversion to all fluids.

CARBO VEG.— while very cold.

CROTALUS. -Lips and throat dry, but no -.

CUPRUM MET.—When drinking, sound as of water runing out of a bottle.

DIGITALIS.—Great — for sour drinks.

EUPAT. PRRFOL.—Drinking water hastens the chill; — during chill and fever.

HELLEBOR. —Intense —; drinks greedily.

IGNATIA.—Chill with —; fever without —.

JATROPHA.—Drinks large amounts of water, which is immediately rejected.

OPIUM.—Intense —.

PHOPHORUS.— — for very cold water; thrown up as soon as it gets warm in the stomach.

PULSATILLA. - Thirstlessness.

SECALE.—Unquencheable.

SWEAT.

ACID. NITRIC.—Fetid — of feet.

ÆTHUSA.—Profuse —; wants to be covered up during —.

ANTIMON. TARTAR.—Cold, clammy —.

BARYTA CARB.—Cold, clammy —; fetid — of feet.

CALCAREA CARB.—— about the head; feet always cold and damp.

IPECAC.—Sour —, fails to relieve.

MERCURY.-Copious -, fails to relieve.

Nux vom. -On one side of the body.

OPIUM.—Hot — on puffed, red face.

RHEUM.—Profuse — on scalp; hair always wet.

Sambucus.—Profuse — when awake; skin hot and dry when asleep.

SILICEA.— — on head and neck, at night; offensive sweating of hands, feet, arm-pits; soreness between the toes.

SULPHUR.—Profuse, offensive — of single parts.

Thuja — — on uncovered parts; sweetish — about genitals; fetid — on feet.

BLEEDING; TENDENCY TO -.

ACID. SULPHUR.—Petechiæ; hæmorrhagic diathesis; purphæmorrhag.; hæmorrhage of black blood from the outlets of the body.

Bellad.—Throbbing and pulsating of bloodvessels; hæm. of hot, bright blood.

- Crocus.—Dark, stringy hæmorrhage from nose, lungs, uterus.
- CROTALUS.—Hæmorrhagic tendency.
- FERRUM.—Hæmorrhage bright red; coagulates easily.
- LACHESIS Hæmorrhage of dark decomposed blood from orifices.
- PHOSPH.—From slight wounds and polypi; hæmorrhagic diathesis.
- SECALE.—Passive hæmorrhage of dark, thin blood; hæmorrhagic diathesis.

SEXUAL SYSTEM.

FEMALE PELVIS.

- APIS.—Burning, stinging pain in enlarged ovary.
- AURUM.—Uterine affections tending toward induration; burning and itching in vagina, which is very sensitive.
- BELLADONNA.—Feeling as though everything would issue through the vulva; great pressing downward.
- CIMICIFUGA.—Pain across pelvis, from hip to hip.
- LILIUM.—Weakness; dragging down in uterus and ovaries, better from pressure upward.
- PLATINUM.—Pressing, cutting, bearing-down, extending into sacrum.
- PODOPHYLLUM.—Uterine prolapsus, with bearing-down as if contents would issue through vulva; anal prolapse.
- RHUS.—Pain in groin, deep-seated, with bearing down.
- SEPIA.—General pelvic distress, better from crossing legs and from pressure from without.
- THUJA.—Vagina extremely sensitive during coition.
- ZINCUM.—Bearing-down through pelvis, with sexual excitement.

MENSES AND UTERINE HÆMORRHAGE.

Ammon. carb.—Copious, too early, black, clotted; exhaustion; chilliness.

Ammon. mur.—Profuse, too early, dark, clotted, worse at night, with aching of feet.

APIS.—Bearing-down, as if menses would appear, with scanty-discharge of black mucus.

BELLAD.-Too early; too profuse; flow hot.

CACTUS — Dark, like pitch; cease when lying down; pulsating pain through uterus and ovaries, with sense of constriction.

CALCAREA CARB.—Too early, too profuse, too protracted; dizziness and cold feet.

CHAMOMILLA.—Profuse, dark, clotted, with labor-like pain.

CIMICIFUGA.—Copious, dark, with mental depression, backache, prickling in the breasts.

CREOSOTUM.—Profuse, black, acrid; stops, then returns.

CROCUS.—Hæmorrhage dark, stringy.
FERRUM.—Profuse, intermittent; pale and watery or

black and clotted.

IODIUM.—Uterine hæmorrhage with every stool, with cutting pain in abdomen, loins and back.

IPECAC.—Continuous, bright red, coagulating easily; with much nausea.

KALI CARB.—Retarded, scanty, acrid, suppressed.

LACHESIS.—Flashes of heat during climacteric.

LILIUM.—Dark, scanty, offensive; only when moving about.

MAGNESIA CARB.—Flows only when lying down; ceases when walking.

Magnesia Phosph — Dark, too early, membranous, with ovarian pain.

Moschus.—Too early, too copious; preceded by pressure downward.

- NATRUM MUR.—Irregular, profuse; bearing-down pains, especially in the morning.
- Nux vom.—Irregular, dark; labor-like pains; desire for stool.
- PLATINUM.—Dark, clotted; with nymphomania.
- Pulsatil, La.—Scant, retarded; amenorrhœa; all the discharges bland.
- RHUS.—Copious, dark, acrid.
- SULPHUR.—Delayed, scanty, stop suddenly, irritating, painful.
- VERATR. ALB.—Dysmenorrhœa; vomiting; diarrhœa; cold sweat; collapse.
- ZINCUM.—Feels best when menstruating.

LEUCORRHŒA.

- ACID. NITRIC.—Like extract of fresh meat; very offensive.
- ÆSCULUS.—With lameness in back and hips, rendering walking difficult and painful.
- AMMON. CARB.—Watery, acrid, burning.
- Ammon. Mur.—Like white of egg; with colic about navel; brown, slimy vaginal discharge after urinating.
- BORAX.—Like white of egg; feels as if warm water were escaping.
- CALCAREA CARB —Milky, copious, with itching; of little girls.
- CARBO VEG.—Thick, greenish; before menstruating.
- CREOSOTUM.—Dark, brown, thick, corroding; like starch; stains linen yellow; smells like green corn.
- GRAPHITES.—Pale; excoriating; soreness of nipples; aversion to sexual intercourse.
- IODIUM.—Corrosive; staining skin and linen.
- LACHESIS.—Copious, smarting, stiffening linen, coloring it green.
- LILIUM.—Acrid, thin.

Lycopodium.—Blood-red, in spells, with cutting pain from right to left.

NATRUM MUR. - Acrid, watery, irritating.

PULSATILLA.-Bland, thick; like cream or milk.

SECALE. - Dark, offensive.

SILICEA.-Milky, acrid; while urinating.

SEXUAL POWER AND DESIRE.

ACID. PHOSPH.—Lascivious dreams; emissions; weakness of (male) sexual organs.

Ammon. carb. — Aversion to sexual intercourse in women.

CANNABIS SAT. - Sexual overexcitement.

CREOSOTUM.—In women, bleeding after sexual intercourse.

GELSEMIUM.—Weakness, coldness, flaccidity of male sexual organ.

GRAPHITES.—In women, dislike of sexual intercourse.

KALI PHOSPH.—Loss of energy, with prostration after intercourse.

LILIUM.—Intense sexual desire in women.

MEZEREUM.-Violent desire.

Moschus.—Intense desire; voluptuous tingling of genitalia.

Phosphorus.—Irresistible desire, with loss of power; in men.

PLATINUM.—Nymphomania.

ZINCUM.—Intense sexual excitement; in women with bearing-down through pelvis.

TESTICLES.

AURUM.—Induration of —.

CLEMATIS.—Swollen and very sensitive; bruised pain in —; orchitis from suppressed gonorrhœa; drawing and tension in spermatic cord.

MEZEREUM.—Swelling of -.

URINE -URINARY ORGANS.

- ACID. NITRIC.—Offensive, like urine of horse; dark, reddish, bloody, albuminous.
- ACID. PHOSPH.—Copious, clear, watery; cloud of white sediment; like milk; as if mixed with jelly; decomposes quickly.
- ACONITE.—Scanty, hot, with urethral burning and tenesmus.
- ALUMINA.—When urinating, straining in the rectum.
- APIS —Painful, scanty; burning before and during micturition.
- ARGENT. NITRIC.—When passing last drops, cutting pain from urethra to anus; ulcerative soreness in middle of urethra.
- ARSENIC. Scanty, dark, albuminous.
- AURUM.—Like buttermilk; decomposes quickly; passes more urine than he drinks liquids.
- BERBERIS.—Bright red; mucus; mealy sediment; pain in loins and thighs.
- BRYONIA.—Scanty, hot, dark like beer.
- CALCAREA CARB.—Dark brown, fetid; white sediment.
- CANNABIS SAT.—Burning biting while urinating, extending into bladder; urethra sensitive; must walk with legs apart; discharge of muco-purulent matter from urethra.
- CANTHARIS.—Constant desire; drop by drop; cutting and burning in urethra; tenesmus during and after; jelly-like; shreddy; bloody; turbid; like mealy water, with white sediment.
- CAUSTICUM.—Involuntary when coughing or sneezing and from excitement.
- CINA.—Turbid, white, milky upon standing; involuntary.
- CLEMATIS.—Difficult to start; dribbling; great effort to pass a few drops at a time.
- COLCHICUM.—Scanty, bloody, very dark.

COLOCYNTH.-Viscid, like glue.

COPAIVA.—Frequent urging; painful, drop by drop; turbid, acrid discharge; itching before and after; burning during; urine smells of violet.

CREOSOTUM.—Incontinence.

CROTALUS.-Dark, bloody, albuminous.

CUBEBA.—Copious, dark, frothy; ropy; smarting, cutting pain while urinating.

DIGITALIS. — Dark, turbid; burning and pain; ammoniacal.

DULCAMARA.—Vesical catarrh after taking cold; strangury and pain; thick, slimy sediment.

EUPATOR. PURPUR.—Constant urging with burning and cutting; aching and cutting pain deep in the kidneys.

GELSEMIUM.-Profuse, clear, limpid, like water.

HELLEBORE—Like coffee-grounds, scanty, suppressed. HEPARSULPH.—Startsslowly; sluggish; greasy pellicle on. HVOSCYAMUS.—Involuntary.

IGNATIA. - Profuse, limpid, watery.

KALI BICHROM.—Ropy mucus in —, clogging up the urethra; pustule and ulcer on penis, with stitching pain.

KALI PHOSPH.—Very yellow.

LOBELIA.—Deep red; copious sediment.

Lycopodium.—Red sand in urine; napkin stained yellowish or reddish; pain in back before urinating.

MERCUR. CORROS.—Scanty, suppressed; contains substance like flesh.

Moschus.—Copious; hysterical.

NATRUM MURIAT.—Escapes when laughing, coughing, walking.

OPIUM.-Retained; paralysis of the bladder.

PHOSPHOR.—Thick, turbid, like curdled milk; brick dust; opalescent cuticle on top. RHUS.—Dark, turbid, with white sediment.

SECALE.—Suppressed.

SEPIA.—Offensive; pink sediment; closely adherent to vessel; child wets the bed during first sleep.

SILICEA.—Leucorrhœa while urinating.

STRAMONIUM.—Suppressed.

TERREINTH.—Scanty, bloody, smoky; smells of violet; strangury, with bloody urine.

Тнија.—High-colored; strong; severe cutting pain after; sensation as if water were trickling down the urethra after urinating.

VERATR. ALB -Green; dysuria; suppression.

ZINCUM.—Scanty; turbid, as if mixed with clay; bladder seems full to bursting, but can't empty it; must sit down and bend backward to pass even a little.

TRUNK, SPINE, BACK, ETC.

BACK.

ACONITE.—Bruised pain in —, with stiffness and numbness; thinks his kidneys are affected.

ÆSCULUS.—Heaviness and lameness in —; constant ache so he can hardly walk, stoop or rise.

AGARICUS.—Pain in lumbar region, worse from sitting.

Ammon. mur. — Icy coldness between shoulders, not better from covering.

BERBERIS.—Pain in small of back, radiating; lumbago; soreness to touch in renal region; stitches in renal region, extending into loins and bladder.

CHELIDON.—Constant pain under lower inner angle of right scapula.

CICUTA.—Spasms and cramps of muscles of the back.

CIMICIFUGA.—Back feels stiff and constricted.

CREOSOTUM.—Dragging backache, with pressure toward vulva.

DULCAMARA.—Pain in small of the back as from long stooping.

FERRUM MET.—Lumbago, better from walking slowly.

KALI PHOSPH. — Paralytic lameness in back and extremities.

NATRUM MUR.—Backache; feels as though firm pressure would relieve.

Nux vom.—Bruised lameness in small of back; rheumatic; can't turn in bed without first getting up into a sitting posture.

RANUNCULUS.—Sharp, shooting pain extending into back and hypochondria.

RHUS.—Bruised pain in back; lame, stiff; sore in sacral region.

SANGUINARIA.—Rheumatism of right shoulder and nape of neck.

SEPIA.—Burning and dragging in small of back; over sacrum and hips, with burning and pressure in spine; all her pains go to the back.

Sulphur.—Lumbago with sudden weakness in back when rising from a seat.

TEREBINTH .- Burning pain in renal region.

NECK.

ALLIUM CEPA.-Intense pain in back of -.

CICUTA.—Contraction of muscles of —.

CIMICIFUGA. — stiff and contracted.

MERCURY.—Tired aching in nape of —.

NATRUM MUR.— — so thin as to attract attention.

SANGUINARIA.—Rheumatism of right shoulder and nape of —; can't raise arm.

SPINE.

ACID. OXALIC.—Pain between shoulders; sharp pain in limbs; coldness, numbness, paralytic weakness.

Ammon. Mur.—Pain in coccyx as from a bruise, when sitting or lying down.

CIMICIF.—Sensitive, especially in upper spine.

RHUS.—Tearing, jerking pain in spinal nerves.

Sepia.—Burning pressure in — with dragging pain over the sacrum.

SULPHUR.—Neuralgia, periodical, from 12 to 1, gradually increasing and decreasing.

ZINCUM.—Spinal irritation, with pain in lower dorsal and upper lumbar region.

JOINTS.

ARGENTUM MET .- Bruised, drawing pains in -.

BRYONIA.—Red, hot, swollen; faint redness of —; worse from pressure.

CAUSTICUM.—Rheumatic contraction of flexors and stiffness of —.

COLCHICUM.—Rheumatic pains in joints and toes; red, hot, swollen; sensitive to touch and motion.

FERRUM.—Rheumatism in shoulders.

KALI IODAT.—Rheumatism (knee); joint pale, with stitching pain.

KALMIA.—Heat, swelling, redness; pricking pain.

THUJA.—Burning, darting pains in outer parts of —.

EXTREMITIES.

ACID. NITRIC.—Toes painfully sore.

ACID. PHOSPHOR.—Weakness of legs; stumbles all the time.

AGARICUS.—Trembling of hands and body generally; stiffness of fingers; itching of toes and feet as though frostbitten.

ANTIMON. CRUD.—Soles of feet very sensitive; horny growths on feet; finger nails split easily; warty growths under nails.

ARGENT. NITRIC.—Unsteadiness in walking and standing.
ARNICA.—So sore and bruised in the hips he cannot walk
erect.

BERBERIS.—Rheumatic pains in extremities.

CALCAREA CARBON.—Feet damp and cold, with wet stockings.

CAUSTICUM.—Paralysis of —; paralysis of single parts. CONIUM.—Weak, trembling, numb, as though paralyzed. DIGITALIS.—Coldness of hands and feet; cedema.

DULCAMARA.—Rheumatism alternating with diarrhoea.

Gelsemium.—Trembling weakness of legs.

GRAPHITES.—Cracks in the ends of the fingers and between toes.

HELLEBORUS.—Automatic motion of one arm and one leg. HEPAR SULPH.—Hands and feet crack and ulcerate; with gnawing pain.

Kali carbon.—Soles of the feet and the heels very sensitive.

NATRUM MUR.—Hang-nails; skin about nails dry and cracked.

PETROLEUM.—Finger tips crack; especially in winter.

PHYTOLACCA.—Burning, lancinating, shooting pain, like electric shocks, changing location often.

RHUS.—Lameness and stiffness when first moving about; prominences of bones tender to touch.

SECALE.—Cold and numb, especially in tips of fingers and toes; cramps in arms and legs, especially extensors; trembling unsteadiness; paralytic weakness; paralysis.

SILICEA -Finger nails yellow; brittle; ingrowing.

STANNUM.—Legs weak; give out; paralytic weakness; spasmodic twitching in forearm and hands, making him drop things.

Thuja.—Neuralgia with extreme soreness and stabbing pain; nails brittle, deformed.

ZINCUM.—Continuous, restless motion of feet.

MUSCLES.

AGARICUS.—Twitching of eyelids, face, mouth, neck, abdomen, extremities.

APIS.—Feels bruised all over.

ARNICA.—Sore, bruised, as though beaten.

CICUTA.—Violent contractions in head and other parts; cramps of muscles of neck and back.

CUPRUM.—Clonic spasms spreading from one point; convulsions; painful cramps in calves of legs, chest, abdomen, making him scream.

HYOSCYAMUS.—Violent convulsions.

IGNATIA.—Twitching, especially about the face.

OPIUM.-Jerking, twitching, convulsions.

RHUS.—Tearing, jerking in single muscles; sore, stiff, lame when first moving.

STRAMONIUM.—Convulsive action of single — or groups of —, without loss of consciousness.

VERATR. VIR.—Jerking and twitching as though on the verge of convulsions.

ZINCUM.—Weakness, trembling; twitching of —; convulsions with pale face.

EYES, EARS, NOSE.

EYES.

AGARICUS.—Twitching of eyelids.

AILANTHUS.—Congested; with dilated pupils.

ALLIUM CEPA.—Sore, smarting; sensitive to light; lachrymation

APIS -Bag-like swelling under the eyes.

ARGENT. NITRIC.—Soreness, swelling and agglutination of lids; great heat, dries up the lashes; photophobia; purulent discharge.

AURUM.—Pain in bony structure of eye, extending into the eye.

BELLAD.—Sensitiveness to light.

BORAX.—Lids granulated; lashes stick together in the morning; soreness and itching in canthi.

CICUTA.—Pupils dilated, insensible, squinting; when reading, letters go up or down or disappear.

CIMICIFUGA. - Intense aching of eyeballs.

CLEMATIS.—Dry, red, hot; burning pain in middle of eye; lachrymation; sensitiveness to cold air; biting pain in —.

CONIUM. -Irritation; marked photophobia.

CROCUS.—Dimness, as though a veil were over the eye; biting in — as though from smoke; eyes water in the open air.

CROTALUS.—Yellow; sensitive to artificial light; vision dim.

EUPHRASIA.—Sore; acrid discharge; copious lachrymation; lids red, swollen, agglutinated in the A. M.; mucus on cornea, removed by winking.

GELSEMIUM.—Orbital neuralgia with twitching of muscles of the eye; ptosis; paralysis of muscles.

GRAPHITES.—Lids swollen, itching, eczematous.

HELLEBORUS.—Lids turned upward, wide open, squinting.

HVOSCYAMUS. - Pupils dilated, sparkling, fixed.

KALI CARBON.—Bag-like swelling over upper eyelids.

NATRUM MURIAT.—Sore, bruised; copious aerid lachrymation; eyes water when he coughs.

PLATINUM.—Objects appear smaller than they are.

SECALE.-Fixed, staring; blue circles around -.

Spigelia.—When moved, pain as though too large for sockets.

STRAMONIUM.—Diplopia; wants light in the room, thinking it is dark.

EARS.

ACID. NITRIC.—Crackling when chewing; hardness of hearing, better when riding in a carriage.

ANTIMON. CRUD.-Moist eruption behind the -.

ASA FŒTIDA.—Fetid, green, purulent discharge from the

BARYTA CARB.—Hardness of hearing; glands about — swollen and painful.

BELLAD.—Sensitive to loud noises.

CACTUS.—Pulsation in — during headache.

CALCAREA CARB.—Muco-purulent discharge, with crackling and stitching pain in — and glandular swellings.

CAPSICUM.—Tenderness and pain behind ear, in mastoid.

CINCHONA -Roaring and ringing in the -..

COFFEA. -Sensitiveness of hearing.

HEPAR SULPH.—Stitching pain from — to — with sore throat.

KALI BICHROM.—Pain into — from sore throat.

LACHESIS .- Pain in - when swallowing.

PHYTOLACCA.—Intense pain into and through the — when swallowing.

NOSE.

ACID. NITRIC.—Ozæna; green crusts; thick, yellow, offensive, sore; splinter-like pain.

ACONITE.—Coryza; pressive pain at root of —; inhaled cold air seems to strike the brain.

ALLIUM CEPA.—Copious watery, acrid discharge; sneezing when going into a warm room.

AMMON. CARB.— — stopped at night, can't breathe through it; ozæna, with free discharge of bloody mucus; tip of — red; nose bleeds when washing face in the morning.

- Ammon. Muriat.—Acrid, hot, watery discharge, excoriating tissues; sore, ulcerating, itching; obstruction, not relieved by blowing —.
- ARGENTUM NITRIC.—Itching of —; bleeds when rubbed.
- ARSENIC. Acrid coryza, with stoppage of -.
- ARUM.—Acrid, ichorous, corroding discharge; parts sore and bleeding; obstructed; must breathe through mouth.
- ASA FŒT.-Green, fetid, purulent discharge.
- AURUM. Fetid, bloody, purulent, foul-smelling discharge, with aching in nasal bones.
- BROMIUM.—Coryza. Pressure at root of —; nostrils raw and sore.
- CALCAREA CARB.—Catarrh with fetid, yellow discharge; offensive odor in the nose; hallucinations of smell; thinks he smells compost, or foul egg.
- CAUSTICUM.—Coryza with hoarseness and ulcerative soreness.
- CINA —Constant itching of nose; fusses with it until it bleeds.
- CINCHONA.—Catarrh with thin, fluid discharge, and obstruction.
- CUBEBA.—Coryza with greenish-yellow mucus running into the throat.
- DULCAMARA.—Nose stopped up; profuse, thick, yellow discharge.
- EUPHRASIA.—Coryza with profuse acrid lachrymation.
- GELSEMIUM.—Copious watery coryza, with fever and shivering.
- HEPAR SULPHUR.—Nose sore, ulcerated; smell of old cheese.
- Hydrastis —Discharge watery, excoriating or yellowishgreen, thick, offensive; dropping of mucus into throat; ozena with ulceration of septum.
- KALI BICHROM,-Discharge yellow, viscid, offensive;

tough, elastic plugs in nose, ulcerated underneath; sticking pain in —; pressure at root of —; loss of smell; ulceration of septum.

KALI CARBON.— — stuffed up in warm room; bleeding in the morning from washing the face.

KALI IODAT.—Profuse watery, acrid coryza, with pain in frontal sinus; intense pain over root of —.

LYCOPODIUM.—Fan-like motion of alæ nasi.

MERCURY.—Thick, greenish, pus-like discharge; soreness of bones.

Nux vom.—One nostril runs, the other stopped up; runs during day, stopped up at night. Discharge acrid.

PULSATILLA.—Yellowish-green discharge; loss of smell and taste; cannot breathe in a warm room.

SEPIA. - Yellow saddle across nose.

SKIN AND GLANDS.

SKIN.

ACID. NITRIC.—Body covered with brown spots; ulcerations and warts with splinter-like pain; ulcers bleed from slight touch.

ACID. MUR.—Papular, petechial eruptions, with much itching.

AILANTHUS.—Livid, purplish eruption.

ALUMINA.—Dry, with intolerable itching and scratching until it bleeds.

AMMON. CARB.—Thick, red rash all over.

ANACARDIUM.—Intense itching, with eruption like poison oak.

ANTIMON CRUD.—Moist eruption behind ears; horny growths over the body, pimples, vesicles; scabs thick, hard, bleed when touched.

ANTIMON. TARTAR.—Cold; covered with clammy, sticky

- sweat; slowly maturing pustules, leaving bluish-red mark.
- APIS.—Boils and swellings, with stinging pain; dropsy without thirst.
- Arnica.—Itching, burning small pimples and boils; black and blue spots on body.
- ARSENIC.—Branlike, scaly eruptions, with itching and burning, worse from scratching; ulcerations with burning pain.
- ARUM.—Raw, bloody eruptions.
- ASA FŒT.—Ulcers near bone, with thin, ichorous discharge.
- Baptisia.—Livid spots over body and limbs.
- BELLAD.—Dry, hot, uniformly red.
- BERBERIS.—Itches and burns; small boils and pustules, worse from scratching.
- BORAX.—Hair rough; splits; sticks together; can't be combed smooth.
- CAUSTICUM.—Large, jagged, easily bleeding warts; intertrigo.
- CARBO VEG.—Indolent foul ulcers with ichorous discharge; carbuncles.
- CHELIDON.—Wrinkled, pimpled; old, spreading, offensive ulcers.
- CICUTA.—Eczema with hard, lemon-colored crusts; whitish moist scurf on upper lip and chin.
- CLEMATIS.—Itching of scalp; eczema of hands and occiput.
- COLCHICUM -Noticeably dry.
- COPAIVA.—Urticaria, with heat, biting and itching.
- CREOSOTE.—Eruption with severe itching and burning after scratching; skin itches, festers and bleeds easily.
- CROTALUS.—Skin cold, sallow, icteric; boils and carbuncles; mottled, purplish.

- CROTON.—Intense itching, better from gentle, worse from hard scratching; sore nipples of nursing women.
- CUPRUM.—Skin mottled, cyanotic, bluish.
- DULCAMARA.—Pimples on face; pustules with stitching pain when touched; humid, moist, raw eruptions, worse from scratching; vesicular; thick, brown, yellow crusts, bleed when scratched.
- GRAPHITES.—Skin unhealthy, suppurates easily; humid; sticky like glue, on scalp.
- HEPAR SULPH.—Unhealthy; festers; boils, sensitive to touch.
- KALI BICHR.—Pustules resembling small pox, with burning pain; deep ulcers with punched-out edges.
- LACHESIS.—Skin dark, mottled; old scars hurt, break open, bleed.
- MEZEREUM.—Offensive eruptions with thick, tough scabs under which pus collects; eczema, itching intolerably moist; ulcers with thick yellow scabs which bleed when dressed.
- NATRUM MUR.—Raw; burning eruptions; urticaria; eczema.
- PETROLEUM.—Hands covered with thick crusts and deep cracks; herpes, fiery red, raw, moist, with burning; raw, moist eczema, worse in cold weather.
- PHYTOLACCA.—Boils and carbuncles with burning pain.

 RANUNCULUS.—Herpes; vesicles containing bluish-black

 serum following the course of perve with severe
 - serum, following the course of nerve, with severe burning and itching.
- RHUS.—Deep inflammation of skin, with intense itching and tendency to suppurate.
- SECALE —Skin dark, shriveled, mottled, cold to touch; petechiæ; small boils which mature slowly and are painful; burning of skin from leaving the parts uncovered.

SEPIA.—Isolated herpetic spots in upper part of the body; itching which changes to burning when scratched.

SILICEA.—Every little hurt suppurates.

SULPHUR.—Skin dry, hot, burning, itching, excoriations in folds of skin; easy festering of trifling hurts; hang-nails; nipples crack and burn.

Тнија.—Wart-shaped excrescences on hands and genitals; fig-warts; fungoid growths bleed from slightest touch.

GLANDS.

AILANTHUS. - Enlargement of cervicals and parotids.

APIS.—Enlargements with indurations and with stinging pain.

ARUM.-Swelling of submaxillary.

AURUM.—Swelling of cervical and inguinal glands; of testicles.

BARYTA CARB.— — about ears, submaxillaries, parotids, tonsils swollen and painful.

BRYONIA.—Heat and painful hardness of breasts

CLEMATIS.—Swelling of inguinal — with soreness to touch.

CONIUM.—Induration of glands (axillary, breasts, ovaries, testicles), with pain as though bruised or knifelike; breasts worse before menstruation.

DULCAMARA. - Swelling and induration of -.

GRAPHITES. - Enlargement of -.

IODIUM.—Induration and hypertrophy of -.

KALI BICHROM.—Hard, painful swelling of parotids.

KALI IODAT.-Enlargement and induration of -.

LACHESIS. — Enlargement, with sharp pain, burning when touched.

MERCURY.-Enlargement from every cold.

MERC. IODAT, FLAV.—Swelling of cervicals and parotids-PHYTOLACCA.—Glandular swellings; hardness and sensitiveness of mammæ, with sore and cracked nipple; intense pain from nursing.

SILICEA.—Painless swelling of glands.

SPONGIA.—Hard swelling of glands; — of thyroid.

GENERAL.

MIND, DISPOSITION, SENSORIUM.

ACID. SULPH.—In a great hurry; does things quickly; cannot wait.

ACONITE.—Auxiety, restlessness, sensitiveness to noise; fear of evil coming to him; fear of death; sure his illness will prove fatal.

Æsculus.—Despondent, irritable.

AILANTHUS.—Stupid, semi-conscious; muttering delirium.

ANACARDIUM.—Memory impaired; forgets everything quickly; eats and drinks in a hurry. Fickle, blue, irresponsible; distrusts everybody; vulgar.

ANTIMON. CRUD.—Excessively irritable, fretful, sulky.

ANTIMON. TARTAR.—Lassitude and drowsiness, child touchy, anxious, refuses to be handled.

ARGENTUM NITRIC.—Always in a hurry; erroneous perception of time; dread of meeting people, dislikes a crowd.

ARSENIC.—Great restlessness; anguish; despair; suicidal tendency.

AURUM MET.—Depressed; changeable; sexually unhinged.

BAPTISIA.—Utter indifference.

BARYTA CARB.—Dwarfed state of mind and body.

BORAX —Sensitiveness to sudden noises; easily frightened; cannot bear downward motion.

BISMUTH.—Great languor. Does not want to be let alone; ill humor.

BRYONIA.—Irritable. Talks constantly about his business affairs.

CACTUS .- Fear of death.

CALCAREA CARB.—Discouraged; fears that she is going crazy and that others see it; or that she will die.

CAMPHOR.—Uncontrollable anxiety.

Cannabis Indica.—Emotional excitement; rapid change of mood; now sad, then suddenly jolly; exaggeration of time and distance; forgets what he wants to say.

CAPSICUM.—Peevish; depressed; homesick.

CHAMOMILLA.—Restless, never calm; peevish, fretful, intolerant of pain; child can be kept quiet only by being carried.

CIMICIFUGA.—Restless, sleepless, depressed.

CINA.—Cross and irritable; does not want to be touched.

CINCHONA.—Thinks with difficulty; can't arrange his thoughts; depressed; pleased with nothing.

COFFEA.—Mental excitement; full of ideas and schemes. COLCHICUM.—Great irritability.

CROCUS.—Incoherent; confused, constantly changing.

CROTALUS.—Mind clouded; answers are disconnected; speech confused.

DIGITALIS.—Sad, fearful, apprehensive.

GELSEMIUM.—Lassitude; indifference.

HELLEBORUS.—Sensibilities blunted; stupefaction.

Hyoscyamus.—Quarrelsome; obscene.

IGNATIA.—Depressed, sad, sensitive, brooding, emotional, erratic; afraid of paralysis and other dreadful afflictions which do not come.

JALAP.—Child good all day; screams all night.

Kali carbon.—Great weakness and depression, with coldness and soft pulse.

KALI PHOSPH.-Anxious, apprehensive, shy.

LACHESIS. - Suspicious, even of friends.

- LILIUM TIGR.—Profound depression, with nervous restlessness; wild, crazy feeling in the head, on top of the head.
- MAGNESIA PHOSPH.—Peevish; complaining; laments over her pain.
- NATRUM MUR.—Sad, weeping, worse from consolation offered.

Nux vom.—Irritable; sullen, fault-finding.

PLATINUM.—Arrogant; haughty.

PULSATILLA. -- Gentle, changeable.

RHUS.—Sensorium cloudy, muddled.

SECALE -Great anxiety; fear of death.

Sepia.—Indifferent, indolent, depressed; weeps easily; avoids meeting her friends.

STANNUM.—Extreme exhaustion of mind and body; hopelessly discouraged.

SULPHUR.—Lazy, shiftless, selfish; delusions of being rich. Disgusting things that happen to take his fancy seem beautiful to him.

ZINCUM.—Cannot keep still; in motion all the time; restless legs.

PAIN AND PAINFUL SENSATIONS.

- ACID. NITRIC.—Splinter-like —, especially at outlets of body.
- ACID. OXALIC.—Intense pain, in small spot, returning.
- ACID. PHOSPHOR. Bone-pains at night, as though scraped.
- Aconite.—Intolerance of —; sticking —; tingling and numbness in parts affected; sense of burning heat and dryness.
- ANACARDIUM.—— as of a hoop or band around a part; as of a plug in the affected part.
- Apis.—Stinging, burning, like bee-stings; from place to place.

Argent. Nitric.—Feeling of expansion in affected parts; worse and better gradually.

Arnica.—Oversensitive to pain; bed feels too hard changes position on that account.

ARSENIC.-Burning - as from a live coal.

As A For.—Severe bone —, with periosteal swelling; darting, throbbing, tearing —, from within outwards.

AURUM.—Great sensitiveness to —; bone pains in the parts affected, as head, eye, ear, face, with tenderness to pressure.

BAPTISIA.—Soreness of the parts on which he is lying.

Bell, Adonna.—Pain increases gradually until it reaches maximum; then stops suddenly, to recommence after a time.

BORAX.-Cannot bear downward motion.

CACTUS.—Constrictive pain in heart, head, stomach, uterus, bladder, etc.

CANTHARIS.—Burning — in every part of the body, with external coldness and pale face; in perinæum, starting from neck of bladder.

CARBO VEG. -Burning - in different parts.

CICUTA.—Sudden violent shocks in head and other parts.

CIMICIFUGA.—Muscular soreness all over; rheumatism in belly of large muscles; neuralgic, pressing, remittent—; sudden shocks, like lightning; — like labor, from side to side, into legs; reflex gastric symptoms.

CINCHONA.—Sticking, tearing, drawing — in every part, with lassitude and restlessness; neuralgic pain; from anæmia

COFFEA. -Intolerance of -.

COLCHICUM.—Drawing, tearing, pressing, from left to right.

COLOCYNTH.—Digging, tearing, pulsating — in left face and shoulder; neuralgic, better from motion; with

- chilliness; cramp-like, vise-like in hip; boring in ovary.
- CONIUM.—Sharp, lancinating, knife-like, bruised in various parts.
- CUPRUM.—Sense of constriction in various parts (throat, cesophagus, intestine, uterus); exceedingly painful cramps of muscles, causing him to shriek wildly.
- DULCAMARA.—Tearing in the orbit, ears, jaws, preceded by coldness.
- FERRUM.—Tearing, stitching, lancinating with numbness, weakness, trembling.
- HYDRASTIS.—Lancinating in breast; heat and itching in vagina and rectum; sensation of great weight in rectum.
- IGNATIA. in small circumscribed spot.
- KALI BICHROM.—Bone-pain; shifting, tearing, bruised pain.
- KALI CARBON.—Stitching, jerking in any part of the body.
- KALI IODAT.—Bone-pain (tibia); very sensitive to touch.
- KALMIA.—— affecting a large area; follows course of nerves; numbness; coldness; pricking—;— shoots downward, with numbness.
- LACHESIS.—Sharp, lancinating —, burning when touched.
- LILIUM.—— through the groin, shooting down the leg. LYCOPODIUM.—— extends from right to left.
- MAGNESIA PHOSPH.—Neuralgic about heart, like angina pectoris; better from external warmth, worse from cold.
- MERCURY.—Bone pains, worse at night.
- PHOSPHOR.—— in face as though flesh were being torn off.
- PHYTOLACCA.—Lancinating, shooting —, like electric shocks, changing location often; burning in boils and carbuncles.

PLATINUM.—Cramp-like, squeezing, crushing —; increasing and decreasing gradually.

PLUMBUM.—Constrictive, pricking, like lightning; like

moulten lead in veins.

PULSATILLA.—Intolerance of —; drawing, tearing —; as from internal ulcer; worse from touch; getting gradually worse, then lets up with a snap; up to 11 P. M. or midnight; with chilliness; shifting from place to place.

RANUNCULUS.—Sticking, bruised — in chest and lower ribs, interfering with breathing; sharp, shooting —,

extending into hypochondria and back.

Sambucus.—Pains occur during rest, disappear during motion.

SECALE. -Burning - as from sparks of fire.

Spigelia.—Pains radiate from one central point; followed by extreme soreness; pressing from within outward; slightest touch unbearable.

STANNUM.—Constrictive as from a tight band; gradually increase, then gradually decrease.

STRAMONIUM.—Painlessness of all complaints.

Thuja.—Neuralgia with extreme soreness and stabbing pain.

SLEEP.

ACONITE. - Exceedingly restless.

ÆTHUSA.—Drowsy after vomiting or stool.

ARSENIC.-Sleeps with hands over head.

Baptisia.—Drowsy; goes to sleep before finishing sentence.

BORAX.—Awakens from sound sleep when put into the crib.

CANTHARIS.—Disturbed by constant desire to urinate.

CINA.—Cries out as if frightened; can hardly go to sleep again.

CINCHONA.—Sleepy, but sleep does not rest him; worse at 3 A. M. Awakens early.

CHAMOMILLA.—Sleepy, but cannot sleep.

COFFEA.—Wide-awake; is so full of schemes, he cannot go to sleep.

HYOSCYAMUS —Sleepless from nervous excitement; picking at bedclothes; reaching out for things.

KALI CARBON.—Awakens at 3 or 4 A. M.

LACHESIS.—Aggravation of all symptoms after —.

LYCOPODIUM.-Hunger awakens him at night.

Nux vom.—Sleepy in early evening; awakens at 3 A. M., goes to sleep again, gets up in the morning feeling wretched.

OPIUM.—Drowsy, but cannot sleep; kept awake by every noise; stupor; face livid, hot; lies snoring; like a log. Coma; face pale, eyes glassy, half-closed. Picking of bedclothes during —.

RHUS.—Restlessness at night, compelling frequent change of position.

ZINCUM.—During sleep cries out; knows nothing of it.

AVERSIONS.

ÆTHUSA.—Intolerance of milk; vomited up at once.

AMMON. CARB.—Great aversion to water.

ANTIMON. CRUD.— - to being washed.

ARNICA.— — to having anyone near him; to being touched.

COLCHICUM.—Smell of food cooking sickens him.

LOBELIA. — to taste and smell of tobacco.

PULSATILLA.—— to fat and warm food.

STRAMONIUM.—— to liquids; sight of water brings on spasmodic difficulty in swallowing.

SULPHUR.—— to being washed; milk disagrees.

ZINCUM.—Intolerance of wine.

VITAL FORCE.

ACID. MURIAT.—Extreme prostration, with great restlessness; slips down toward foot of bed; must be lifted up every little while.

ACID. SULPHUR.—Extreme exhaustion, with sense of trembling all over, without trembling.

ALUMINA.—Takes cold easily.

ARSENIC. - Exhaustion of - with rapid emaciation.

CAMPHOR.—Rapid sinking of — -; cold breath.

CINCHONA.—Sensitive to external influences, as draught, pain, touch.

COLCHICUM.—Great prostration, with coldness and feeling of collapse.

HYDRASTIS.-Great debility and inertia.

HVOSCYAMUS —Picking at bedclothes; reaching out for things.

IODIUM.—Emaciation of single parts (breasts); great exhaustion, even talking causing perspiration.

Lycopodium.—Inward coldness.

MEZEREUM. - Sensitive to cold air.

NATRUM MUR. - Takes cold easily.

PLUMBUM.—Great weakness, with anæmia and rapid and great emaciation.

RHUS.—Constant desire to yawn, which becomes painful.

SECALE.—Great debility without previous loss of fluid;

flesh cold to touch, but does not allow himself to
be covered.

SEPIA.—Deficiency of vital heat; great sensitiveness to cold air; attacks of sinking suddenly, without actual fainting.

SILICEA. -Sensitive to cold air; shivers all over from slight cause; body cold, feet wet.

Veratrum alb.—Extreme coldness of body; extreme weakness; cold sweat on forehead.

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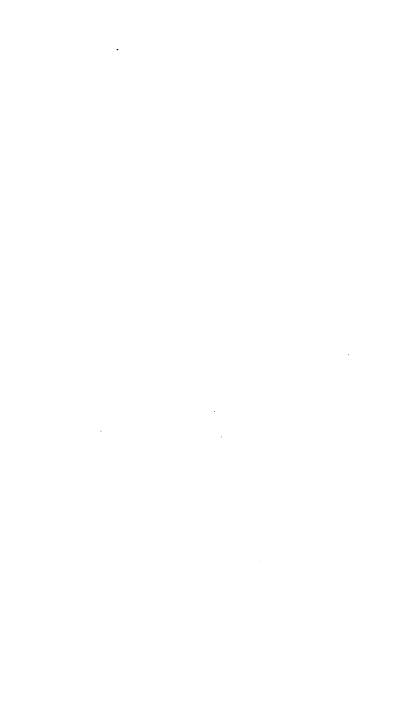
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